THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

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THE DANVILLE RIOT.

THE MINORITY REPORT OF THE OUTRAGE COMMITTEE.

The Report of the Majority Characterized as a Scheme to Get a Republican Campaign Document Printed at the Public Expense—Mexican Pension Bill Considered

WASHINGTON, June 9.—The chair laid before the senate a message of the house of representatives, non-concurring in the senate amendments to the bureau of labor bill.

On motion of Mr. Blair, the senate insisted on its amendments, and ordered a committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two houses.

A joint communication from the secretaries of state, war, and navy was read, recommending the appointment of twelve additional watchmen in the war department building, in order to protect it against fire.

THE DANVILLE REPORT.

Mr. Vance submitted the views of the minority of the committee on privileges and elections, regarding the Danville investigation, and asked that it be printed, with extracts of the majority report. So ordered.

The preamble of the resolution under which the committee acted, is quoted upon which the minority comments at some length, declaring that any lawyer with an honest disposition to ascertain the truth would see that, taking all the facts asserted in this preamble, congress was clearly not authorized by the constitution to interfere, but would conclude at once that it was a matter of purely state affairs. The "general election" referred to was a matter of purely state concern, nor was it anywhere stated that the officers were committed by authority of any state law in contravention of the constitution, or by the aid, connivance or neglect of any officer of the state of Virginia, but were wholly done in violation of her laws, and in contempt of her authority. The allegation, too, that none of the offenders had been brought before the courts was untrue, because of the omission to say, doubtless with a view to deceive, that the state authorities from the government to the corporation scavenger of Danville, belonged to the same political party which was responsible for the resolution, and in whose behalf the inquiry had been conducted. The fourteenth and fifteenth constitutional amendments are quoted, and further argument are based upon them in support of the theory that the general government had no right of interference in the premises.

"But it is indirectly said," continues the report, "by the committee that they propose no interference by actual legislation further than by investigation to express to public condemnation the action of the voters in Danville, and it is also intimated that should the people of Mississippi not vote for the candidates of the republican party on the pending presidential election, then the committee recommend a further investigation of the whole people of these states with a view to depriving them of representation in congress under section 2d of the 14th amendment. The latter, the undersigned regard simply as a partisan threat in itself, strongly interfering with the free exercise of the right of suffrage, which, it is believed, many people against whom it is directed will treat with the contempt it so richly merits; and the former would seem to be simply a proposition to shift the expense of printing a campaign document from the pockets of the republican national executive committee on to the public treasury. A decent respect for the opinions of mankind, the report asserts, should have impelled the representatives to conduct the investigation with fairness, and set forth its results with judicial impartiality. A glance at the majority report would satisfy every just mind that this had not been done. The examination was conducted with all the sharpness, rigor, shutting off of unfavorable testimony, leading up to and the solicitation of that which was favorable, which usually characterizes the trial of a criminal case, in the Hustings court. The people of Danville were all the way through treated as though they were on trial, with the representative senators acting as prosecutors. Things were assumed to be true on the rambling statements of ignorant negroes, though disproved by dozens of witnesses of greater intelligence, both white and black.

Report here describes, from the standpoint of the minority, as a purely local affair, not the result of conspiracy. It enters at length into the history of the lawlessness of mobs in northern cities, dwells upon the crimes of violence at the north, alludes to the Cincinnati riot, the Tewksbury alms house investigation in Massachusetts, the killing of inoffensive negroes in New York, and other northern states, and suggests that an investigation into these matters would be as proper a subject of congressional inquiry as the investigation of the killing of four negroes in Danville.

THE CONSULAR BILL.

Mr. Allison, from the committee on appropriations, reported the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill with amendments, and a written report explanatory of the amendments. He gave notice that he would call the bill up for consideration to-morrow, but on Mr. Morgan's suggesting that the committee on foreign relations wished to give it some consideration, Mr. Allison said he would not press it to-morrow, but should do so Wednesday.

Bills were reported favorably from the committee on judiciary for the relief of the political disabilities of J. R. Waddy, of Virginia; William H. Parker, of Virginia; Robert D. Thorburn, of Virginia; James D. Johnson, of Georgia; Duncan L. Clinch, of Georgia; and others.

Mr. Garland asked and obtained unanimous consent to put these bills at once on their passage, and they were passed.

Mr. Beck had no objection to their immediate consideration, but inquired of Mr. Garland why a general bill could not be reported, covering all cases of political disabilities. The vice president of the Southern Confederacy, Mr. Beck said, had sat at the other end of the capital, and many other persons distinguished in the confederacy had had their disabilities removed. It was twenty years since the war closed, and here we were still peddling out removal of disabilities to persons who were boys when they entered the confederate army.

Mr. Garland said the only reason why a general bill was not reported was because the majority of the committee was opposed to such a measure.

Mr. Beck ironically replied that that was "a very good reason." Mr. Beck then submitted a resolution directing the judiciary committee to report back, with its opinion thereon, the bill referred to that committee in December, 1883, providing for a general removal of political disabilities.

On Mr. Ingalls objection the resolution was laid over one day.

FEDERAL COURT TERMS IN GEORGIA.

Mr. Ingalls reported from the judiciary committee a bill to change the time of holding the district and circuit courts of the northern district of Georgia, which, on motion of Mr. Brown, was at once taken up, read a third time and passed. It fixes the first and second Mondays of October as the times for holding the district and circuit courts respectively, instead of September as heretofore.

THE MEXICAN BILL.

The Mexican soldiers pension bill was taken up. The pending amendment was laid on the table, being Mr. Riddleberger's amendment to strike out the phrase "for the suppression of the rebellion," from Hoar's amendment providing pensions for soldiers who fought in the late war for the suppression of the rebellion.

Mr. Williams then moved to lay Mr. Hoar's amendment on the table.

Mr. VanWyck called for the ayes and noes on the motion to lay Mr. Hoar's amendment on the table. The result showed that a quorum was not present, and the roll was called, forty senators being found now present. The ayes and nays were again called, and resulted yeas 25, nays 15, so the amendment was laid on the table.

Those voting in the affirmative are:

Messrs. Bayard, Beck, Brown, Butler, Call, Cockrell, Coke, Colquitt, Fair, Farley, Garland, George, Hampton, Harris, Hawley, Jonas, Miller, of California, Morgan, Pendleton, Platt, Pugh, Slaton, Vance, Vest, Williams. Total, 25.

Those voting in the negative are:

Messrs. Allison, Blair, Cameron, of Wisconsin, Conger, Dawes, Dolph, Frye, Ingalls, Mitchell, Morrill, Pike, Sherman, Van Wyck, Voorhees, Wilson. Total 15.

Those present and not voting were paired with absent senators, Mr. Logan being paired with Mr. Ransom. Mr. Platt explained his vote. He did not favor the paying of pensions, he said, to anybody who could not show some disability.

Mr. VanWyck offered an amendment giving a pension of $8 a month in addition to the $8 a month provided by the bill to officers and enlisted men or their widows, who are dependent in whole or in part for his or her own labor, or on assistance of others for support.

Mr. Wilson offered an amendment providing that no person should be "entitled to the benefits of the act who is not sixty-four years of age, or not subject to some physical, mental or pecuniary disability equal to some cause known to the pension laws of the United States."

Both of these amendments were voted down, a majority of the senators agreeing with Mr. Hoar, that there was not possibly a chance or hope of the bill becoming a law at this session if it was altered from the condition in which it came from the house.

Further consideration of the bill went over till to-morrow, and the senate at 3:40 p. m., went into executive session, and when the doors were re-opened adjourned,

During the day a message was received from the president suggesting the propriety of congress appropriating $588,000 for the purpose of making a complete and harmonious selection of exhibits on behalf of the government for the New Orleans exposition. It was referred to the committee on appropriations.

The chair announced the appointment of Messrs. Aldrich, Blair and Bayard as the committee of reference on the part of the senate on the labor bureau bill.

IN THE HOUSE.

The republican side of the house, which for the past week has been very nearly deserted, was reinforced this morning by the return of a number of members who have been absent in Chicago. On motion of Mr. Foran, the 17th of June was set apart for the consideration of the bill relative to the importation of labor under contract.

Under the call of states, a number of bills were introduced and referred.

The house then, at 12:20, went into committee of the whole, Mr. Wellborn, of Texai, in he chair, on the river and harbor appropriation bill.

A general debate upon the bill followed, but no action was reached.

When the committee rose the speaker announced the appointment of Messrs. Foran O'Neil of Missouri, and James, as conferees on the bill to establish a bureau of labor statistics.

On motion of G. D. Wise the senate bill was passed placing Newport News on an equal footing with other ports of entry in regard to the immediate transportation of dutiable goods.

The following bills were introduced in the house to-day:

By Mr. Robinson, of New York, amending the statutes relating to the honors and rewards for gallantry in the naval service, and to prevent American officers from seeking decorations from foreign powers; also a joint resolution granting permission to "Rap" the newsboy, Michael Quigly, and others to accept the decoration of the thanks of congress for herioc conduct in saving lives. A resolution which is preceded by a long preamble, reciting the various deeds of daring performed by firemen, longshoremen, and others in New York and Brooklyn, grants the thanks of congress to the persons named, and declares that any member who refuses to give unanimous consent to the immediate passage of this bill is a disgrace to himself and a disgrace to his countrymen. On motion of Mr. Dunham, of Illinois, the resolution was referred to the committee on public health.

The house took a recess till 8 o'clock.

The house in evening session, went immediately into committee of the whole on the river and harbor appropriation bill. Amendments aggregating in appropriations to sums of $640,000 were offered and severalty voted down. After completing consideration of six of the 49 pages of the bill, the committee arose and the house at 10:25 adjourned.

BUSINESS IN CONGRESS.

The Thurman Sinking Fund Act—The Postal Telegraph Bill.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—The general deficiency appropriation bill was reported to the house Saturday, and Mr. Randall said he would call it up Tuesday. The measure is a long one, and it will probably require two or three days to dispose of it. If a vote is reached before Thursday, Mr. Eaton will, on that day, call up the bill relative to the presidential count. If an opportunity offers during the week, Mr. Lewis will ask for a vote one the measure providing for the forfeiture of the land grant to the New Orleans, Vicksburg and Baton Rouge railroad company, which remains as unfinished business. On motion of Mr. Thompson last week, next Saturday was set apart for the consideration of the bill to amend the Thurman sinking fund act.

The Utah bill is unfinished business on the senate calendar. No one can predict the day of final action upon it. The consular and diplomatic appropriatian bills will be reported to the senate, but will probably not be called for discussion before Wednesday or Thursday. Senator Hoar will make on effort to secure the consideration of the postal telegraph bill after the Utah bill is disposed of, if no appropriation bill stands in the way.

FEDERAL COURTS IN GEORGIA.

The River and Harbor Bill in Great Disfavor.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—[Special.]—Hammond's bill, changing the time of the United States courts in Atlanta from the first Monday in September to the first Monday in October, passed the senate to-day.

Much dissatisfaction is expressed at the river and harbor bill. One of the chief instances of injustice is that the Kentucky river, which has dust blown off its bottom every summer, gets a quarter of a million, while Savannah harbor has only a hundred and fifty thousand. I think four or five of the Georgia delegation will vote against the bill.

THE DAY'S CASUALTIES.

A Carload of Italians Mangled in a Railroad Collision.

CLEVELAND, O., June 9.—While the Pittsburgh, Cleveland and Toledo gravel train, with a boarding car at the rear filled with Italian laborers, was backing at a speed of twenty miles an hour, Saturday evening, ten miles east of Akron, the boarding car jumped the track and the others piled up on it. Seven Italians, whose names have not yet been learned, were shockingly mangled, and two of them have since died. The other five lie in a critical condition.

NEW ORLEANS, June 9.—Three men, Joseph Metcalf, Dennis Weston and Tom Bailey, all well known citizens of St. John the Baptist parish, were drowned Friday by the upsetting of a ferry skiff in which they were going from Peter's store to St. John the Baptist courthouse.

BOLTING BLAINE.

THE INDEPENDENTS TO NOMINATE A TICKET AGAINST HIM.

Interviews With Prominent Republicans who Will Not Support Him—The Chicago News Joins the Column—The Enthusiasm Which Will be Quickly Dropped, Etc.

CHICAGO, June 9.—There is already a perfectly well-defined rumor that prominent independent republicans have inaugurated a movement for an independent convention for the purpose of nominating Edmunds and Lincoln. The names of Conkling, Schurz, Roosevelt and other prominent New York politicians are mentioned in connection with the proposed bolt. Franklin McVeagh, of this city, says:

"I am too good a republican to work for Mr. Blaine. He does not represent the best sentiment of the party. I have the right to speak as I do. To me as an old republican the convention did a fearful thing. The delegates lost all sight of the moral aspect of their nomination. It is my opinion that the best way to teach the politicians that the party is losing rapidly all moral sense, is for the independent republicans to vote for the democratic nominee. This would be a shorter way than to have another ticket in the field to administer the rebuke."

Theodore Roosevelt admits that he has been consulted upon the subject and says: "The question has not been fully discussed. I have stated and repeat it, that under no circumstances will I support Mr. Blaine."

Andrew I. Draper, of New York, told a correspondent that he doubted whether Blaine could carry New York. He added: "It would be very difficult to secure the Sherman vote. New Jersey would undoubtedly go democratic. It was useless for the republicans to try to carry it."

It is understood the independents have appointed a meeting for next Saturday in New York for discussing the subject. This meeting will be attended by prominent opposed-to-Blaine republicans from all over the northern states, it is said. The general impression here is that the bolt will be consummated. Meanwhile democrats here are jubilant over the choice of the man from Maine and consider his defeat in November a foregone conclusion.

"I have been convinced from the first," said Mr. George William Curtis, "of the weakness of the anti-Blaine field."

"Many of them announced before coming here that they would not under any circumstances support Blaine. After that announcement I do not see how they can do it. I do not believe that Mr. Blaine can poll the independent republican vote."

"The independents wrecked all," was the comment of Melville E. Stone, editor of the News. "If they had come to Mr. Arthur's support, or if they had not attempted others to lead in their strange paths, we would not now be handicapped and cursed by such a ticket."

"Will you support the ticket, Mr. Stone?"

"No, I will not. It does not voice the wishes of the republican party. It is false from beginning to end. I shall oppose it?"

The views of Mr. Stone are well worth considering. He speaks for the strongest republican paper, in point of circulation, in the country. It circulates over 100,000 copies daily throughout the northwest, and will make serious inroads into the Blaine and Logan boom before the ides of November.

DENOUNCING BLAINE.

Massachusetts Republicans Meet and Declare They Will Not Support Him.

BOSTON, June 9.—The Massachusetts reform club, at its meeting Saturday, passed resolutions denouncing the nomination of Blaine and Logan, and voted to request the independent vote throughout the country to join them in active and immediate effort to secure the nomination by the democratic party of such men as can command their support, and failing in that, to call a convention at the earliest practicable day to nominate candidates in full sympathy with the reform element of the country. A committee was appointed with full powers to take such steps by correspondence or otherwise as they may deem best calculated to carry into effect the foregoing resolution. The committee were authorized to increase their numbers if desirable, and to co-operate with the organization of the independent republicans and others to secure candidates pledged to reform. On motion of Colonel T. W. Higginson the following resolutions were passed:

"Resolved, That the foregoing committee be instructed to call a meeting in Boston at as early a day as possible to express the opinion of the independent voters in this vicinity in regard to the recent Chicago nomination, and to prepare for future action."

Dispatches were received from the leading New York independents requesting early consultation in regard to taking decisive action toward repudiating the Chicago nomination. The meeting was largely attended, and letters were received from several prominent independents who were unable to attend, all of whom condemned the Blaine and Logan ticket.

CHARLES FRANCIS ADAMS'S LETTER.

The following from Charles Francis Adams, Jr., was read:

June 7, 1884.—J. W. Carter, secretary Massachusetts reform club—My Dear Sir: I received your notice of the reform club dinner this afternoon, and in view of the nominations of yesterday, which are to be the subject of your discussion to-day, I regret extremely my inability to be present. I presume there is no question as to the attitude of the members of the reform club toward the republican nominations. We will at once organize to defeat them. On this point, it seems to me our response cannot be too explicit or our action too quick. Steps should be taken with the least possible delay to enable us to exert whatever influence we can on other and coming conventions. We have now less than no standing before that convention for Massachusetts goes to it pledged to the support of her own political mountebank, whose nomination would actually drive many of us, as a choice of evils, to vote for Blaine. We should do what we can to prevent this, and we can do much. Could the democratic party be galvanized to that degree of momentary good which would lead it for once to astonish the country and itself by putting forward such a ticket as Cleveland and Carlisle, the result in November would not be in doubt for a moment.

"Experience tells us that the task is desperate, but so is the situation. Blaine is the other horn of our dilemma. If we will we can do more than we think to galvanize the democracy, but to do it we must act. I hope, therefore, that immediate steps will be taken under the auspices of the reform club towards calling a conference of those who think as we think. We must be represented at Chicago in July; if we fail there also, then, as the Italian Forestieri or 'dwellers in the woods,' so far as I now can see, we must meet together in sylvan shades and name our own men, for whom we will cast a self-respecting vote. I am, etc.,

"CHARLES F. ADAMS, JR."

A declaration against the nomination of Blaine and Logan was adopted in the following words:

The Massachusetts reform club regard the nomination of Messrs. Blaine and Logan by the republican party as a distinct and unqualified repudiation of all its professions of reform and as an insult to the conscience of the country and that the members of the club will under no circumstances support them.

Charles Francis Adams, Jr., is chairman of the committee to advance the independent movement, with Moorefield Storey, Leverett Saltonstall, William Everette, James Freeman Clark, Josiah Quincy, T. W. Higginson, Winslow Warren, Richard H. Dana and others associated with him. The speeches were many and vigorous.

Disastrous Storm in Virginia.

PETERSBURG, Va., June 9.—A heavy storm passed over Dinwiddie county yesterday afternoon, during which a woman named Phillis Patterson, residing near Poplar Grove, was struck and instantly killed by lightning. Another woman was stunned. The Baptist church, in the same vicinity, was blown down, and other damage done to property.

THE CAMPAIGN FROM CHICAGO.

The Democrats Preparing--The Blaine Plan of Battle.

CHICAGO, June 9.—Preparations have already begun for the democratic convention. Colonel R. J. Bright, late sergeant-at-arms of the senate, is here in charge. The local committee of arrangements, which is to prepare for the national democratic convention, has directed an architect to make plans for a rearrangement of the convention hall, so that the seating capacity will be enlarged te admit 20,000 persons. The accommodations for the press will also be enlarged. The local managers confidently expect a larger outside attendance than was the case with the republican convention, The democratic political clubs from all parts of the country have announced their intention to be present.

THE BLAINE MANAGEMENT.

Some of the details of the management of the Blaine canvass have come to the surface since the nomination of Friday last, and prove to be of the most thorough and efficient character. Before the convention met, over 800 letters had been received giving the personal and political status of 816 delegates, leaving but four unaccounted for. These letters were epitomized into a ledger, so that the record of every delegate could be found at a glance. When any question arose, a sub-committee was detailed to confer with the delegate to secure certain pledges and promises. It was partially through this service that the motion to adjourn after the third ballot was defeated. There were a great many delegates who would not vote for Blaine as a candidate, but who were willing to vote on certain preliminary questions not affecting, as they thought, very directly, his interests, while there were others who were not unwilling to hedge a little for a possile contingent in Blaine. Besides this personal knowledge of each delegate, committees were selected to wait on all the delegates known to be doubtful and to influence them to join the Blaine column after the second ballot. Whitelaw Reid and ex-Senator Platt rendered such excellent service in this direction by assurances that Blaine could carry New York, that many men who were in doubt, were thus captured and held, and requested not to vote except on the second or third ballot. So certain was this strength that even if it had not changed, the fourth ballot would have shown an increase of 29 votes for Blaine, and the column would have risen till all possible combinations had been defeated as the result showed. In addition to all this the Blaine managers had vigilant men detailed to watch each delegation where votes had been promised them. The course of the stalwarts also had great influence. Geo. C. Gorham and other well-known and intimate friends of Conkling worked unceasingly for Blaine, and it had the desired effect of cutting down the Arthur column. On the other hand there was no good manager in charge of Arthur's campaign. All Efforts that were made for the combination failed utterly, as is known, aud like the Edmunds managers, they were at sea half of the time.

GREETING TO BLAINE.

He Receives Telegrams From Mrs. Garfield and General Longstreet.

AUGUSTA, Me., June 9.—Congratulatory telegrams continued to reach Blaine during Friday night and Saturday. More than a thousand telegrams were received within three hours after his nomination. Many were received from Europe, among the most prominent being ones from Minister Morton, in Paris, Colonel John Hay, and Clarence King in London. The following was received:

CLEVELAND, Ohio, June 9.—To Hon. James G. Blaine, Augusta, Me.—Our household joins in one great thanksgiving. From the quiet of our home we send our most earnest wish that through the turbulent months to follow, at the day of victory, you may be guarded and kept

LUCRETIA R. GARFIELD

A prompt and cordial dispatch also came from the Garfield boys, who are students in Williams college. The following dispatches were received.

"INDIANAPOLIS, June 7.—Hon. J. G. Blaine, Augusta: Accept my heartiest congratulations on your nomination. We will give you the electoral vote of Indiana. BENJ. H. HARRISON."

"ATLANTA, Ga., June 7.—It is my pleasure to send the warmest congratulations of the "whig" republicans of Georgia, with pledges of our earnest support. JAMES LONGSTREET."

Other telegrams were received of a similar nature from Vermont, Wisconsin, Kentucky, Ohio and Illinois.

ON THE WAY TO SEE BLAINE.

The California Delegation on its Pilgrimage to the State of Maine.

BOSTON, Mass., June 6.—The Maine and California delegation to the national convention at Chicago arrived here shortly after 10 o'clock to-day. There was no escort nor any demonstration whatever. The party quietly took carriages, and were driven to the Quincy house, where they partook of an early dinner. Leaving the hotel about 11 o'clock, the delegates proceeded to the eastern depot and boarded the special train for Augusta, which left at 11:30. Augusta will be reached about 4 a. m., where the delegates will be met at the depot by a citizen's committee from various Maine cities, and escorted to the Augusta house, where an elegant banquet will be served. In the evening there will be a parade and a grand Blaine reception.

THEIR ARRIVAL IN AUGUSTA.

AUGUSTA, Me., June 9.—At 5:40 a long train of thirteen cars, containing the California delegates, rolled into Augusta, where bands were playing, whistles blowing, bells rining, artillery firing and crowds were assembled to meet it.

GENERAL BUFORD'S SUICIDE.

Owing to the Loss of Fortune and the Errors of His Brother Tom.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 9.—General Abe Buford, of Kentucky, committed suicide at the residence of his nephew, Benjamin E. Buford, in Danville, Indiana, this morning. General Buford came to Danville on Wednesday last, to visit relatives and attend the races this week. He seemed much depressed, which was visibly increased after reading an article in a newspaper giving an account of the Buford family, written in connection with the return of Tom Buford to Anchorage asylum, Kentucky, a physical and financial wreck. The general's fortune had also been swept away. He retired to his room just after breakfast this morning, and had been there but a short time when the report of a revolver was heard, and he was found in a dying condition, having shot himself in the head. He died without a struggle. Two statements were found, one dated this morning, saying that financial misfortunes, the death of his family, and the troubles of his brother Tom Buford, who killed Judge Elliott, were the causes of the act. His remains will be sent to Lexington as requested by him.

Railroads Without Engines.

DESMOINES, Iowa, June 9.—On Sunday evening the large roundhouse and repair shops of the Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific, St. Louis, DesMoines and Northern and DesMoines and Northwestern railroads were burned to the ground. It is supposed that the fire was the work of an incindiary. Nine engines were destroyed, and all the machinery and tools in the repair shops, and one passenger coach. The loss is $125,000. No insurance. The two latter roads have no engines to send out trains to-day. The DesMoines and Northern railroad has only two engines on the entire road, and the DesMoines and Northwestern road only one.

Newspaper Gobbled Up.

CINCINNATI, June 9.—The sale of the News-Journal to Edgar M. Johnson, trustee, has been confirmed by the court. John A. McLean, of the Enquirer, has taken possession of the property.

DOTS FROM DORSEY.

WHO POINTS OUT THE DOUCES OF VALUABLE INFORMATION.

He Cannot Appear Before the Committee Himself, but is Willing to Give an Index to What He Knows—Steve Elkens One of the Men Who Could Tell Something, Etc.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—The committee which has been investigating the star route trials will probably make no further effort to secure the attendance of Dorsey as a witness Subpœnas, letters and telegrams have been sent for him to appear, but their reception has never been acknowledged. Ingersoll recently informed the chairman of the committee that he had advised Dorsey not to testify. Early in March the ex-senator sent the following letter to Mr. Springer, which in part gives his views on the star route cases:

The telegraphic report that has reached me respecting the testimony of one Thomas L. James and Wayne MacVeigh excite my curiosity as picturesque specimens of falsehood. I never doubted their capacity in that direction, but I have always doubted their courage to assert it. James's whole story as to Garfield is a miserable fabrication of a misliable man speaking to you personally. I would be glad if you would call ex-Senator Spencer, and compel him to tell when and where he ever saw me pay Brady one cent. If he names the time and place, then call for a record of the hotel and see if I was there. As a matter of truth, I never saw Brady in New York in my life, and never spoke to him half a dozen times until the star route trials began. Summon W. W. Wilshire, and force him to say what bribe he got from the government to turn Reidell over. Then call Reidell and ascertain from him what division of the bribe was made between himself and Wilshire. I think Reidell is now in Florida, but you can easily ascertain. William Dickson, of course, you will see. Summon also R. G. Ingersoll, and I hope you will give him the largest latitude of statement. Summon Milliken, who used to be chief clerk of the department of justice, and James R. Young, who took the place of Milliken; also Hodges, who is bookkeeper for that department. And if I were in your place, I would make Brewster come on to the stand and tell all the facts in regard to the expenditure of public money, and deduce all the data showing the appropriations for expenses of courts, all over the country were applied by him to the star route trial, and if you can get proof you will find that the treasury of the United States was robbed of millions of dollars for purposes of bribery and corruptions in its vilest form. Subpœna John W. Dorsey, of Middleburg, Vermont, who will give you all the facts in regard to my interest in the contracts; also Mrs. Dora E. Peck, of Oberlin, Ohio; J. S. Sanderson, of St. Louis. Saulsbury, of Salt Lake, Utah, in my belief, paid $200,000 to the Bliss-Brewster crowd to protect what the law ought to protect him in. J. W. Parker, of Atchison, Kansas, could tell you a good deal if you can induce him to do so. S. B. Elkins, of the United bank building, New York, has probably a larger knowledge than any other person of all the star route matters and money paid. Mr. Brown, contractor in Washington, came to me in New York at the beginning of the investigation of the star route, and wanted me to contribute $7,000 for corrupt purposes which I declined to pay. George E. Spencer demanded of the late J. W. Foster and myself $12,000 to pay to Elkins for the purpose of avoiding indictment and prosecution, and I replied that I would not pay a penny and never did. I would call for the books and papers touching this matter, in the hands of the sixth auditor, and put an expert in charge of them, and you will ascertain, first, that I never received a cent from the government as a star route contractor, and secondly, that the men who did receive it were never prosecuted, Of course these suggestions are simply dropped for your consideration. There is one thing, however, I wish to ask of you personally: that while I am entirely willing to give your committee the fullest knowledge I have, my business engagements are such that it would be almost impossible to leave until the middle of May. I also express the wish that the subpœna for J. W. Dorsey and Mrs. Dora A. Peck and myself be so arranged that we can appear the same day in Washington. Ingersoll. I hope, will see you in the course of three or four days, and will explain to you the duties I have to perform here in the discharge of my private business. and speaking for myself, I wish to say that I would rather let all the liars lie and then answer them. S. W. DORSEY.

P. S.—Call upon J. Herman Bosler, of Carlisle, Pennsylvania, for books referring to the star route matters, in which J. W. Bosler, of whose estate he is executor, received and paid out all moneys which it was possible to charge to my account. S. W. D."

THE COTTON CROP.

The Report of the National Cotton Exchange of New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, June 9.—The following is an epitome of the cotton crop report of the south, made by the national cotton exchange to May 31. Taking a general view of the present season within the cotton belt, it will be found from the returns, that in all that section east of the thirteenth meridian west from Washington, which passes New Orleans and Jackson, Mississippi, an area of 10,765,000 acres, and embracing Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Tennessee, and a large part of the bottom lands of Mississippi, an early spring, though wet and cold, was followed by a dry May, while the range of the thermometer, though quite unfavorable, was higher than last year. Planting was late, but pretty good stands were obtained. Fields were well cultivated in May, and are comparatively free from grass, and lands are mellow. Timely rains would go far to compensate for the lateness of planting. This area, though embracing about 64 per cent of the cotton acreage in the south, produced only about 53 per cent of the crop in 1882-83. West of this line of longitude, embracing the bottom lands of Mississippi and all Arkansas, Louisiana and Texas, an area of 613,000 acres, producing 47 per cent of the crop in 1882-83, the season has been extremely unfavorable. The rainfall throughout the spring has been excessive, retarding planting from two to four weeks, injuring the stands, overflowing the bottoms, washing up the young plants that came up and setting fields in grass. A worse condition has prevailed in Texas. Replanting has been resorted to largely, but in Texas the flooding rains of June 2d to June 4th, have thrown back the work so that seeding is still going on. The general condition of this area is therefore very unfavorable. Arkansas is presenting the best chances for an average crop. Taking the whole belt together, it is found that there has been no increase in acreage, while the condition of the crop on May 31st was no better than last year, which was lower than for several years. Labor is plentiful and no complaints are heard in relation thereto. The average condition of the crop on May 31st, 1883, was reported by the Washington agricultural bureau at ninety-six. The monthly report of the national cotton exchange shows the movement for the nine months to the close of May at ports and overland as follows:

	1884.	1883.
Port receipts	4,703,903	5,803,522
Total overland	925,071	1,088,071
Of which to mills	561,289	582,443
To ports	339,885	470,434
In transit	4,666	964
Canada	19,261	34,326
Great Britain	2,219,678	2,625,851
France	461,451	409,992
Continent	897,147	1,337,071
To channel ports	11,997	15,403
Total exports	359,273	4,388,319
At sea between ports	7,967	16,834
Total takings of Northern spinners	1,436,067	1,597,728
Stock at ports at close of May	466,359	509,668
Overlanp for May	[illegible]3,526	29,244
Spinners takings for May	63,465	80,845

Runaway Teams in Chattanooga.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., June 9.—[Special.]—A general runaway occurred on Eighth street this afternoon. R. D. Mobley's team became frightened and ran down Eighth street, turning into Cherry. The buggy was struck and torn all to pieces. C. E. Jones's team ran away, throwing Mr. Jones out, bruising him and tearing the wagon to pieces. Mobley's was also demolished.

M'DONALD FOR TILDEN.

The Indiana Candidate in Favor of the Old Ticket.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—[Special.]—Bayard's friends are industriously working his boom for all that can be made out of it. They had the run of talk in Washington to-day and now feel confident that their man will head the democratic ticket. I cannot believe that much faith should be put in Bayard's chances, yet even his friends admit that they advocate him on the theory that Tilden will decline. But for this statement there is no foundation comparable to the flat denials which are made here daily. When Mr. Randall tells me that he saw Tilden last Sunday and he would surely accept the democratic nomination I consider the argument closed, for no man stands so near Tilden, or enjoys his confidence more perfectly than Randall.

M'DONALD FOR TILDEN.

McDonald said to-day that he would not be a candidate against Tilden in any event and thought the nomination due him by every consideration of policy as well as justice. With Tilden out of the way Bayard will have the lead of all the other candidates. The independent republicans, who are raising a howl against Blaine, prefer him, and thousands of them would cordially support him. Mr. Long, of Massachusetts, said to-night that his state would be certainly republican in November, but many republicans differ with him on that point. The Pacific coast has been given up to Blaine, and the fight will be made in New York, Indiana, Massachusetts, New Jersey and Connecticut.

A VIGOROUS CAMPAIGN.

Blaine will be here soon to consult with the party leaders, and lay out plans for the campaign. He will make the most vigorous, personal campaign known since Harrison swept the country. Virginia and North Carolina will be overrun by republican orators, and inundated with republican money. All talk of a another republican ticket is lost, but it is settled beyond doubt that thousand of voters will rebel against the nomination which represents the triumph of the most corrupt element in that party.

Walter Johnson is here on his way home from Chicago. He thinks the democrats underestimate the strength of the ticket, and believes that Blaine will gain two recruits where he loses one deserter. He said he greatly preferred Arthur, but does not think the loud protest now made against Blaine will last until election day.

DEMOCRATIC SPIRITS.

Democrats continue in high spirits, and assert that they will beat the ticket on the worst calculation by carrying New York, New Jersey and Connecticut. Indiana they feel almost certain will swell their victorious columns. I hear that McDonald's kind words for Tilden are inspired by the hope for the second place on the ticket. It is said that Tilden would prefer him to Hendricks, and that if he were put on the ticket the Morrison-Carlisle wing of the party would not push their demand for a black flag against all but a strictly revenue tariff.

FLOWER'S HOPES IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, June 9.—The friends of R. P. Flower, who have been canvassing the political situation in this state, say that of 108 delegates elected outside of New York city to the Saratoga democratic convention, the first choice of all of them was Samuel J. Tilden, except in Syracuse, where the feeling is strong for Cleveland, and second choice, according to their observations, will stand—Flower, 82; Cleveland, 26.

FEAR OF MERRICK.

Evidence Which is Likely to Drive Honest Men Into Independent Ranks.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—On Tuesday next Mr. Merrick, a prominent lawyer and a leading democrat of this city, is to appear before the Springer committee to testify with regard to the methods adopted by the government in the recent star route trials. A member of the republican congressional campaign committee says that he fears Mr. Merrick's testimony will make a very effective campaign document in many of the districts in the west; that his character as a lawyer and a gentleman are sufficient to induce every fair-minded man, whether democrat or republican, to follow his statements with more care than would be accorded to either of the other two counsel for the prosecution, and the average republican taxpayer would be apt to draw some conclusions from it that would push him into the independent wing of the party.

A Suppressed Explosion.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., June 9.—[Special.]—The suppressed information was received here to-day of a terrible explosion that occurred one day last week in the Inman ore mines, near South Pittsburg. Frank Morris, with a party of seven others, convicts, were preparing to touch off several blasts when a spark accidentally dropped into a keg containing fifteen pounds of powder. The blasts exploded in rapid succession. Morris was horribly mutilated and died in a few hours. The other unfortunates were more or less burned, the flesh falling from their bones. Another is probably dead at this time.

Hampering the Press in Cuba.

HAVANA, June 9.—The newspaper El Diario, of Matanzas, and El Rayo, and El Guerrillero, of this city, have been denounced to the tribunal for a published article offensive to the powers that be. With this continual persecution of the press it is fast sinking to its old level when there was no pretense of liberty of the press, and the papers which do not heed to friendly admonition from the autorities preserve silence about certain matters, are pitilessly persecuted.

A Plunge into the Water.

BREGENZ, June 9.—At the launching of the steamer Halsburg, on Lake constance, to-day, a temporary wooden structure filled with spectators gave way. Forty ladies, including the Princess of Thurn and Taxis, who christened the vessel, were precipitated into the lake. Great excitement ensued, but all were rescued from the water without serious injury.

A Vatican Council Postponed.

ROME, June 9.—The Consistory for the creation of cardinals has been deferred until autumn, owing to the disagreement between the vatican and French government on account of an alleged breach of the terms of the concordial. The pope has directed that a special committee of cardinals prepare a protest to the French Catholics on the subject of the divorce laws.

A New Archbishop.

PHILADELPHIA, June 9.—The Catholic Standard, of Philadelphia, has received from its Roman correspondent, a cablegram announcing the appointment of the Most Rev. P. J. Ryan, D. D., of St. Louis, to the archiepiscopal see of Philadelphia, which was made vacant by the death of Most Rev. James N. Wood, D. D., nearly a year ago.

An Order on the Bank.

NEWARK, N. J., June 9.—Chancellor Runyon this morning issued an order to the managers of the Newark savings institution, directing them to show cause why they should not be punished for contempt in loaning the funds of the bank contrary to the chancellor's orders. The order is returnable to-morrow.

The Man who Wrote the Rhymes.

HARTFORD, Conn., June 9.—Henry C. Work, the noted song writer and composer, died here yesterday of heart disease. "Marching Through Georgia," "Grandfather's Clock" and "Dear Father Come Home With Me Now," were written by him.

Papers Filed.

The papers have been filed in the case of Mrs. Austell against Mr. James Swann. This is the appeal from the court of ordinary in the contest or the guardianship of young Alfred Austell.

Captain Andrews in New York.

NEW YORK, June 9.—Captain Robert W. Andrews, aged 93, who has walked from Sumter, S. C., arrived here to-day. He goes from here to Boston.

Col. Rob't C. Ingersoll.
Royal Glue is always on his Desk. It has great Concentrated Strength and very Remarkable Qualities. Every Office, Household and Workshop will find it invaluable.—Private Sec'y.

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Situated on north side of Pine Mountain, 1,800 feet above sea level. Climate and natural advantages unsurpassed and the most delightful bathing in America.
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ARLINGTON HOTEL,
HOT SPRINGS, ARKANSAS.
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THE PROXIMITY OF THE ARLINGTON TO the head sources of the Hot Springs, together with the convenient and ample bathing accommodations, gives its patrons greater facilities in bathing and drinking the waters, than can be found elsewhere. An annex of sixty rooms has lately been added. Also one of the "OTIS" IMPROVED PASSENGER ELEVATORS, which enables invalid guests to be wheeled directly from their rooms to the baths. Letters of inquiry promptly answered. Descriptive pamphlets furnished when desired

THE HISTORY OF
Brewer's Lung Restorer

Its Claims Upon the Public—Why it Should be Universally Used.

It is very often the case that treasures remain hidden for years right under one's eyes and only discovered at last by accident. Such was the case with Brewer's Lung Restorer. This remedy was used for nearly forty years by a little neighborhood of people who either did not appreciate its true value or did not have the means or opportunity to proclaim its virtues to the world. When they had a cough, sore throat, bronchitis, tickling in the throat or other throat and lung troubles they made them a small kettle full of this unnamed remedy, the material for which they had but to look for in the forests and old fields surrounding their homes and in a remarkably short time they were relieved by its use and never thought of it any more until it was again required. However, things have changed since those days. Such treasures are easily sought after and do not long remain in obscurity. The present proprietors of this old remedy having by accident learned that its cures were miraculous determined at once to ascertain for themselves what merit it really possessed, and having tested it in a great number of cases, in all of which it proved efficacious, they purchased the right to manufacture and sell the same under the name of Brewer's Lung Restorer and it has become so widely known under their management that it is to-day recognized as the greatest throat and lung remedy of the age. Containing no opiates it can be taken with perfect safety by the most delicate. Being entirely vegetable its effects can in no way be harmful and even in the event that it fails to cure the general health of the patient is greatly improved. It can be given to six month's old infants in the prescribed doses with beneficial effects; yet full grown men are surprised at its magical effect on them. Those who suffer from wasting diseases, such as consumption and dyspepsia, rapidly gain in flesh and strength by the use of Brewer's Lung Restorer. Many instances of patients gaining 7 pounds of flesh from every bottle they took have been reported to us. Testimonials from the best people in the land are found in every newspaper of consequence and such testimonials from such men must convince the public that this remedy posesses great merit. This medicine indorsed by such men, has done more to break down the prejudice existing against patent medicines than any other remedy known. For the various reasons mentioned we call upon suffering humanity to give Brewer's Lung Restorer a trial. It is almost infallible. Its effects are wonderful, in fact miraculous.
LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR, MACON, GA.

GEORGIA GOSSIP.

SHORT TALKS WITH THE SCRIBES OF THE COUNTRY PRESS.

Haunted Woods in Franklin County—The Randolph County Agricultural Society—Capture of a Large Wild Cat—A Large Yield of Honey From a Tree—Interesting Items.

Watson Woods, in Franklin county, is said to be haunted. It is believed by some that a man was murdered at that place at the close of the late war. Those who testify to the truth of the above say they have heard at different times a strange noise resembling the low muttering thunder of the distant west, and that seemingly under the ground; and stranger still, they say that a spot of ground (the haunted spot) is entirely destitute of combustible matter, though the trees stand very thickly around.

A meeting of the stockholders and directors of Franklin institute was held in the courthouse Saturday last. M. A. Herndon and H. B. Nelms were elected to fill vacancies on the board of trustees and Dr. H. D. Aderhold, president. The meeting Saturday brought to light the startling fact that the company had no deed to the land on which the building stands. Had it not been for carelessness it would, no doubt, have been made and recorded long enough ago, and there would have been no trouble about the titles to the property.

Rube Peyton, the St. Simons murderer, will be hanged on Friday.

"Aunt" Annie Gaines is the oldest person in Hart county, being 81 years of age. She is indeed a "Mother in Israel," having been a consistent member of the M. E. church for 62 years. She has 11 children, 78 grandchildren, 158 great-grandchildren and 17 great-great-grandchildren. Aunt Annie is a remarkably preserved woman, and enjoys excellent general health. She drives to Hartwell frequently, a distance of six miles, can read the Testament without spectacles, and attends to her household duties as well as most of ladies half her age.

There will be a postoffice established at Watson's mills, in Oglethorpe county.

On Saturday last Henry Raines, the Daniel Boone of Oglethorpe county, had an exciting race after and caught a wildcat that measured about three and a half feet from tip to tip. It had kittens, for which it fought manfully, but Henry joined in the melee and came out victorious. He also shot its mate, but did not kill it.

Hon. James M. Smith speaks of building this summer a railroad from some point on the Athens branch between Winterville and Pope's crossing to his plantation. He can grade it with small expense during the lay-bye season, and then doubtless the Georgia railroad will help equip it. If built to his place it will doubtless be extended to Watson's mills, and perhaps farther.

Blackshear News: Hammie Lee brought into our office this week a couple of curiosities in the way of Irish potatoes. The body of each is one large potato, with eight upon one and ten upon the other, well formed, large potatoes adhering thereto, making respectively nine and eleven large, well formed potatoes in one. At this rate it would take but a very few to make a peck.

LaGrange Reporter: Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Phillips requests us to say to the young gentleman and ladies that, if they will give up the proposed commencement hop, they will take pleasure in tendering them a reunion at their residence, on that night. This is a generous and noble proposition, and we trust it will be accepted. The young people will thus have all the pleasures of a social gathering, at an elegant Christian home, with none of the frivolities of the ball room.

A stock company has been formed here by our merchants and business men to purchase and improve the Tate springs property near West Point.

The Randolph agricultural society held its regular meeting Tuesday. The report from those who were trying cotton in checks was not encouraging, owing to the fact that the darkeys are set against that plan. Several reported good crops of oats, but it was the sense of the meeting that not more than half a crop was made. Mr. John Mattox, Sr., who made 89 bushel on one acre last year, expects to make that much again this year on one acre. A committee of five was appointed to provide for a series of farmers' picnics in the different districts and report through the county papers.

In a rock hole on the Forts plantation, near Vienna, Mr. F. P. Rowland killed an otter weighing twenty-six pounds and measured four feet and seven inches in length.

Mr. W. L. Bragg, of Dooly county, found a large bee tree one day last week, and when it was cut down the hollow, which measured about six feet long, was found to be full of honey. He secured it all, which weighed about sixty or seventy-five pounds.

Sandersville Herald: A few weeks ago, while attending a burial in the cemetery, Colonel E. S. Langmade remarked to a gentleman with whom he was conversing that there was only one person living in Sandersville now that was here when he first came to the place in 1857. That person he remarked was Mrs. Ellen O. Scarborough, a notice of whose death appears in to-day's paper. This then leaves Colonel Langmade, while not the oldest person, yet the oldest resident of the town.

The Herald says:

Milk and honey may not be as abundant as we could wish, but eggs and honey, about the next best substitute, now tickle the palate of the average Washington county citizen. Dr. J. M. Palmer, of Oconee, who, by the way, pays more attention to bee culture than any one with whom we are acquainted, and as a consequence makes the business more profitable than any one else in our knowledge, brought to market one day last week 120 pounds of excellent honey in the comb, which he readily sold at fifteen cents per pound. About a week before he sold 90 pounds here, making 210 pounds, so far sold, which he says is about one-fourth of what he will realize this season. This will sum up say, 800 pounds that will yield about $120. This is a handsome sum of money, and from the general cry of scarcity of money now, would come in very conveniently to our corn buying cotton farmers. If one farmer can do that with bees, why may not 200 men in the county do the same? That would place in their pockets the good sum of $24,000, an amount that when put in circulation would tone down the tightness of the times, and make money matters quiet and easy. Mr. John Redfearn, from near Warthen, also brought in some honey last week, and informed us that he had about 300 pounds he could sell this season. We shall be pleased to have reports of these small industries, attention to which contributes so much to home comforts, and indeed to the real resources of the country. No portion of the state, nor of the United States, has more of the elements and capabilities for good and comfortable living than our county. The bushels of eggs brought in from Walker's mill and store, shows what can be done in the department of chicken and egg raising.

In Fannin county, T. A. Wilson, who was charged with murder, was tried and acquitted last week. After his acquittal, he pleaded guilty to carrying concealed weapons and was fined $25 and cost.

Dog poisoning is the sensation in Harlem.

Toccoa News: "One of the largest trees we have ever heard of in this part of the country is growing in Mr. B. E. Edge's yard. It is said to be a chinquapin-oak and we are told it is between 32 and 35 feet in circumference, which would make it ten or eleven feet in diameter. This tree, no doubt, witnessed many bloody scenes during the revolutionary war. Among trees, this is the "Jumbo" of north Georgia.

One morning last week two negro men got off the train at the breakfast house at Toccoa and went in to get breakfast, but they were disappointed. They hung up their hats in the office room where the other passengers were eating, when Major Cobb, who was at the door, told them to "hold up." They stopped and inquired what he meant. He told them they could not eat in there. They told him they had been doing so all along, and that they had sat down to the table with 1,500 white people. They asked the name of the place. He gave it, and told them they would find it all over Georgia just as they had here. He also informed them that there was a colored restaurant in town where they could be accommodated. They made no further effort to enter, but with a promise to see into the matter, and give the hotel a showing up, they left.

Mr. Balis Edge, of Toccoa valley, has a sample of oats that measured 4 feet 8 inches. They were of the rust proof variety. He says he has three acres of that kind, from which he expects to harvest 30 bushels per acre.

Appeal: Yesterday morning [illegible] ... Turner ...

Towns, colored, living in the southwestern portion of Cuthbert, was arrested and lodged in jail for hog stealing. Jim has been having a high old time for several months stealing hogs, chickens, turkeys, geese, etc., and selling them on "small profit." When his movements were brought to the surface yesterday it was ascertained that he had stolen and sold fully 25 head of hogs within the past few weeks and had a nice pen full awaiting orders. He will probably shovel coal for Joe Brown for several years to come. He evidently had accomplices who are being trailed with fair prospects of being overhauled.

In Covington there is a little twelve year old girl, simple and artless as a child, who is rather a genius and a marvel in her way, and her way is a very practical and sensible way. She is a most expert housekeeper in every particular, and quite an artist in making and arranging little cute tasty ornaments to brighten and beautify home.

Being fond of horseback riding and withal a fearless and splendid rider, she bridles, saddles and mounts her horse without assistance from any one. Rising by or before day she walks alone to the depot, one-half a mile, buys a ticket, boards the "accommodation train," goes to Atlanta, transacts a variety of business for her parents, fills delicate and important commissions for others, making no blunder or mistake, but giving perfect satisfaction to all concerned; and then, without accident or mishap, coming home on the same train in the evening, joyous and happy as a bird. Besides and above all this, she is affectionate, truthful, good.

When she is old enough to be wooed, she will be "worth her weight in gold" to the man who is so fortunate as to win her for his bride.

The grand jury of Fannin county found 27 true bills.

Americus Recorder: Mr. J. P. E. Warren, of Webster county, brought in and sold five hundred pounds of honey on Wednesday, realizing from it about sixty dollars. This was all clear gain except the little labor of taking it from the hives and bringing it to market.

Parties from Harris county report a case of smallpox at Waverly hall. A week ago yesterday Mr. and Mrs. Coleman arrived with their two children from their home in Honduras, Central America, to visit the family of Major Camp, at Waverly hall. Three days ago the eldest child, a bright little three-year-old boy, was taken sick. Dr. Bruce was summoned, and Thursday he called in Dr. Ashford for consultation, when they pronounced it a fully developed case of smallpox. Major Camp has removed his family from the house, and there is a good deal of excitement among the citizens. All parties in the neighborhood are being vaccinated. We understand that a lady nurse is badly needed to take the case in charge. We hope that the dread disease may not find new victims.

Mr. H. L. W. Allison, one of Dade's most highly respected citizens, died at his home near Rising Fawn, aged 62 years. He was a leading member of the M. E. church. He leaves a large family.

STATE POLITICS.

Hon James M. Smith, of Oglethorpe, has received the unanimous indorsement of the democracy of his county for the senatorship from the 30th district. His election would be a particularly fit one. During his service in the house he was known as one of the most thorough legislators, and his promotion to the senate would be a worthy tribute.

LaGrange, Ga., June 6.—Editors Constitution: Please publish the enclosed resolutions passed by the Troup democracy, assembled at LaGrange, June 3. We desire not only to pay a tribute to one formerly our fellow-citizen, but to appeal to democrats in all parts of the state to rally to his support on account of his high character and great moral worth.
A Citizen of Troup.

The following is the resolution, offered by B. C. Ferrell, and on motion of T. H. Whitaker, unanimously adopted by a rising vote:

Resolved, That the candidacy of Hon. R. C. Humber for the office of state treasurer is hereby most cordially indorsed by the democracy of Troup county, and that we pledge him our most hearty support. Mr. Humber having lived in our county for a number of years, we know him well and favorably. We honored and trusted him then in public positions and found him as true as the needle to the pole. We have watched his public career since his removal from our midst in different public stations to which he has been called, and have found him efficient and faithful. We therefore, confidently and cordially, commend him to the democracy of Georgia, as one who will prove to be honest, capable and efficient in the high and responsible office of treasurer.

ST. JOSEPH'S ASYLUM.

Report of the Manager, Showing Great Prosperity for the Year.

From the Washington, Ga., Gazette.

Rev. Father O'Brien has just published the seventh annual report of St. Joseph's male orphanage, which is located in this place. The report is a highly interesting one, and we take the following main facts from it: The generous support given heretofore has been continued. The health of the inmates has been good; no serious sickness having occurred. The next public examination will take place on the fourth of July, proximo. The boys are respectful and obedient to their teachers; not a case of insubordination having occurred during the year. Ninety-one orphan boys have been provided for during the year. Of these thirty-eight were from Savannah; sixteen from Augusta; ten from Atlanta; six from Macon; five from Sharon; three from Athens; three from Washington; two from Columbus; one from Milledgeville; one from Sparta, and one from Darien. Twenty-one boys were received during the year, and sixteen sent away. Nine of the latter were returned to relatives and seven provided with places, leaving at present seventy-five boys in the asylum. Owing to the continued drought, efforts to make the farm a source of revenue resulted in failure. Where ten bales of cotton were made last season only three were raised this year. The same ratio may be applied to other crops. But the failure of the crops was more than compensated by the bequest of the late Captain John McMahon, of Savannah. The part of this bequest secured to the male orphanage consists of a brick house in Savannah, valued at about $5,000, which is well rented, and will be the source of an annual income of about $300. The statement of the financial affairs of the orphanage is full and complete, and accounts for every dollar received for its support during the year. The receipts were $5,193.55, and the expenses $5,183.43. The total amount of $5,193.55 allows a per capita for 85 persons of $61.10 per annum. No orphan boy has been refused admission into the asylum, but, sometimes to avoid crowding, the sisters have found it necessary to defer receiving applicants until such time as room could be provided by securing situations for some of the older inmates.

STATE SPECIALS CONDENSED.

An incendiary attempt was made Sunday to burn the Planter's warehouse in Griffin.

Mr. J. H. Stump was married to Miss Fannie Mosely in the Baptist church in Valdosta, Rev. J. M. Rushing officiating.

The saw mill belonging to J. J. Wallis about four miles east of Valdosta, was destroyed by fire. Loss $15,000. No insurance.

Mr. V. Brand is building a water tank in Lawrenceville that will be of incalculable benefit to the town in case of fire. It will hold several thousand gallons of water. With a limited number of pipes and hose the town can be very well protected against fire.

On next Saturday from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m. ten of Canton's best walkers will strike the sawdust on a go-as-you-please race. The excitement has begun and a grand gala day is looked for. An excursion train will be run from Marietta at low rates.

Mayor Dorsey, of Athens, is receiving anonymous letters threatening to burn up the houses of the mayor and council if the cow law is enforced.

The inter-county walking match will take place in Athens the 4th of July. All the adjacent counties will enter their fleetest men.

Mayor J. H. Dorsey, of Athens, will marry Miss Allie Hargrove, of Crawford, to-day at 4 o'clock.

Riot in Jasper.

Jasper, Ga., June 9.—[Special.]—One of the most disgraceful riots occurred at the marble works near Jasper, Saturday morning, that ever happened in our county. The boss, Mr. Connally, got into an altercation with a young man, Champion, in which the boss was badly bruised with rocks. Connally left to get an officer. Champion being drunk, was joined by another drunk man who went to the house of Connally, viciously assailing the house and running the family off, entered the house and destroyed the furniture. The young men are in jail awaiting a preliminary trial. The occurrence is condemned and regretted by our citizens.

Killed by Lightning.

Columbus, June 9.—[Special.]—During a thunder storm which visited Chattahoochee county about ten o'clock this morning, the house of Mr. T. L. P. Salmonds was struck by lightning and one of his sons instantly killed.

GEORGIA BY WIRE.

TALKS WITH THE SCRIBES OF THE COUNTRY PRESS.

A Negro Walking Match in Marietta—The Norcross Art School—Crops in Randolph and Spalding Counties—College Commencement Exercises—Other News of the State, Etc.

Athens, June 9.—[Special.]—Ned Cohen, son of Mr. Julius Cohen, was knocked senseless by falling from a trapeze and lies in a precarious condition.

Mrs. Weatherly was thrown from a buggy and painfully injured.

Palmetto Points.

Palmetto, June 9.—Fine rains, crop prospects very flattering, business quiet.

Wheat is being cut.

Our new Baptist church will be completed by July 1st.

The cotton seed oil mill is still running.

There will be a lawn party next Friday night at the residence of Colonel W. M. Walthall.

Crops in Randolph.

Cuthbert, Ga., June 9.—[Special.]—We have had fine seasons in Cuthbert and Randolph county during the past few weeks. The ground was again last night thoroughly saturated. Oats are better than it was feared they would be. The acreage was small, and having been planted in the spring, they are necessarily higher than fall oats would be. Corn and cotton both look well. A large amount of the former has been planted, and gives promise of an abundant yield. We hear no complaint of grass.

The Fast Mail's Danger.

Macon, June 9.—[Special.]—As to-night's fast mail from Savannah reached a point 13 miles from Macon, Engineer Pendergrass saw a crosstie lying across the track, placed by some one with intention to wreck the train. The engineer seeing the peril the train was in, opened his throttle and dashed against it, splintering it to atoms. In this manner his train was saved. The passengers were badly frightened and a stop was made to calm them.

Spalding County Crops.

Griffin, June 9.—[Special.]—More corn has been sold in this section the present season than for years past. The farmers will continue to hang on to King Cotton and pawn his home for rations; great deal of meat sold also.

The oat crop has been a failure or partially so and about the same amount will have to be shipped here this year as last. Other cereals and the general farm outlook is promising.

Peaches are good and the yield will be a big walk over of many years past.

We will ship more grapes than any point in the south, this year. The vines are unprecedentedly heavy with fruit.

A Negro Walking Match.

Marietta, June 9.—Last Saturday the negroes of the military company had a six hour go-as-you-please walking match for a purse of $25, $15 to the first, $10 to second man. They walked around the city park, six laps to the mile. John Alexander won first money with 32 miles, 1¼ laps. Sam Young won second money with 31 miles, 3½ laps. This morning a one mile dash was begun by Messrs. Billy McCrea, Georgie McElfresh and Jessie Northcutt, Jr. It was abandoned after making a half mile, Jessie Northcutt, Jr., being the winner, and taking the confection.

Murder Near Columbus.

Columbus, June 9.—[Special.]—George Powell, an operative in the Eagle and Phenix mills, was killed on Saturday night by a fellow workman named Bud Hill, near the upper bridge, opposite the city. Both men were drinking and Powell's throat was cut from ear to ear, from the effects of which he died immediately. An inquest was held over the body yesterday and the verdict of the jury charges Hill with murder. He was arraigned before Justice Barr for a preliminary hearing this evening, but waived examination and was ordered to jail without bail. Hill is very feeble from the loss of blood, having received several wounds in the arm.

THE SOUTHERN FEMALE COLLEGE.

LaGrange Starts in With Two Weeks of College Commencements.

LaGrange, Ga., June 9.—[Special.]—The annual season of commencements, for which our city is so widely noted, has again rolled around, and everything gives promise of the grandest success. The ball was to have been set in motion on last Friday evening, by the concert of primaries at the LaGrange female college, but an incessant rain caused a postponement until Saturday night, when a good audience greeted the little folks, who, as usual, acquitted themselves charmingly, and everybody were pleased.

On yesterday Dr. I. S. Hopkins, of Emory college, preached the annual commencement sermon, to a large audience, in the college hall. The exercises were opened with a grand voluntary by the senior class. Dr. Hopkins is a great orator, and his sermon was exceedingly fine and appropriate.

Rev. J. M. Lee, of Rome, preached the annual sermon at night before the College missionary society.

A most interesting programme has been arranged for the week.

The usual crowd of visitors are pouring in on every train, and hotels, private boarding houses and families are all expecting to be filled up with lovers of fine music and the gayeties of such occasions.

The exercises of the Southern female college will begin on Friday evening with exercises by primary department. Those who have attended the commencements of this famous institution, will not be disappointed in their highest expectations this year. The faculty, in all its departments, is stronger than ever before; the school was never so full; the grounds and buildings have been greatly beautified, and the following programme can not fail to please:

Exhibition primary department, June 13th. Annual sermon, Rev. W. A. Montgomery, D. D., June 15th. Sermon before missionary society (at night), Rev. R. H. Harris. Junior exhibition, Monday, June 16th. Address by Mr. H. H. Kilpatrick. Ciceronian celebration in afternoon. Musical contest at night. Senior exhibition, first division, Tuesday. Poem by Mrs. Mary E. Bryan. Elocution contest, afternoon. Medals awarded, and address by Mr. H. A. Hall. Grand concert at night. Senior exhibition, second division, June 18th. Address by H. M. Reid.
A. C.

The Norcross Art Gallery.

Lawrenceville, June 9.—[Special.]—The closing exercises of the academy of science and art at Norcross, of which Terrell E. Simmons is rector, will commence to-morrow and close Wednesday. Mr. P. H. Bell, of Atlanta, will deliver the literary address. Mr. Simmons is quite a young man, and he deserves great credit at the hands of Norcross and the county, in his efforts to build up the institution of which he is the founder.

Commencement Sermons in Rome.

Rome, Ga., June 9.—[Special.]—At the Presbyterian church yesterday morning, Rev. Dr. Robertson, of Roswell, preached the commencement sermon of the Rome female college to an immense congregation. At night Mr. Hillhouse preached his trial sermon and was licensed.

A Masquerade Party.

On account of the inclemency of the weather the Lucy Cobb girls, as they were deprived of the pleasure of attending the debate of the Demosthenian society, determined not to lose all pleasure on this, their last Friday night, so immediately after supper, a suppressed buzz was heard, and a masquerade was proposed. In less than twenty minutes the beautiful parlors were brilliantly illuminated and the masqueraders were seen descending the wide stairway in pairs on either side of the spacious hall.

The parlors were soon filled, the chaperone introducing the couples as they entered. They then repaired to the dancing hall.

The characters were personated as follows, viz.: Miss Willie Bell, Madame Goody-Goody, made a graceful and dignified chaperone, costume, black satin and pearls.

Miss Julia Reid, Cæsar's Ghost, carried out her part to perfection. She was accompanied by Miss A. Van Winkle, as Aunt Dinah, so well disguised that some suspected that a real Dinah had gotten among them by accident. Miss Maud Goldsmith as "Old Fashioned Girl," looked like a sweet picture of the last century. She was escorted by Miss Carry Lewis Gordon, a light and beautiful "Butterfly." Miss Jennie McCord made a beautiful "Shepherdess." She deserves great credit for the becoming and artistic costume. She was escorted by Miss Emily Upson, "Girl of the Period," attired in French costume of crimson velvet and light blue satin, with moonshine jewelry. All admired her and her striking costume. Miss Nora Palmer, "Mermaid," looked beautiful. Miss Clara Brown as the "Aesthetic Frog," acted well her part. Miss Jessie Little, as "Red Riding Hood," was pronounced one of the attractions of the evening, with Miss Lily Rutherford, "The Modern Cinderella." Miss Claudia Lewis made an exquisite "Psyche;" Miss E. Wade, a Peasant Girl; Miss Nellie Scott as Minnehaha and Miss Fronie Hunnewell as Pocahontas sustained well the part of Indian maids; Miss A. Morgan, Ophelia; Miss Minnie Reid represented Day, Miss Leney Upson, Night; Miss Liola Nisbet, Echo; Miss M. Williams, Maud Muller; Miss Halle Wimberly, Bo Peep; Miss Marie Johnson, Lady Clare; Misses Clifford Cassels and Lucy Newton, as maids of honor; Miss Katie Rutherford as "Anti Fat." This was the wonder of the night. Miss Blanche Lipscomb, as "Baby," was the darling of the evening. Miss Lizzie More Callaway, a "Nymph;" Miss C. Hartsfield made a ferocious "Mad Mag;" Misses Fanny Clark and I. Clay, as the Æsthetics; Miss Morris, as Rebecca; Miss S. M. Hewitt, as Begger Girl; Miss A. Morris, as Chimney Sweep.

After the dancing was over they all adjourned to the parlors again, where they entertained their obliging principal and teachers with a series of tableaux and charades, which would be hard to excel.

The evening was pronounced a perfect success by all, and those who leave their alma mater this June will never forget the pleasant schooldays spent under the kind and loving guidance of their dear principal: Miss Millie Rutherford.
"Jack and Gill."

What is Ammonia?

The attention of the public has been called frequently of late to the subject of "ammonia in food," and the matter is being so vigorously agitated that it necessarily arouses the curiosity of the public at large, and leads them to ascertain, if possible, what is it all about. In the first place the question arises, what is ammonia? Whence comes it?

Quoting "United States Dispensatory." "It was probably originally prepared from putrid urine." Other sources are "coal soot, stale urine, guano, etc." The "Encyclopedia Brittannica" says of it: "Carbonate of ammonia is obtained in largest quantities by the putrefaction of the urine of animals, or the dry distillation of animal matter." "Roscoe's Chemistry" states that "when horns, or clippings of hides are heated, ammonia is given off; hence ammonia was known as spirits of hartshorn." "The name of ammonia is derived from the fact that a compound containing ammonia was first prepared by heating camels' dung." "Ammonia is mainly obtained from the ammoniacal liquors of gasworks." Guano, the dried excrement of sea birds, and the urine of animals, likewise contain large quantities of ammonia." Farmers know its value as a fertilizer, and physicians know its value as a counter-irritant and powerful stimulent. All physicians class it among drugs, and as a drug it is a question whether it is not better to let it remain in the hands of physicians and druggists, and leave it out of our food. A recent article, called "A Baking Powder Trick," condemns as a scheme or trick the simple method which has been given through these columns, whereby a housewife may ascertain, without the aid of chemists or chemical apparatus, whether she is using an article free from disgusting ingredients; and after once convinced of the true source of ammonia, and its presence in an article of food, it is her option whether the use of it is continued or not. The test may be a simple one, but by its means the unsuspecting find that cans of "Baking Powder" stamped on the cover "Absolutely Pure," contain ammonia, and certainly no refined person who has once read some reliable authority on ammonia would be likely to bring home for use an article containing so inferior a substance. Baking powders have become a convenient, useful and important article in millions of homes, and every manufacturer should prepare and sell it only as conforms to the well-known conditions which insure health and safety. There is no difficulty in procuring a baking powder that will stand the "test of the oven" that does not contain ammonia. If an article has merit, and has once became established in a home, its merits will always insure it a place there, but if a product of daily use through unreliable sources is made to appear better than it is, any means, however simple, by which its inferiority may be judged, ought be thankfully received by an intelligent consumer.

The Universal Perfume.—This is the name, that now, in all parts of the world, especially in fashionable circles, is applied to the famous Murray & Lanman Florida Water. This delicate extract from the enchanted gardens of the tropics increases in popularity day by day; nor is this to be wondered at when we remember that whether used at the toilet, or in the bath or on the handkerchief, it is alike refreshing, agreeable and refined.

"Mother Swan's Worm Syrup."
Infallible, tasteless, harmless, cathartic; for fever, restlessness, worms, constipation, 25 cents.

A flash of lightning has some striking characteristics.

Nervousness, Nervous Debility, Neuralgia, Nervous Shock, St. Vitus Dance, Prostration, and all diseases of Nerve Generative Organs, are all permanently and radically cured by Allen's Brain Food, the great botanical remedy. $1 pkg., 6 for $5. At druggists, or by mail from J. H. Allen, 315 First Ave., New York City.

The prize fighter's wife, when asked about her husband's business, replied that he is employed in a mill.

All Weakness of Genital Organs, Sexual Impotency, and nervous disorders permanently cured in thirty days, by the genuine Dr. Ricord's Restorative Pills. Bottles 50 cents. Pills $1.25, 100 pills $2.00, 200 pills $3.50, 400 pills $6.00. Magnus & Hightower, corner Pryor and Decatur streets, Atlanta. Wholesale by Lamar, Rankin and Lamar.

When a farmer gets hold of a new plow he is apt "to run the thing into the ground."—Boston Commercial-Bulletin.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate.
ADVANTAGEOUS IN DYSPEPSIA.

Dr. G. V. Dorsey, Piqua, Ohio, says: "I have used it in dyspepsia with very marked benefit. If there is deficiency of acid in the stomach, nothing affords more relief, while the action on the nervous system is decidedly beneficial."

A woman in San Francisco has been appointed to the position of conductor on a line of horse cars. At last the "dream of 'fare' woman" is realized.

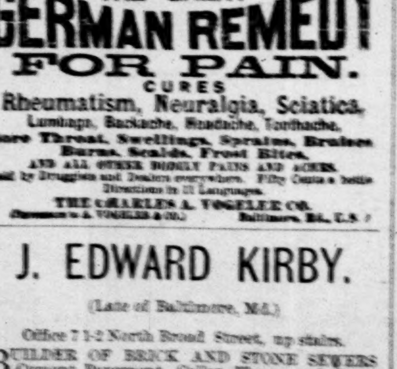
A culinary exchange tells "how to use cold boiled cabbage." An excellent way is to give it away to a beggar.

It is more economical to buy Durkee's Salad Dressing than it is to make a dressing. Besides this, it is made of better materials than you can buy at the stores. Everybody likes it. Try it.

"No, sir," said the professional heavy-weight gifter; "I've never visited a pawnshop, but I often put up dumb-bells for money."

Lundborg's Perfume, Edenia.
Lundborg's Perfume, Marechal Niel Rose.
Lundborg's Perfume, Alpine Violet.
Lundborg's Perfume, Lilly of the Valley.

ST. JACOBS OIL TRADE MARK



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GERMAN REMEDY
FOR PAIN.
CURES
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica,
Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache,
Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises,
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AND ALL OTHER BODILY PAINS AND ACHES.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Fifty Cents a bottle
Directions in 11 Languages.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO.
(Successors to A. VOGELER & CO.) Baltimore, Md., U.S.A.

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(Late of Baltimore, Md.)
Office 7 1-2 North Broad Street, up stairs.

BUILDER OF BRICK AND STONE SEWERS Cement Pavement, Cellar Floors and Drain Pipes, a specialty. All work done at short notice and guaranteed.

REFERENCES:
H. W. Grady, Atlanta Constitution; Rhode Hill 29 Peachtree street; R. C. Clarke, 27 Peachtree street; Dr. A. W. Calhoun, 38 South Broad street; Fay & Eichberg, architects, 19 1-2 South Broad street; E. G. Lind, architect, corner Whitehall and Hunter streets.
English Portland Cement for sale in lots to suit by ways. White Bros, and K. D. & S.

QUEER

It is how we differ in tastes. Some smokers prefer Long Cut, others choose "Granulated." Be that as it may, the FACT is THE BEST LONG CUT is

BLACKWELL'S DURHAM LONG CUT

Made from the PUREST, RICHEST LEAF, its FRAGRANCE is UNEQUALED and its PURITY and Quality UNQUESTIONED.

The Genuine can always be recognized by trade-Mark of the BULL.

Watch the papers for our large advertisement; different portraits of leading men each time.

TUTT'S PILLS

TORPID BOWELS, DISORDERED LIVER, and MALARIA.

From these sources arise three-fourths of the diseases of the human race. These symptoms indicate their existence: Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Sick Headache, fullness after eating, aversion to exertion of body or mind, Eructation of food, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, A feeling of having neglected some duty, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, highly colored Urine, CONSTIPATION, and demand the use of a remedy that acts directly on the Liver. As a Liver medicine TUTT'S PILLS have no equal. Their action on the Kidneys and Skin is also prompt; removing all impurities through these three "scavengers of the system," producing appetite, sound digestion, regular stools, a clear skin and a vigorous body. TUTT'S PILLS cause no nausea or griping nor interfere with daily work and are a perfect

ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA.

HE FEELS LIKE A NEW MAN.
"I have had Dyspepsia, with Constipation, two years, and have tried ten different kinds of pills, and TUTT'S are the first that have done me any good. They have cleaned me out nicely. My appetite is splendid, food digests readily, and I now have natural passages. I feel like a new man." W. D. EDWARDS, Palmyra, O.
Sold everywhere, 25c. Office, 44 Murray St., N.Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.
Gray Hair or Whiskers changed instantly to a Glossy Black by a single application of this Dye. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1.
Office, 44 Murray Street, New York.
TUTT'S MANUAL OF USEFUL RECEIPTS FREE.

Administrator's Sale.

WILL BE SOLD BEFORE THE COURTHOUSE door of Fulton county, Georgia, within the legal hours of sale, on the first Tuesday in July, 1884, by virtue of an order of the court of ordinary of said county, the following property, to-wit: Land lot number 165, in the 17th district of Fulton, in Oak Grove (1,390th) militia district of said county, containing 202¼ acres more or less. Sold as the property of the estate of Willis A. Johnson, deceased, for the purpose of distribution among the heirs of said deceased. Terms ½ cash, balance in 4 and 8 months at 8 per cent.
GEORGE S. JOHNSON, Administrator.

AGENTS WANTED in every city and town in the United States, to sell a recently patented, light, handsome and useful article, which everybody needs, particularly travelers. Profits large. $5 to $10 a day for agents. Outfit $5. Sample mailed for 45 cents. METALIC NOVELTY CO., 419 Walnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

NOTICE!

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR BUILDING A NEW Court House in Covington, Ga., will be received by the Chairman Board Commissioners until Monday, June 16. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of Messrs. Bruce & Morgan, Atlanta, Ga., or at the ordinary's office, Covington, Ga.,
J. T. CORLEY, Chm. B'rd Com.

L.S.L.

CAPITAL PRIZE $150,000

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness and good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with fac-similes of our signatures attached on its advertisements."

G. T. Beauregard
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COMMISSIONERS.

Unprecedented Attractions!
Over Half a Million Distributed.
LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY.

Incorporated in 1868 for 25 years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes—with a capital of one million dollars—to which a reserve fund of over five hundred and fifty thousand dollars has since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution, adopted December 2d, A. D. 1879.

Its Grand Single Number Drawings will take place monthly. It never scales or postpones. Look at the following Distribution:

169th Grand Monthly
AND THE
Extraordinary Semi-Annual Drawing,
In the Academy of Music, New Orleans, Tuesday, June 17, 1884.

Under the personal supervision and management of Gen. G. T. BEAUREGUARD, of La., and Gen. JUBAL A. EARLY, of Virginia.

Capital Prize, $150,000.

NOTICE—Tickets are Ten Dollars only. Halves Five Dollars. Fifths Two Dollars. Tenths One Dollar.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1	Capital Prize of	$150,000	$150,000
1	Grand Prize of	50,000	50,000
1	Grand Prize of	20,000	20,000
2	Large Prizes of	10,000	20,000
4	Large Prizes of	5,000	20,000
20	Prizes of	1,000	20,000
50	"	500	25,000
100	"	300	30,000
200	"	200	40,000
600	"	100	60,000
1,000	"	50	50,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

100	Approximation Prizes of	200	20,000
100	" "	100	10,000
100	" "	75	7,500
2,279	Prizes amounting to		$522,500

Application for rates to clubs should be made only to the office of the company in New Orleans.

For further information write clearly, giving full address. Make P. O. Money Orders payable and address Registered letters to

NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK,
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Postal Notes and ordinary letters by mail or express (all sums of five dollars and upwards by express at our expense) to

M. A. DAUPHIN,
New Orleans, La.,
Or, M. A. DAUPHIN,
707 Seventh Street, Washington, D. C.

Louisiana State Lottery.
For Tickets or further information of the above Lottery, address
DAVE C. JOHNSON,
COVINGTON, KY.

Established in 1857.
PETER LYNCH,
DEALER IN
GROCERIES, WINES,
Distilled and Malt Liquors
Cigars, Tobacco and Snuff, Wood and Willowware, Hardware, Holloware, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Guns, Pistols, Ammunition, Crockery, Glassware, etc. A perfect
VARIETY STORE.
Just now receiving Seed Irish Potatoes, Onion Sets, English Peas and other Garden and Field Seeds. Prices as low as the lowest. Terms Cash.
PETER LYNCH,
95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell sts., Atlanta, Ga.
Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 6, 1884.

ANGOSTURA

BITTERS.
J. W. WUPPERMANN, SOLE AGENT,
51 BROADWAY, N. Y.

CANCER.

SCIENTIFIC PERIODICALS ARE LARGELY filled of late with articles on the increasing prevalence of cancer, its nature and causes. Investigators are giving it much more attention than formerly. A few thoroughly educated, practical physicians are devoting their time and skill to its treatment and cure. Dr. Greene, with surgical rooms at 173 ... street, this city, is one of the leaders in this movement in the U. S. After a thorough and complete medical course, 20 years ago, and 5 years devoted to a large and successful general practice, he was appointed House Physician to the Bellevue Cancer Hospital, in West Philadelphia, where he had the daily care of from 50 to 75 cancer patients. A few second months a branch of that institution was established in Charlotte, N. C., in 1876 and he was placed at its head. While there he treated hundreds of cases, with a success unparalleled. Early in 1882 he was transferred to Atlanta. Since coming south in 1876 he has treated over 700 cases of cancer, curing a large per cent, though many were in a terrible condition when they presented themselves for treatment. He has thus demonstrated the fact that cancer, even in its most malignant form, IS CURABLE.

The Doctor has in his office immense cancerous masses preserved in Alcohol, which he has removed from various parts of the body, some without the knife, or the loss of blood. All those have been removed since he came to Atlanta. He cordially invites all Physicians, Clergymen, those having cancer and any others interested, to call and investigate. All letters of inquiry promptly answered. Next week some testimonials will be published.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE PROVIDENCE WASHINGTON Insurance Company, Providence, R. I., April 5, 1884. This is to notify the public that the Providence Washington Insurance Company, of Providence R. I., has withdrawn from business in the state of Georgia. Said company has canceled all policies issued by it in the state of Georgia, and has satisfied and paid all losses and claims of its policy holders in the state of Georgia, and on the 10th day of June, 1884, will make application to Hon. D. N. Speer, treasurer of the state of Georgia, for leave to withdraw from the state treasury the $25,000 of bonds of the said company now on deposit.
J. H. DEWOLF, President.

THE WORLD ABROAD.

THE IRISH NATIONALISTS MEETINGS IN NEWRY.

Orange Dissatisfaction With the Action of the British Government in Preventing Counter Demonstrations—The Egyptian Question—China and France—Foreign Notes.

London, June 9.—Earl Granville and M. Waddington, French minister, have agreed upon the basis of the conference on Egyptian affairs, and the terms of the agreement have been imparted to the powers. They approve the principle of temporary occupation of Egypt by England, to which, however, no limit is fixed, and propose an inter-national control of the powers to audit the whole system of the revenues and expenses of Egypt. England recognizes the suzerain rights of the porte through all Egypt, including the Soudan, and France formally abandons all claim to dual control.

The Pall Mall Gazette believes that the leading provisions in the agreement upon which the Egyptian conference will be based, recently made between M. Waddington, French ambassador to London, and Earl Granville, British foreign secretary, are first, that England shall advance the khedive £8,000,000 with interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, of which £450,000 shall be devoted to the payment of the Alexandria indemnity fund; £2,000,000 shall be used to meet the floating debt; £1,000,000 to pay the expenses of the evacuation of the Soudan, and the remaining five million pounds to secure the payment of the Egyptian coupons. Second, that multiple control shall be established over Egyt, the foundation of which shall be the Caisse de ladette publique, shall cease to be a mere bank, and shall have a new and extended authority. Third, that all the powers shall be presented in the new control, and that the president of the bank shall be an Englishman. Fourth, a British garrison is to remain in Egypt at least three and a half years. Fifth, the sultan, at England's request, is to send fifteen thousand troops to pacify the rebels in the Soudan and upper Egypt.

The Times says that the friends of General Gordon have made arrangements to send messengers to Khartoum with letters and copies and reports of the debates in parliament on the Soudon question and of the proceedings of the various meetings held at which the government was to relieve General Gordon. Extracts from the London and provincial press will also be sent for the purpose of showing Gordon that a large section of the public favor military action to rescue him.

A detachment of troops has arrived at Birmingham jail to prevent any attempt to rescue the dynamiters Daly, Egan and McDonnell. The sentries have been doubled and their positions are changed daily to correspond with the daily changes of the prisoners' cells.

Egypt.

Cairo, March 9.—A man who has arrived at Wadey Halfa, from Dongola, reports that Khartoum is strongly fortified, and that there is abundance of wheat in the town. The Nile is rising rapidly, and the rebels, fearing the arrival of the army from Cairo, are about to retire to Kardofan.

Nightly attacks are being made on Suakim by the Osman Digma Arabs. Colonel Stephenson has asked the English government for permission to send a force of cavalry to Suakim to clear the environs.

Ireland.

Newry, June 9.—The nationalists erected green arches in various parts of the town during the forenoon of Sunday, and paraded the streets with bands and banners. Messrs. O'Brien and Sullivan, members of parliament, and a number of their supporters, arrived by the train. At 3 o'clock the procession was formed, and proceeded through the principal streets. The meeting was held in a field outside of the town, and the usual resolutions were adopted. On the return of the nationalists from the meeting they threw stones, and when the procession reached the Protestant quarter of town the Protestants retaliated. The police finally separated the combatants. When the nationalists arrived opposite the Orange hall, they threw stones at the building and broke the windows. Several shots were fired. The police and troops then interfered, and four nationalists and several orangemen were arrested. The latter were in Orange hall, from whence it is stated the shots were fired. Many persons were injured in the affray.

Sixty Orangemen in all were arrested in the Orange hall at Newry yesterday. The Orangemen who were to have started from England for Newry were stopped by the secretary of the Orange society, owing to Earl Spencer's proclamation.

By advice of Lord Arthur Hill, the Orangemen held no counter demonstration in Newry. The Orangemen arrested inside of their hall were discharged excepting two, who were remanded on the charge of firing with intent to kill.

London, June 9.—The orangemen of this city, at a meeting held here, protested against the proclamation of Earl Spencer, lord lieutenant of Ireland; declared against the meeting of their brethren which was announced for to-day at Newry; expressed their sympathy with the loyalists of Ireland, and resolved to give them every assistance in their power. Shortly before the meeting separated, telegrams were received, stating that 850 orangemen had started for Newry by the Stranrear route, and that 650 more had sailed from Fleetwood and 1,200 from Barrow in Furness, for he same destination.

France.

Paris, June 9.—A duel with swords was fought to-day between M. Arene, a member of the chamber of deputies, and M. Judeff, editor of La France. M. Arene was wounded in the hand.

Spain.

Madrid, June 9.—The ministers have decided in council that seven of the fifteen members of the Blackhand anarchist society condemned to death shall be executed at Jerez. The others will suffer life long servitude.

Monaco.

London, June 9.—A Swiss doctor who had been ruined by gambling, committed suicide at Monaco, Sunday. This is the 32d suicide at Monaco this season.

Holland.

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L.S.L.

APITAL PRIZE $150,000

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness and good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with fac-similes of our signatures attached, in its advertisements."

G. T. Beauregard

J. A. Early

COMMISSIONERS.

Unprecedented Attractions!

Over Half a Million Distributed.

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY.

Incorporated in 1868 for 25 years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes—with a capital of one million dollars—to which a reserve fund of over five hundred and fifty thousand dollars has since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution, adopted December 2d, A. D. 1879.

Its Grand Single Number Drawings will take place monthly. It never scales or postpones. Look at the following Distribution:

169th Grand Monthly

AND THE

Extraordinary Semi-Annual Drawing,

In the Academy of Music, New Orleans, Tuesday, June 17, 1884.

Under the personal supervision and management of Gen. G. T. BEAUREGUARD, of La., and Gen. JUBAL A. EARLY, of Virginia.

Capital Prize, $150,000,

NOTICE—Tickets are Ten Dollars only. Halves Five Dollars. Fifths Two Dollars. Tenths One Dollar.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 Capital Prize of	$$150,000	$150,000
1 Grand Prize of	50,000	50,000
1 Grand Prize of	20,000	20,000
2 Large Prizes of	10,000	20,000
4 Large Prizes of	5,000	20,000
20 Prizes of	1,000	20,000
50 "	500	25,000
100 "	300	30,000
200 "	200	40,000
600 "	100	60,000
1000 "	50	50,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

100 Approximation Prizes of	200	$20,000
100 " "	100	10,000
100 " "	75	7,500

2279 Prizes amounting to.......$522,500

Application for rates to clubs should be made only to the office of the company in New Orleans. For further information write clearly, giving full address. Make P. O. Money Orders payable and address Registered letters to

NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK, New Orleans, La.

Postal Notes and ordinary letters by mail or express (all sums of five dollars and upwards by express at our expense) to

M. A. DAUPHIN, New Orleans, La.,

Or M. A. DAUHIN, 707 Seventh Street, Washington, D. C.

Louisiana State Lottery.

For Tickets or further information of the above Lottery, address

DAVE C. JOHNSON, COVINGTON, KY.

Established in 1857.

PETER LYNCH,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, WINES,

Distilled and Malt Liquors

Cigars, Tobacco and Snuff, Wood and Willowware, Hardware, Hollowware, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Guns, Pistols, Ammunition, Crockery, Glassware, Etc. A perfect

VARIETY STORE.

Just now receiving Seed Irish Potatoes, Onion Sets, English Peas and other Garden and Field Seeds. Prices as low as the lowest. Terms Cash.

PETER LYNCH,

95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell sts., Atlanta, Ga. Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 6, 1884.

BITTERS.

An excellent appetising tonic of exquisite flavor, now used over the whole world, cures Dyspepsia, Diarrhœa, Fever and Ague, and all disorders of the Digestive Organs. A few drops impart a delicious flavor to a glass of champagne, and to all summer drinks. Try it, and beware of counterfeits. Ask your grocer or druggist for the genuine article, manufactured by DR. J. G. B. SIEGERT & SONS.

J. W. WUPPERMANN, SOLE AGENT, 51 BROADWAY, N. Y.

CANCER.

SCIENTIFIC PERIODICALS ARE LARGELY filled of late with articles on the increasing prevalence of cancer, its nature and causes. Investigators are giving it much more attention than formerly. A few thoroughly educated, practical physicians are devoting their time and skill to its treatment and cure. Dr. Greene, with surgical rooms at 17½ Peachtree street, this city, is one of the leaders in this movement in the U. S. After a thorough and complete medical course, 20 years ago, and 5 years devoted to a large and successful general practice, he was appointed House Physician of the Belleview Cancer Hospital, in West Philadelphia, where he had the daily care of from 50 to 100 cancer patients. After several months, a branch of that Institution was established in Charlotte, N. C., in 1870, and he was placed at its head. While there he treated hundreds of cases, with a success unparalleled. Early in 1882 he was transferred to Atlanta. Since coming south in 1870, he has treated over 700 cases of cancer, curing a large per cent, though many were in a terrible condition when they presented themselves for treatment. He has thus demonstrated the fact that cancer, even in its most malignant form, IS CURABLE!

The Doctor has in his office immense cancerous masses preserved in Alcohol, which he has removed from various parts of the body; done without the knife, or the loss of blood. All these have been removed since he came to Atlanta. He cordially invites all Physicians, Clergymen, those having cancer and any others interested, to call and investigate. All letters of inquiry promptly answered. Next week some testimonials will be published.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE PROVIDENCE WASHINGTON Insurance Company, Providence, R. I., April 1884: This is to notify the public that the Providence Washington Insurance Company, of Providence R. I., has withdrawn from business in the state of Georgia. Said company has canceled all policies issued by it in the state of Georgia, and has satisfied and paid all losses and claims of the policy holders in the state of Georgia, and on the 7th day of June, 1884, will make application to Hon. D. N. Speer, treasurer of the state of Georgia, for leave to withdraw from the state treasury the $10,000 of bonds of the said company now on deposit.

J. H. DeWOLF, President.

THE WORLD ABROAD.

THE IRISH NATIONALISTS MEETINGS IN NEWRY.

Orange Dissatisfaction With the Action of the British Government in Preventing Counter Demonstrations—The Egyptian Question—China and France—Foreign Notes.

LONDON, June 9.—Earl Granville and M. Waddington, French minister, have agreed upon the basis of the conference on Egyptian affairs, and the terms of the agreement have been imparted to the powers. They approve the principle of temporary occupation of Egypt by England, to which, however, no limit is fixed, and propose an inter-national control of the powers to audit the whole system of the revenues and expenses of Egypt. England recognizes the suzerain rights of the porte through all Egypt, including the Soudan, and France formally abandons all claim to dual control.

The Pall Mall Gazette believes that the leading provisions in the agreement upon which the Egyptian conference will be based, recently made between M. Waddington, French ambassador to London, and Earl Granville, British foreign secretary, are first, that England shall advance the khedive £8,000,000 with interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, of which £450,000 shall be devoted to the payment of the Alexandria indemnity fund; £2,000,000 shall be used to meet the floating debt; £1,000,000 to pay the expenses of the evacuation of the Soudan, and the remaining five million pounds to secure the payment of the Egytian coupons. Second, that multiple control shall be established over Egyt, the foundation of which shall be the Caisse de ladette publique, shall cease to be a mere bank, and shall have a new and extended authority. Third, that all the powers shall be presented in the new control, and that the president of the bank shall be an Englishman. Fourth, a British garrison is to remain in Egypt at least three and a half years. Fifth, the sultan, at England's request, is to send fifteen thousand troops to pacify the rebels in the Soudan and upper Egypt.

The Times says that the friends of General Gordon have made arrangements to send messengers to Khartoum with letters and copies and reports of the debates in parliament on the Soudon question and of the proceedings of the various meetings held at which the government was to relieve General Gordon. Extracts from the London and provincial press will also be sent for the purpose of showing Gordon that a large section of the public favor military action to rescue him.

A detachment of troops has arrived at Birmingham jail to prevent any attempt to rescue the dynamiters Daly, Egan and McDonnell. The sentries have been doubled and their positions are changed daily to correspond with the daily changes of the prisoners' cells.

Egypt.

CAIRO, March 9.—A man who has arrived at Wadey Halfa, from Dongola, reports that Khartoum is strongly fortified, and that there is abundance of wheat in the town. The Nile is rising rapidly, and the rebels, fearing the arrival of the army from Cairo, are about to retire to Kardofan.

Nightly attacks are being made on Suakim by the Osman Digma Arabs. Colonel Stephenson has asked the English government for permission to send a force of cavalry to Suakim to clear the environs.

Ireland.

NEWRY, June 9.—The nationalists erected green arches in various parts of the town during the forenoon of Sunday, and paraded the streets with bands and banners. Messrs. O'Brien and Sullivan, members of parliament, and a number of their supporters, arrived by the train. At 3 o'clock the procession was formed, and proceeded through the principal streets. The meeting was held in a field outside of the town, and the usual resolutions were adopted. On the return of the nationalists from the meeting they threw stones, and when the procession reached the Protestant quarter of town the Protestants retaliated. The police finally separated the combatants. When the nationalists arrived opposite the Orange hall, they threw stones at the building and broke the windows. Several shots were fired. The police and troops then interfered, and four nationalists and several orangemen were arrested. The latter were in Orange hall, from whence it is stated the shots were fired. Many persons were injured in the affray.

Sixty Orangemen in all were arrested in the Orange hall at Newry yesterday. The Orangemen who were to have started from England for Newry were stopped by the secretary of the Orange society, owing to Earl Spencer's proclamation.

By advice of Lord Arthur Hill, the Orangemen held no counter demonstration in Newry. The Orangemen arrested inside of their hall were discharged excepting two, who were remanded on the charge of firing with intent to kill.

LONDON, June 9.—The orangemen of this city, at a meeting held here, protested against the proclamation of Earl Spencer, lord lieutenant of Ireland; declared against the meeting of their brethren which was announced for to-day at Newry; expressed their sympathy with the loyalists of Ireland, and resolved to give them every assistance in their power. Shortly before the meeting separated, telegrams were received, stating that 850 orangemen had started for Newry by the Stranrear route, and that 650 more had sailed from Fleetwood and 1,200 from Barrow in Furness, for he same destination.

France.

PARIS, June 9.—A duel with swords was fought to-day between M. Arene, a member of the chamber of deputies, and M. Judeff, editor of La France. M. Arene was wounded in the hand.

Spain.

MADRID, June 9.—The ministers have decided in council that seven of the fifteen members of the Blackhand anarchist society condemned to death shall be executed at Jerez. The others will suffer life long servitude.

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Georgia will be represented by many of the most distinguished Sunday school workers in the state. The delegation, so far as it is possible to obtain the names embraces the following: R. B. Reppard, Savannah, president of the Georgio State Sunday School association; Hon. Grisly E. Thomas, Columbus, vice-president; J. C. Courtney, Atlanta, secretary; J. C. Kimball, Atlanta, chairman. State executive committee—W. F. Parkhurst, Atlanta; Thos. Moore, Belton; John W. Wallace, Augusta. Members of state executive committee—Hon. John B. Estes, Fainesville; Kev. M. Cofer, Rev. P. H. Crumpler, Macon; T. M. Dimmock, Carrollton; C. H. Smith, Ellaville; Colonel W. R. Power, Marietta; J. S. Stewart, Oxford; J. C. Boston, Conyers; T. R. Jones, LaGrange; Professor R. W. Smith, Dalton; John M. Green, Atlanta, all officers of the state association, and Robert Adams, A. F. Daley, J. T. Waterman, Claude Estes, Mrs. John B. Estes, B. F. Perry, Mrs. J. W. Wallace, Mrs. W. C. Sibley, Mrs. W. C. Sibley, president W. C. T. U., of Georgia, A. L. Ryals, Mrs. J. C. Courtney, Miss Viola Reppard, Rev. J. W. Quillian, J. W. Harle, Mrs. J. C. Kimball, Dr. William King, Mrs. Thomas Moore, Dr. N. P. Banks, Mrs. J. C. Barton, Mrs. M. J. Cofer, Miss Stewart, C. R. Ellis, Rev. M. B. Wharton, D. D., W. S. Thomson, Rev. Attigus G. Haygood, D. D., and some others. The delegation leaves for Louisville at 2:50 this afternoon, in special Pullman cars, and will reach Louisville at 7:20 to-morrow morning, in ample time for the opening of the convention to-morrow.

CITY NEWS.

The rain yesterday afternoon prevented the meeting of the memorial association at the library.

A new sewer is being laid on Elliott street near Rhodes and Hunter street sewer near Pryor is being repaired.

The board of police commissioners convened in regular session last night. The monthly reports of the chief of police and the stationhouse keepers were read and ordered filed.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Howard died yesterday afternoon, on Foundry street. The funeral will take place this evening at their residence.

Yesterday afternoon a switch engine struck a box car near the Bell street crossing, and knocked a negro train hand from the top of the car to the ground breaking the left arm near the elbow in the fall.

Stationhouse Keeper Buchanan left yesterday for Thompson, with Ed Nelson, a negro, who was arrested in this city Sunday, and who is wanted in Thompson for burglary.

Several persons interested in organizing a baseball club talked the matter over yesterday and will probably organize to-night at eight o'clock in the rear room on the office floor of THE CONSTITUTION.

Charles Spence, a negro boy, was yesterday arrested upon a warrant charging him with the larceny of ten dollars from Maria Thomas, a negro woman who lives on Haynes street. The boy was locked up. Only a portion of the money was recovered.

Sunday night Mr. William Bradey's residence on Calhoun street was entered by a thief who stole a watch and a purse, the latter containing about twenty dollars. The thief entered the house by crawling through a window in the kitchen which he forced open.

JAY GOULD'S PERSONAL LOSSES.

His Colossal Fortune Said to Have Shrunk $21,642,000.

From the Boston Herald, May 32.

Mr. Gould's losses through the shrinkage of his property have been enormous. He has a large amount of stock held for investment, and all of it is very much below the quotations of two or three years ago. Put down in tabular form, the figure would look something like this, the stocks being his investment and not his speculative line—the speculative losses of the last year would swell the amount 33 per cent:

Stock	Shares	Highest in 1881	Lowest in 1884	Loss.
Western Union	300,000	93	49	$13,200,000
Missouri Pacific	120,090	114	65	5,880,000
Del., Lac. and W	10,000	150	104	460,000
Wabash preferred	10,000	92	11	810,000
Wabash common	20,000	60	7	1,060,000
American Cable	8,000	78	49	232,000
Total loss				$21,642,000

Enormous as these figures are, they do not represent entirely the shrinkage of Mr. Gould's fortune, for he is possessor of many railway mortgages, and of stock in many banking and trust companies, car companies, and bridge and warehouse companies, nearly every one of which is worth less money than it was three years ago. It is safe to say that the market value of Mr. Gould's securities has shrunk $25,000,000.

All through the panic, and for the last month for that matter, Mr. Gould has been constantly in his Broadway office, and he has evinced the liveliest interest in the condition of the market. He has done all in his power to talk up prices, has been interviewed again and again, and has used every artifice to restore confidence. His anxiety and his efforts prove that he has large interests at stake and that he is most deeply interested.

Baseball.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—Washington 1, Toledo 6.
Detroit—Buffalo 5, Detroit 3.
Providence—Boston 2, Providence 5.
Pittsburg—St. Louis 9, Allegheny 3.
Philadelphia—New York 12, Philadelphia 8.
Harrisburg—Actives of Reading 7, Harrisburg 8.
Allentown—Wilmington 7, Allentown 2.
Trenton—Trenton 8, Virginia 3.
Boston—Baltimore Unions 10, Boston Unions 4.
New York—Metropolitan 7, Louisville 5.
Brooklyn—Cincinnati 3, Brooklyn 1.
Baltimore—Baltimore 11, Indianapolis 10.
Philadelphia—Athletics 7, Columbus 0.
Newark, N. J.—Domestic 4, Ironsides, of Lancaster, 2.
Philadelphia—Keystone Union 6, Nationals 4.
Rain prevented games at Chicago and Kansas City.

The City Council.

The city council was in session last night. A petition from the church of the Immaculate Conception was read. It asked for permission to enter the remains of the Rev. Father Clary in the vault under the church beside the remains of Rev. Father Thomas O'Riely. The petition was accompanied by a paper from the board of health, setting forth that the burial under the church would be injurious to the health of that section of the city and requesting that the petition be not granted. The petition of the church was granted, and the paper from the board of health was tabled without debate.

The council, after discussing the matter of streets, agreed to proceed with the improvements now going on.

A Prominent Citizen Shot Dead.

GREENVILLE, Miss., June 9.—A most deplorable shooting affray took place here Saturday night. Godchaux, the night clerk at Eisberg's hotel, had a difficulty with a man whose name is not known. Judge Taylor Rucks interfered, and was shot and instantly killed, the ball passing through his head. Godchaux was struck by five balls and is said to be mortally wounded. Judge Rucks was one of the most prominent citizens of the place. Only a few months ago he was elected mayor, but resigned recently.

Knocked on the Head.

Late last night a man named Mayer was knocked on the head on Decatur street by a negro man and severely injured. Patrolman Clarke found the man lying on the street in an insensible condition and carried him to the city prison where he revived and stated that a negro had struck him. Mayer claimt to be from Augusta.

ESSENCE OF DIXIE.

A four foot rattlesnake was captured at the foot of Lookout mountain a few days ago.

A silver mine has been discovered in Hardin county, Ky.

Owen county, Ky., will have an immense crop o raspberries this year.

The peach crop of Arkansas will be a very larg one. It is becoming a valuable industry in the state.

A number of counties in Mississippi will make large oat crops.

A section of pine 27 feet in circumference will be sent to the New Orleans exposition by S. R. Quarles of Hamilton, Miss.

Colorado stockmen have 2,000,000 cattle in Texas.

Texas will ship 300,000 head of cattle this spring, valued at $5,000,000.

The prospects for an excellent wheat crop have not been better in East Tennessee for many years.

Portions of Louisiana will make a good oat crop.

The Sabine river in Louisiana is higher than it has been before in twenty years.

The crops generally in Alabama are reported as being prosperous.

The grand jury in session at Birmingham, Ala., has brought in 365 indictments.

Northern tourists will establish a winter resort at Hilton Head, South Carolina.

Mrs. Agnes Brown, who has charge of the feeding and other atttentions to the silk worms at the agricultural department of South Carolina, is preparing 17,650 cocoons for the state's exhibit at New Orleans.

BRADSTREET AND DUN.

The Financial Disasters in the South During the Past Week.

The business failures of last week throughout the country, as reported to R. G. Dun & Co., number for the United States 199, and for Canada 16. Total 215. The failures, as compared with last week, show an increase of 38.

The following are some of the disasters in Atlanta's territory:

ALABAMA.

Birmingham—J. A. Gackley, general store. Assigned.

GEORGIA.

Jonesboro—McConnell & Blalock, groceries, etc., Failed.

Savannah—T. M. Ray, saloon. Failed.

Thomson—Stovall & Boyd, general store. Assigned.

FLORIDA.

Laville—H. S. Walker, ——. Assigned.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Concord—Freeman Manufacturing Co. Failed and out of business.

Enfield—I. Levy & Bro., general store. Assigned.

Mount Airy—W. F. Gilmer, general store. Assigned.

Bradstreet's Journal.

There were 182 failures in the United States reported to Bradstreet's during the past week, against 148 in the preceding week, and 148, 130 and 82 in the corresponding weeks of 1883, 1882 and 1881, respectively:

About 80 per cent were those of small traders whose capital was less than $5,000. Among the suspensions reported were Waterhouse Brothers, flock manufacturers, Wiley & Wing, wholesale fruits, and Nathaniel Bloom, importer of fans and fancy goods, New York city; Vanuxen, Whatton & Co., commission dry goods, and R. H. Forestal & Co., wholesale paper, Philadelphia; D. Stewart & Sons, wholesale notions, Pittsburgh; William Wallace, president of the Stroudsburg (Pa.) National bank; Barkley & Hasson, wholesale coffee, Baltimore; Middleton & Co., bankers and brokers, Washington, D. C. In the principal trades they were as follows: General stores, 21; grocers, 18; liquors, 18; manufacturers, 13; produce and provisions, 11; clothing and cloth, 11; shoes, 11; hardware and agricultural implemements, 8; hotels and restaurants, 7; grain, flour, etc., 6; jewelry, 6; drugs, 5; dry goods, 5; fancy goods, 5; furniture, 5; lumber, etc., 5; markets, 4; coal and wood, 3; hats, 3; paper, books, etc., 3; stock brokers, 2; crockery, 2; bakers and confectioners, 2; harness, 2; men's furnishing goods, 2; tobacco and cigars, 2; banker, 1.

The failures in the states whose trade is tributary to Atlanta are as follows:

ALABAMA.

New Moon—Landers & Bro., general store, reported failed.

FLORIDA.

Jacksonville—H. S. Walker, grocer, assigned, Liabilities $2,500; assets about the same.

GEORGIA.

Atlanta—W. A. Jack & Co., grocers, sold out to a creditor.

Augusta—Rhind& Bell, stock brokers, failed. Liabilities $10,000; no assets.

McVille T. H. Norfleet, general store, reported considerably embarrassed. Liabilities about $4,000.

Macon—James D. Proctor, liquors, sold out for $4,500 cash and removed to Forsyth. Drafts have been returned unpaid.

Savannah—R. Coakley, wood, assigned.

Savannah—C. A. Shearson, cotton, failed. He succeeded to the business of the late J. G. Low in 1881. He shipped largely to Europe.

Walton—S. P. Lanier, liquors, closed by marshal for city taxes.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Enfield—I. Levy & Brother, clothing, assigned; preferences $2,800.

TENNESSEE.

Chattanooga—G. W. Linthicum, grocer, assigned.

Knoxville—Robert Vestal & Co., clothing, gave chattel mortgage for $14,000 to R. N. Hood and attached.

Memphis—N. M. Falk, men's furnishing goods, attached for $2,400. He recently claimed assets $4,200; liabilities $3,500.

Memphis—Kennesaw manufacturing company, gins, elevators, etc., assigned. Liabilities $36,000.

Mossy Creek—Hyatt & Dickey, general store, assigned. E. J. Hyatt had a store at Whiteburg.

Nashville—Frank Moulton & Co., grain and commission, failed. Liabilities $87,525; assets $40,457.

Oneida—G. W. Jones & Co., general store, failed and assigned.

An Editor's Experience.

After trying numerous remedies for Rheumatism, but without permanent relief, I was advised to use S. S. S., which had given permanent relief to others suffering from rheumatism. After taking half a dozen bottles I found that the disease entirely driven out of my system, and a permanent cure secured. This was over a year ago, and since then, even during our most severe weather, with sudden changes, I have never suffered a return of the old attacks which disabled me from editorial work. Slight attacks have yielded promptly to a few doses of S. S. S., and disappeared within forty-eight hours.

It is very seldom, indeed, that I recommended anything to the public in this manner, but I feel it due to your valuable preparation, that has given me such long desired and much needed relief, to state these facts thus publicly. I am sure that but for your Specific, I should have been laid aside from journalistic work, as the severest attack was in my right arm and hand. As thousands are now suffering in a similar manner, and many of them hesitate for certain reasons to use your preparation, I am constrained to address you this voluntary testimonial for publication in their behalf.

SIDNEY HERBERT, Atlanta, Ga.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga. 159 W. 23d St., N. Y., and 1205 Chestnut St. Phila.

Bishop Gross in St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, June 9.—The cornerstone of the new Catholic church of St. Francis Xavier, corner of Grand and Lindell avenues, was laid yesterday in the presence of 30,000 persons, by the Most Reverend Patrick J. Ryan, archbishop of Salamis, at present coadjutor to Archbishop Kewick, of St. Louis. Addresses were made by Bishop Divenger, of Fort Wayne, and Bishop Gross, of Savannah, Ga. The most notable feature of the occasion was the parade preceding the ceremonies. It consisted of all the Catholic societies in this city, and embraced from 10,000 to 12,000 persons, dressed in handsome regalia and gay uniforms, with bands of music and garlands of flowers.

Quick Time by Rail.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—A special newspaper train over the Baltimore and Ohio road, conveying the Washington correspondents from the convention, left Chicago at 2:10 p. m. Saturday (or 3:10 eastern time) and arrived here at 2 o'clock next day, making a run of 813 miles in twenty-three hours, while the actual running time was but nineteen hours and thirty minutes. Four hundred and sixty-three miles from Chicago to Ohio was run in eleven hours and twenty minutes, including thirty-eight stops. The actual running time is nine hours and twenty minutes, or an unparalleled average for the distance, of fully fifty miles per hour.

Carried to the Scene of His Crime.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., June 9.—[Special.]—The sheriff of Chambers county took charge of Sam Heinkle, a negro prisoner here, and carried him to Chambers county, where a special term of court will be held. He is charged with assaulting the wife of a respectable farmer in Chambers county, and was finally captured after a long chase and lodged in jail here, where he has been kept until his wounds were sufficiently healed to allow him to be taken away.

The Savannah Yacht Club.

SAVANNAH, June 9.—[Special.]—The Savannah yacht club started on its annual cruise at ten o'clock this morning, twelve in the fleet. It started off beautifully, and had crossed Collabogue sound at 12 o'clock, and expected to reach Beaufort. The annual regatta will take place on Wednesday, in which the Carolina yacht club will participate.

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES.

Anibal Pinto, ex-president of Chili, died in Valpairaso yesterday.

Noah H. S. Moyre, late associate justice of the United States supreme court of New York, died in New York city yesterday.

Married Again.

Yesterday Mr. Randall H. Wright was married to Mrs. Mary H. Robertson, a well known lady who resides on Walker street. Mr. Wright will be remembered as the man who recently passed through the trial of a sensational divorce suit, the particulars of which were published at the time.

On Saturday evening, at Louisville bridge, in Columbia county, on returning from a picnic, a row occurred in which Paul Griffin shot and killed a man named Taylor. Griffin was afterwards cut and dangerously wounded by A. P. Morris. It is reported that a free indulgence in liquor was the cause of the fight.

Drowned Near West End.

A six year old daughter of a Mrs. Watson, who lives near the ice factory on the Central railroad just beyond the city limits was drowned late yesterday evening in a pond of water near the old brewery. The child was playing near the edge of the water and, slipping, fell in. The body was recovered and Coroner Hilburn was notified.

The New Orleans Exhibit.

Major Barna, the Atlanta commissioner to the New Orleans exhibition, has called a meeting of the committee to convene at his office on Wednesday afternoon at four o'clock. There is business of very great importance to be transacted and a full attendance is earnestly asked. The committee is composed of the following gentlemen: R. B. Bullock, Elias Haiman, William Clifford Neff, Morris Adler, Grant Wilkins, B. F. Longley, H. W. Grady, Richard Peters, E. Van Winkle, R. J. Lowry, F. R. Logan, H. A. Fuller, Charles Meador, E. P. Chamberlin, George W. Adair, S. W. Goode, H. I. Kimball, J. P. Stevens, George Winship, Walter Taylor, Thomas H. Francis, W. C. Morrell, L. J. Hill, Edward S. Gay and T. M. Barna.

The College Fair.

The contest between Mr. Cheshire and Dorall for the hannsome silver pitcher closed last night. Mr. Cheshire won the pitcher and was presented with a handsome boquet.

Miss Bectoldt won the watch and chain. She received 199 votes and Miss Shumate received 137.

Everything is in readiness for the walking match between the four ladies to-night. Messrs. Venable and Gleen have been chosen judges and a third judge is yet to be selected. Messrs. Wells and Cheshire are the scorers. Pools were sold on the fair pedestrians last night.

IN MEMORIAM.

"Blessed are the Dead Who Die in the Lord, For Their Works Follow Them."

This holy sentiment is beautifully and most truthfully exemplified in the character of the holy religieuse who is the subject of this tribute.

SISTER MARY PAUL.

In the lapse of years, when the grassy mound shall have been levelled and the tree tops where gentle warblers chanted requiems for our beloved have tottered and fallen to the ground, the remembrance of her virtues will remain engraven on memory's tablets and the prayers of those over whom she exercised a hallowed influence will ascend in supplication like sweet incense before the Throne of God.

"She has passed away forever; but the sunlight of her brow,
Still brightens o'er the lonely home that weeps in sorrow now:
Though the lips we loved are silent, still the pleading voice we hear,
And the soft, low tones of melody fall sweetly on our ear.
She has faded! but the fragrance of her gentle virtues yet
Wafts memories of the sanctified we never can forget."

Miss Agnes Brown was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, May 24, 1853. She entered the novitiate of the Sisters' of Mercy, August 24, 1871; received the habit of the order February 2, 1872, and was henceforth known as "Sister Mary Paul." Having passed through the usual term of probation, she made the holy vows August 15, 1873. On account of her rare virtues and extraordinary abilities, she was chosen soon after her religious profession to fill a responsible position in the Convent of the Immaculate Conception, Atlanta, Georgia.

The influence of her example and the salutary effects of her advice and instructions during the years she labored there won for her the esteem and confidence of a host of pupils and friends, who will ever remember the holy religieuse who in purity, gentleness and charity labored to gain souls to the Divine Spouse whom she loved so well.

Her next field of labor was the academy of the Sacred Heart, Augusta. Here, too, she was destined to exercise her zeal in promoting God's honor and glory. She became identified with the interests of the institution, and her brilliant talent, gentle manners, and tender piety, secured for those who were fortunate enough to have been placed under her guidance, a mould of character, that will ever remain a standing memorial to her real worth. Though her sojourn was brief, she endeared herself not only to her numerous pupils, but also to a large circle of friends who will ever fondly cherish the memory of Sister Mary Paul, for "To live in hearts we leave behind is not to die."

She was recalled to Atlanta and continued her zealons labors where in the midst of her work she faded, and like the setting of a pale sweet star, her life of usefulness was fast drawing to a close. Whatever inconveniences she suffered from incipient consumption, she bore them in silence, and would have continued to perform her accustomed duties till her strength completely failed, had not her altered appearance necessitated her return to the mother house in Savannah.

In the dawn of the sweet month of May, consoled by the presence of loving relatives and a number of her sisters in religion, fortified for the momentous journey from time to eternity by the adorable Viaticum, reassured by the last unction which cleansed her soul from the most trivial imperfections, she calmly breathed her last May 7, 1884.

"Death had come down and closed
Those beautiful eyes, where mercy
And God's holy love reposed."

Sister Mary Paul's death was such as might be expected from a life replete with good works. It was the death of the just, which is precious in the sight of the Lord. Her soul was calm and joyful and perfectly resigned to the Divine Will. Among her great virtues charity, humility and chilk-like simplicity shone conspicuously. Her sweetness of disposition endeared her to all her sisters, while her great uprightness and high moral character made her respected no less than loved. The Sisters of Mercy have one more advocate in Heaven; her bright example will always be remembered. May they ever imitate her virtues, and they will have glory before God and man. These lines are affectionately inscribed by a devoted friend who sympathizes deeply with the loving and sorrow-stricken relatives of the deceased, as well as the Community of Mercy, of which she was so exemplary and valuable a member. Though the impulse of nature prompts us to bedew the memory of the loved one with tears of affection. Still, the consolations of religion, unfold the bright reward bestowed on those who are faithful to the end.

T. L. F.

ALPHONSE LAMBERT.—Unless utterly depraved, or sanctified by birth, all men live one of two lives: The tendency of one of these lives is ever downward, downward; whilst the other points to heaven and leads the way. When the better life gains the ascendency, and by the grace of God exerts an influence for good over other lives by which it is surrounded, its possessor deserves more than a passing notice—simple announcement that he has ceasedto exist on earth. Such is true of Alphonse Lambert, the florist and landscape gardner of Atlanta. He was born in Neville, in the province DeBrabant, near Brussels, Belgium, the 22d of February 1837. At the early age of twenty years he came to America, selecting at that time Rome, Georgia, as his future home. After four years sojourn in that beautiful little town, he was attracted to the Gate City, where he remained until his death April, 1884, and soon became a most desirable adjunct in the building up of the city. The scientific and successful culture of flowers should be reconed one of the fine arts, and this he understood and accomplished to the fullest extent. The bridal wreath and the funeral oblation—the floral cross and the anchor of hope—cultivated and tastefully arranged by his deft fingers have decorated Hymen's altar and the funeral bier, have embellished the homes of the rich and gladdened the hearts of the poor.

His wife, whom he married in Atlanta, proved herself to be a true helpmeet to him, and entered fully into his beautiful pursuit, and although seven children claimed her mother love and care, she yet found time to share his labors and cultivate a like fondness for God's beautiful handiwork. Thus surrounded no wonder that he should have assimilated to all that is pure and lovely in nature, and his daily life become odorous with the sweet perfume of his flower decked home; no wonder that he should have been drawn from nature up to nature's God. Alphonse Lambert was a Christian in the broadest sense of the term. Born and reared in the Catholic church, he died in its holy communion; but in whomsoever he found the image of Christ he found a brother.

Amid affliction such as seldom falls to the lot of man, he was enabled to say, "Father, thy will, not mine be done;" and he was often comforted by the reflection that his suffering was nothing compared with the agony and bloody sweat of Him who died on the cross of Calvary.

Friend, M. A. H. G.

OBITUARY.

ARMSTRONG—Died at his home in Wilkes county, Georgia, June 4, 1884, Francis C. Armstrong, aged 76 years, 11 months and 20 days.

FUNERAL NOTICES.

GLENN—The friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Glenn are respectfully invited to attend the funeral of their son, Harry Fletcher, from their residence, No. 82 Wheat street, this (Tuesday) morning at 10 o'clock.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low-test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. Wholesale by Boynton Bros., Atlanta, Ga.

Thirty years' experience in making fine goods in New York has enabled Hanan & Son to supply gentlemen of fastidious tastes with first class HAND MADE shoes. Those who wish a perfect fit, comfort, style and excellence of material will find "the HANAN" Shoes for sale by

M'KELDIN & CARLTON,

Address,

35 PEACHTREE STREET,

Sole Agents for Atlanta.

AMUSEMENTS.

LITERARY & MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT

BY THE

Atlanta Preparatory School,

ASSISTED BY

EMINENT PROFESSIONAL TALENT.

AT DEGIVE'S OPERA HOUSE, JUNE 12, THE pupils of the Atlanta Preparatory School will give an entertainment, the proceeds of which will be devoted to the placing of a Memorial Tablet to the memory of

ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS

In the new Capitol, space for which application has been made through the proper channel.

The school will be assisted by Mr. I. C. Long, of Kansas City, who will have in charge the Summer School of Elocution, Mont Eagle, Tenn.; Miss Eva Cuckler, Atlanta's Prima Donna; Miss Irene Farrar, the Æolian Quartette, and other vocal and instrumental performers.

Tickets 50 cents; children half price; reserved seats 25 cents extra. For sale at Phillips & Crew's.

NOTICE

—TO—

GAS CONSUMERS.

—THE—

GATE CITY GASLIGHT CO,

HAVING COMPLETED ALL ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE

SUPPLY OF ALL GAS

That may be needed by the people of Atlanta, proposes to furnish

GAS TO CONSUMERS

—AT AS—

Low a Rate as Can Now be Had

Of any competing gas company, and will protect its consumers by meeting any

FURTHER REDUCTION

That may be made by its competitors. It guarantees absolutely

Twenty-five per cent more light

For the same money than can be furnished by any other gas company in the city.

GATE CITY GASLIGHT CO., Office, 12 West Alabama Street

EAST TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA & GEORGIA

RAILROAD COMP'Y.

PASSENGER DEPARTMENT.

Knoxville, Tenn., May 24, 1884.

CIRCULAR No. 64.

Improved Passenger Facilities

—AT ATLANTA.—

COMMENCING MAY 31st, 1884, ALL PASSENGER trains of the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia railroad will arrive at and depart from the company's new short line passenger depot on Mitchell street, opposite the Central railroad's freight station, and in order that the comfort and convenience of its passenger service may be rendered uniform with that enjoyed by roads using the Union depot, omnibusses and baggage wagons will run between the hotels, the Union depot and the City ticket office, 30 Wall street, and the said short line passenger depot on Mitchell street, to and from all passenger trains.

A first-class restaurant will be maintained, and convenient waiting rooms, with proper attendants, provided.

Tickets to all points will be on sale at the short line passenger depot, Mitchell street, and also at the City ticket office, 30 Wall st., opposite Union depot.

J. J. GRIFFIN, A. G. P. A., Atlanta Ga. A. POPE, G. P. & T. A.
J. W. FRY, Sup't Atlanta Div. S. H. HARDWICK, Trav. Pass. Agent.
jun7 1m J. F. O'BRIEN, Gen'l Sup't.

R. H. KNAPP.......AUCTIONEER

SOLD FOR DIVISION.

4 Lots on Washington Street,
4 Lots on Richardson street,
8 Lots on Pulliam street,
1 Lot on Crew street.

—I WILL SELL ON THE PREMISES—

At 3:30 P. M., Thurday, 12th June,

FOUR BEAUTIFTL RESIDENCE LOTS ON Washington street, between Rawson and Clarke streets, in close proximity to the elegant residences of Colonel W. J. Garrett, Mr. Julius L. Brown, Mr. Stewart F. Woodson, Mr. John A. Colvin, Captain W. D. Ellis and others. For a long time parties have tried to buy these lots and they are now for the first time put upon the market, and will be sold. The Metropolitan and the Atlanta street railroads run close by. The street in front is macadamized and the walk paved, making these lots in every way desirable. Also 4 choice lots on northwest corner of Richardson and Crew streets, and one on Crew street, near to the fine residences of Colonel A. J. McBride, Colonel Hall, Mr. Bellingrath and others. Also 8 lots on Pulliam street, between Richardson and Crumley streets, very desirable for cottage residences. Don't miss this chance of putting your money in a safe investment and one that will make you money. Plats ready on Tuesday. Titles perfect. Terms half cash, balance 6 and 12 months, with 8 per cent interest or all cash at option of purchaser. R. H. KNAPP, jun10td 8 East Alabama street.

SPLENDID CHANCE

FOR

INVESTMENT!

THE WOODSTOCK IRON CO.,

RETIRING FROM ALL MERCANTILE BUSIness, offer for sale on favorable terms their

STORE BUILDING AND STOCK OF GOODS

AT

HEFLIN, ALA.,

ON THE GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILROAD.

BETWEEN ANNISTON AND ATLANTA.

This is one of the best trading points in the state for a

COUNTRY TRADE AND COTTON BUSINESS,

Having a large scope of fine country tributary to it, and good shipping facilities.

Apply to WOODSTOCK IRON CO., Anniston, Ala.

WANTED—Traveling salesmen who will sell our line of autumn and winter jeans, cottonades, cassimeres, flannels, and blankets in connection with their other business. Liberal commission paid. Address, with reference,

FRANK D. LaLANNE & CO., Manufacturers, Philadelphia.

june7 14 2t

Notice to Debtors and Creditors.

ALL CREDITORS OF THE ESTATE OF MRS. Maria E. Bell, late of Fulton county, deceased, are hereby notified to render in their demands to the undersigned according to law, and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediata payment.

JAMES ROBINSON, Administrator.

Atlanta, 10th June, 1884. tues

My Stock of

SPRING CLOTHING

—AND—

FURNISHING GOODS

IS NOW COMPLETE.

Elegant Dress Suits,
Business Suits,
Coats and Vests

—AND—

FANCY PANTS

IN ALL THE NEW STYLES.

HANDSOMEST STOCK OF

NECKWEAR

IN THE CITY.

A. B. ANDREWS,

16 WHITEHALL STREET. 16

BIDS

Will be received by the undersigned until 12 o'clock Saturday, June 14th, for the delivery within the next thirty days at Peters Park of

Two Thousand Fence Posts,

Chestnut or Cedar, seven feet long, five inches at smallest end, bark stripped.

H. I. KIMBALL, General Manager.

June 10, 1884. tu th sat

The Kensington,

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y.

THIS BEAUTIFULLY LOCATED AND first class hotel will commence its third season June 14th. Being a few hundred feet from the thoroughfare on Union avenue, the finest drive in Saratoga, and overlooking Congress park makes it especially desirable for families.

James H. Rodgers, owner and proprietor, also prop'r Colemap house, New York, and Erie railway dining hall, Hornellsville, N. Y.

OPENING WEEK.

J. P. STEVENS & CO.,

JEWELERS.

HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN

BROKER AND DEALER IN

STOCKS AND BONDS,

OFFICE

Gate City National Bank Building.

(Pryor Street Entrance.)

GEORGIA COTTON, PRODUCE

—AND—

STOCK EXCHANGE,

PA[illegible] ROWLAND & CO., Managers.

Brokers in Cotton, Wheat, Corn, Oats, Pork,Sides, Lard and Coffee Futures, also Stocks of all kinds, and Petroleum bought and sold on margins.

NO. 8 NORTH BROAD STREET,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Refer to Gate City National Bank.

BANK

OF THE

STATE OF GEORGIA.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

CASH CAPITAL.....$100,000.00
SURPLUS FUND.....55,000.00

STOCKHOLDERS (with unincumbered property worth over a million dollars) **Individually liable.**

Maddox, Rucker & Co.

BANKERS,

Transact a General Banking Business.

Allow 4 per cent Interest on Deposits.

W. H. PATTERSON,

Bond and Stock Broker

24 PRYOR STREET,
JACKSON BUILDING.

WANTED.

Atlanta City Bonds.
Georgia Railroad Bonds.
State of Georgia Bonds.
Southwestern Railroad Stock.

FOR SALE.

Central Railroad Debentures.
Atlanta and West Point Debentures.
Atlanta and West Point Stock.
Georgia Railroad Stock.
International Railroad and Steamship 6 per cent Land Grand Bonds.
Georgia Pacific Railroad Bonds.
Sheffield Coal, Iron and Land Co. Stock.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Bonds, Stocks and Money.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, June 9, 1884.

STATE AND CITY BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Ga. 6s	105	106	Atlanta 7s	108	110
Ga. 7s, 1886	105	106	Atlanta 6s	100	102
Ga. 7s gold	111	113	Augusta 7s	108	111
Ga. 7s, 1896	117	120	Augusta 6s	102	104
S.C.(Brown)	102	104	Macon 6s	106	107
Savannah 5s	90	92	Rome, new	95	100
Atlanta 8s	114	116	Columbus 5s	82	85

ATLANTA BANK STOCK.

Atlanta Na'l	200	210	B'k State of Ga.	100	
M'ch'ts B'k	100	105	Gate City Nat.	100	

RAILROAD BONDS.

Ga. R. 7s	104	106	Atlanta & Char. inc. 6s	55	58
Ga. R. 6s	104	106			
Cent. R. 7s	108	110	Atlantic & G. con	108	110
C. C. & A. 1st	106	108			
At.&Char.1st	102	104	E. T., V. & G. inc. 6s	28	30

RAILROAD STOCKS.

Georgia	155	157	Central	85	87
At. & Char.	65	68	Aug. & Sav.	115	117
Southwe'tern	114	116	A. & W. P.	95	100
South C'lina	20	25	C., C. & A.	28	30

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Stocks as Reported in the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, June 9—The stock market to-day opened firm, and then weakened on the drive against New York Central, which fell off to 103½ on a revival of the reports that the company will shortly issue bonds on stock or betterments. Subsequently Western Union became active, advancing to 61½, and there was a firmer feeling all around. In the afternoon Louisville and Nashville was the weak spot, breaking 2¾ per cent. The general list during the afternoon was first strong and then lower in sympathy with the drop in Louisville and Nashville. Near the close Western Union declined 1 per cent; Missouri Pacific ¾; Lake Shore ⅞; Northwest 1; St. Paul 1⅜; Lackawanna ⅞; Northern Pacific preferred 1½; Union Pacific 1⅛. In the final sales there was a rally of ⅛ to ⅝ per cent. The market was purely a brokers one and presented few features of interest. Compared with Saturday's closing, prices are ⅛ to 1 per cent lower for the general list, 2⅜ for Louisville and Nashville, and 1⅜ for Northern Pacific preferred. New York Central, Lake Shore and Canada Southern were fractionally higher.

Exchange 484¼. Money 1½. Sub-treasury balances: Coin $127,933,000; currency $9,801,000. Governments lower; 4s 119⅞; 3s 100. State bonds dull.

Ala. Class A 2 to 5	†81	Mobile & Ohio	8
do. Class B 5s	103	A. & C.	37
Ga. 6s	†102	N. O. Pac firsts	63
Ga. 7s mortgage	†104	N. Y. Central	103⅞
North Carolinas	†30	Norfolk & W'n pre.	29
do. new	†12½	Northern Pac.	21
do. funding	†10	do. preferred	47⅞
S. C. con. Brown	†105	Pacific Mail	41
Tennessee 6s	†38	Reading	23⅜
Virginia 6s	†40	Rich. & Allegheny	2
Virginia consols	†40	Richmond & Dan.	40
Chesap'ke & Ohio	7½	Rich. & W. P. Ter'l.	†19
Chicago & N. W.	99¼	Rock Island	112½
do. preferred	128	St. Paul	72½
Den & Rio Grande	10¼	do. preferred	109
Erie	14⅝	Texas Pacific	11⅞
East Tenn. R. R.	4	Union Pacific	44½
Lake Shore	83¾	Wab. St. L. & Pac.	6
L. & N.	27¼	do. preferred	13
Memphis & Char.	26	Western Union	60⅝

†Bid ‡Ex-dividend *Offered §Asked

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, June 9, 1884.

New York—The cotton market took a downward course to-day, but the feeling has undergone no material change. Spots, middling 11¾c.

Net receipts for two days 3,303 bales, against 7,416 19,834 bales last year; exports 9,452 bales; last year 39,923 bales; 433,378 bales; last year 448,902 bales.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York to-day:

OPENED.		CLOSED.	
June	11.69@11.72	June	11.65@11.66
July	11.81@	July	11.74@11.75
August	11.95@	August	11.89@11.90
September	11.80@	September	11.72@11.73
October	11.33@	October	11.24@11.25
November	11.11@	November	11.02@11.03
December	11.09@	December	11.01@11.02
January	11.16@11.17	January	11.09@11.10
February	11.27@11.29	February	11.20@11.22

Closed barely steady; sales 40,000 bales.

Liverpool — Futures closed quiet. Spots — Uplands 6 7-16d; Orleans 6 9-16d; sales 15,000 bales, of which 10,500 bales were American; receipts 9,000; American 7,800.

Local—Market quiet and steady. We quote: Good middling 11⅜c; middling 11¼c; strict low middling 11⅛c; low middling 11c; strict good ordinary 10⅞c; tinges 11¼c; stains 9¼@9⅞c.

NEW YORK, June 9—The Post's cotton market report says: A further advance at Liverpool of 1-16d for cotton on the spot and 3@2-64 for arrivals led here at first to 3-100 higher rates for future deliveries, but when the last telegram reported Liverpool easier for arrivals, the advance was not only lost, but there was a further decline of 3@6-100, the demand being insufficient to maintain prices above Liverpool values. At the third call August brought 11.91, October 11.27, November 11.04, February 11.24; June was held at 11.68, July 11.77, September 11.74, December 11.04, January 11.12, March 11.36. Futures closed easy, June 1-100 and the balance 5@6-100 lower than Saturday.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, June 9—Cotton hardening; middling uplands 6⅞; middling Orleans 6½; sales 15,000 bales; speculation and export 3,000; receipts 9,000; American 7,800; uplands low middling clause June and July delivery 6 28-64, 6 29-64, 6 30-64, 6 29-64; July and August delivery 6 31-64, 6 32-64; August and September delivery 6 35-64, 6 36-64; September and October delivery 6 32-64, 6 33-64; October and November delivery 6 21-64; November and December delivery 6 15-64; December and January delivery 6 15-64; September delivery 6 37-64; futures opened steady at the advance.

LIVERPOOL, June 9—2:00 p. m.—Cotton, middling uplands 6 7-16; middling Orleans 6 9-16; sales of American 10,500 bales; uplands low middling clause June delivery 6 29-64, buyers; June and July delivery 6 29-64, buyers; July and August delivery 6 32-64, sellers; August and September delivery 6 36-64, selless; September and October delivery 6 33-64, buyers; October and November delivery 6 21-64, sellers; November and December delivery 6 15-64, buyers; December and January delivery 6 15-64, value; September delivery 6 37-64; futures steady at the aevance.

LIVERPOOL, June 9—4:00 p. m.— Uplands low middling clause June delivery 6 29-64, sellers; June and July delivery 6 29-64, sellers; July and August delivery 6 31-64, value; August and September delivery 6 35-64, sellers; September and October delivery 6 33-64, sellers; October and November delivery 6 21-64, sellers; November and December delivery 6 15-64, value; December and January delivery 6 15-64, value; September delivery 6 37-64, value; futures closed quiet.

NEW YORK, June 9—Cotton firm; sales 2,240 bales; middling uplands 11⅝; middling Orleans 11⅞; net receips none; gross 802; consolidated net receipts 2,026; exports to Great Britain 6,734; to continent 201.

GALVESTON, June 9—Cotton quiet; middling 11⅝; net receipts 502 bales; gross 502; sales 10; stock 5,812; exports coastwise 480.

NORFOLK, June 9—Cotton firm; middling 11⅜; net receipts 996 bales; gross 996; stock 1,617; sales 16; exports coastwise 1,146.

WILMINGTON, June 9—Cotton quiet; middling 11⅝; ne. receipts 2 bales; gross 2; sales none; stock 888.

SAVANNAH, June 9—Cotton quiet and steady; middling 11⅛; net receipts 102 bales; gross 102; sales none; stock 2,001; exports coastwise 276.

NEW ORLEANS, June 9—Cotton firm; middling 11⅝; net receipts 352 bales; gross 365; sales 1,000; stock 104,214.

MOBILE, June 9—Cotton nominal; middling 11¼; net receipts 40 bales; gross 40; sales none; stock 6,954; exports coastwise 103.

MEMPHIS, June 9—Cotton firm; middling 11⅜; net receipts 190 bales; shipments 652; sales 350; stock 18,177.

AUGUSTA, June 9—Cotton quiet; middling 11⅛; net receipts 4 bales; shipments —; sales none.

CHARLESTON, June 9—Cotton nominal; middling nominal; net receipts 105 bales; gross 105; sales 30; stock 3,082; exports coastwise 165.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movements in Grain and Produce.

By telegraph to The Constitution.

CHICAGO, June 9—Very little interest was manifested in trading, and values ruled irregular on 'change to-day.

Wheat opened firm but eased off and closed weak and lower. July sold up to 91½c but dropped off to 90⅛ and closed at that point. Receipts continue slowly to increase and thus aided to depress prices. August closed at 91⅛c and September at 91⅞c. On the afternoon board August sold off ⅛c additional.

Speculative trading in corn was on a moderate scale, and prices were fairly steady; fluctuations were confined within a range of ⅝c. July closed at 56⅛@56½c, August at 57⅝c. On the afternoon board July and August advanced ⅛c.

Oats were firm. July closed at 3⅛c and August at 29½c. On the afternoon board July advanced ⅛. Pork and lard were very quiet and unchanged.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, June 9, 1884.

The following quotations indicate the fluctuations on the Chicago board of trade to-day:

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing
WHEAT.				
June	88½	88¾	88¼	88⅛
July	91⅝	91⅜	90⅞	90½
PORK.				
July	19 25	19 37½	19 25	19 30
August	19 25	19 35	19 25	19 30
CLEAR RIB SIDES.				
July	8 55	8 60	8 55	8 60
August	8 65	8 72½	8 65	8 70

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, June 9—Market steady but generally firm. Flour—Patent process $7.25@$7.75; fancy $6.25; extra family $5.75@$6.00; family $5.25@$5.50; extra $4.75@$5.00. Wheat—No. 2 red $1.20@$1.23. Corn—White milling, car lots bulk, 85c; do. sacked 88c; dray lots 92@95c; mixed, car lots bulk, 75c; do. sacked 78c; dray lots 83c. Corn Meal—85@90c. Stock Feed—$1.35 ₩ 100 lbs. Oats—Car lots bulk 46c; do. sacked 48½c; dray lots 53c. Rye—None. Hay—Fancy, car lots $22.00; ₩ 100 lbs $1.15; choice $21.00; ₩ 100 lbs $1.10; prime $20.00; ₩ 100 lbs $1.05; clover $20.00; ₩ 100 lbs $1.05. Wheat Bran — Car lots 99; dray lots $1.10. Grits $3.85 ₩ bbl.

BALTIMORE, June 9—Flour dull; Howard street and western superfine $2.75@$3.50; extra $3.50@$4.50; family $4.50@$5.75; city mills superfine $3.00@$3.50; extra $3.50@$4.50; Rio brands $5.62@$5.75. Wheat, southern lower and quiet; western higher and dull; southern red $1.06@$1.08; amber $1.08@$1.12; No. 1 Maryland $1.11@$1.11¼; No. 2 western winter red spot $1.03¼@$1.03⅛. Corn, southern steady; western nominally steady; southern white 68@71; yellow 60@63.

NEW YORK, June 9—Flour, southern steady; common to fair extra $3.60@$4.65; good to choice $4.70@$6.25. Wheat, spot firm; ungraded red 84@$1.18¼; No. 2 red June $1.00@$1.01¼. Corn, spot ⅛@1c higher; ungraded 65@68; No. 2 June 62⅛@63. Oats ¼@½c lower; No. 2 38. Hops dull and barely steady; new 18@25.

CHICAGO, June 9—Flour unchanged. Wheat unsettled and lower; June 88¾; July 91@91⅛. Corn steady; closed nominally unchanged; cash 55@55⅛; June 54⅞@55¼. Oats steady; cash and June 33@33¼.

ST. LOUIS, June 9—Flour unchanged. Wheat dull and lower; No. 2 red fall $1.03@$1.03½ cash; $1.03@$1.03¼ June. Corn lower and inactive; No 2 mixed 51⅞@53 cash; 52¼ June. Oats dull; 31½@32 cash.

CINCINNATI, June 9—Flour heavy; family $4.40@$4.65; fancy $5.10@$5.40. Wheat dull; No. 2 red winter 98@$1.01. Corn easier; No. 2 mixed 56@57. Oats in moderate demand; No. 2 mixed 35.

LOUISVILLE, June 9—Wheat quiet; No. 2 red winter $1.00@$1.03. Corn quiet; No. 2 mixed 58. Oats quiet; No. 2 western mixed 36½.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, June 9—Market dull and jobbers show no disposition to rush business. Sugars easier. Coffee — Rio 10½@13; old government Java 25c. Sugars — Standard A 7⅛c; granulated 7⅝c; white extra C 7@7¼c; New Orleans sugars, yellow clarified 6¾@7¼c; white 7¼c. Molasses—Black strap in bbls 29c. Syrup — New Orleans choice 50c; prime 45c; fair 35@40c; common 30c. Teas—Black 40@60c; green 40@60c. Nutmegs 80c. Cloves 25c. Allshice 10c. Cinnamon 25c. Sago 50c. African ginger 16c. Mace 80c. Pepper 18c. Crackers—Milk 8c; Boston butter 8½c; pearl oyster 7c; X soda 6c; XXX do. 7½c. Candy—Assorted stick 10c. Mackerel—Market about bare of 1s and 2s; No. 3 kits, L.W., 60c; do. ½ bbls, 80 lbs, $3.50@$3.75; do. ½ bbls, 100 lbs, $4.50. Soap $2.50@$7.00 ₩ 100 cakes. Candles—Full weight 15½c. Matches—100 ₩ box $1.75; 200 $3.50; 300 $4.75. Soda, in kegs, 4¾c; in boxes 5¾@6½c. Rice 6@7c.

NEW YORK, June 9—Coffee, spot fair Rio dull at 9¾; No. 7 Rio spot 8.15; June 8.20. Sugar steady; fair to good refining 4 13-16; refined quiet; C 5⅝; extra C 5¼@5⅝; white extra C 5½@5⅝; yellow 4⅞@4⅞; off A 5⅝@6; mould A 6 15-16; standard A 6¼; confectioners A 6¼; cut loaf 7⅝@7¾; crushed 7½@7¾; powdered 7¼@7¾; granulated 6⅝; Cubes 7⅛. Molasses unchanged; Cuba refining 17½; New Orleans 35@51. Rice firm; domestic 5¼@7; rangoon 4⅞.

CINCINNATI, June 9—Sugar in fair demand; hards refined 7⅛@7¾; New Orleans 5¼@6⅛.

CHICAGO, June 9—Sugar, standard A 6¾; cut loaf 7⅞@8; granulated 7½@7⅝.

Provisions.

NEW YORK, June 9—Pork inactive; prices nominal; old mess spot $16.87½@$17.00. Middles nominal; long clear 8¾. Lard opened a trifle lower but advanced 3@4 points, closing, however, with less strength; western steam spot 8.25; July 8.35.

LOUISVILLE, June 9—Provisions firmer. Mess pork $18.00. Bulk meats, shoulders 6¼; clear ribs 8¾; clear sides 9¼. Bacon, shoulders 7; clear ribs 9¼; clear sides 9¾; hams, sugar-cured 13. Lard, steam leaf 10.

CHICAGO, June 9—Pork dull and nominally 5@10c higher; cash and June $18.50@$19.00. Lard firm; cash 8.12½@8.15; June 8.15. Bulk meats in fair demand; shoulders 5.90; short rib 8.45; short clear 8.65.

ATLANTA, June 9—Market firmer; clear rib sides 9¼@9⅜c. Bacon—Sugar-cured hams 13½c. Lard—Tierces, refined 9½c; 50 lb cans 9¾c; tubs 9¾c; 10 lb cans 10c; 5 lb cans 10⅛c; 3 lb cans 10½c.

CINCINNATI, June 9—Pork quiet; mess $18.00. Lard firmer at 7.80. Bulk meats stronger; shoulders 6¼; short ribs 8⅜. Bacon stronger; shoulders 7¼; short ribs 9⅜; short clear 9⅝.

ST. LOUIS, June 9—Provisions firm and better. Pork, jobbing at $16.00@$16.75. Bulk meats, long clear 8.40; short clear 8.80. Lard dull at 8@8.95.

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

ATLANTA, June 9—Market steady. Corn whisky, rectified, $1.00@$1.40; rye, rectified, $1.10@$1.50; rye and Bourbon medium $1.50@$2.00; rum rectified $1.25@$1.75; New England $1.75@$2.50; St. Croix $4.00; Jamaica $3.50@$4.50; gin, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $3.00@$4.50; Cognac brandy, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $5.00@$8.00; copper distilled corn whisky, Georgia made, $1.75; apple and peach brandy $2.00@$3.00; cherry and ginger brandy $1.00@$1.50; port wine $1.50@$6.00, owing to quality; sherry $1.50@$6.00; catawba $1.25@$1.75; scuppernong $1.00@$1.25.

CINCINNATI, June 9—Whisky steady at $1.07.

LOUISVILLE, June 9—Whisky quiet at $1.13.

ST. LOUIS, June 9—Whisky lower at $1.08.

CHICAGO, June 9—Whisky at $1.13.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, June 9—Apples — None. Peaches, peck crates $1.00@$1.50. Watermelons $20@$30 ₩ 100. Cante-loupes $1.50@$2.00 ₩ dozen. Lemons — $3.00@$3.25 ₩ box. Oranges — None. Cocoanuts—None on the market. Pineapples—$1.60@$2.50 ₩ doz. Bananas—Car lots 90c@$1.25; dray lots $1.50@$2.50. Figs—18@20c. Raisins—New ₩ box $3.00; new London $3.25; ½ box $1.75; ¼ box 90c. Currants—7½@8c. Cranberries—None on market. California Pears—None. Citron—20c. Almonds—20c. Pecans—11c. Brazils—16c. Filberts—15@16c. Walnuts—16c. Peanuts—Firm; Tennessee 7@7½c; North Carolina 8¼c; Virginia 12c; roasted 1½c ₩ lb extra.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, June 9—Turpentine firm at 29; rosin dull; strained $1.00; good strained $1.05; tar firm at $1.10; crude turpentine steady; hards $1.00; yellow dip and virgin $1.75.

SAVANNAH June 9—Turpentine firm at 27; sales 100 barrels; rosin firm; strained and good strained $1.00; sales 650 barrels.

CHARLESTON, June 9—Spirits turpentine dull at 27 bid; rosin dull; strained and good strained $1.05.

NEW YORK, June 9—Rosin dull at $1.35@$1.37½; turpentine steady at 30@30½.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, June 9—Eggs—15c. Butter—Jersey 30@32c; strictly choice Tennessee 20c; choice 16@18. Live Poultry—Chickens 25@30c; hens 28@30c; cocks 22@25c; ducks 25c. Irish Potatoes—New, small $2.00@$2.55; small $3.050@$3.50 ₩ bbl; old $1.75@$2.00. Sweet Potatoes—None; no demand. Dried Fruit—Dull; season about over; peaches, peeled 6@10c; no demand; unpeeled 5@7c; sundried apples 6@7c; evaporated not wanted. Honey—Strained 12½@15c; in the comb none. Onions — Yellow Danvers $3.25@$3.50; red $3.00@$3.25. Cabbage—2@2½c. Feathers—Choice 54@60; prime 50@55. Cheese —Skims 11. Peanuts 8½@12c.

Hardware.

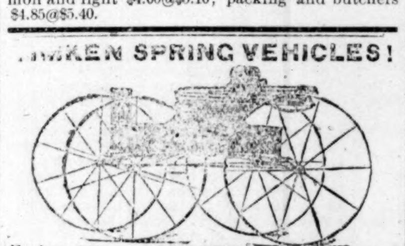
ATLANTA, June 9—Market quiet and steady at quotations. Horse shoes $4.50; mule shoes $5.50; horse-shoe nails 12½@20. Iron-bound hames $5.00. Trace-chains 40@70. Ames' shovels $10.50. Spades $10.50@$13.00. Axes $7.00@10.00 ₩ doz. Cotton cards $4.00. Well-buckets $4.00. Cotton rope 16. Swede iron 5c; rolled (or merchant bar) 3 rate. Cast-steel 15c. Nails $3.00. Glidden barbed wire, galvanized, ₩ lb 7c; painted 6c. Powder, rifle $5.00; blasting $2.70. Bar-lead 7c; shot $2.00.

Live Stock.

ATLANTA, June 9—The demand for mules is very moderate, and very few on market. Horses are in fair request at the following prices: Good combination horses $1.50@$2.50; good plug $1.15@$1.35; driving horses $1.50@$1.75. The supply of horses is in excess of demand.

CINCINNATI, June 9—Hogs fairly active; common and light $4.00@$5.10; packing and butchers $4.85@$5.40.

[illegible]KEN SPRING VEHICLES!



Easiest riding Vehicle made. Rides as easy with one person as with two. The Springs lengthen and shorten according to the weight they carry. Equally well adapted to rough country roads and fine drives of cities. Manufactured and sold by all the leading Carriage Builders and Dealers
Henry Timken, Patentee, St. Louis. Mo

G. W. ADAIR, AUCTIONEER

JOHN H. JAMES'

Personal Property, Stocks and Bonds.

WILL BE SOLD IN FRONT OF THE JAMES' Mansion on Peachtree street,

Tuesday Morning, June 10th, at 10 O'Clock.

First—1 Pair Splendid Horses.
1 Fine Laudeau Carriage, nearly new.
1 Six-Seat Carriage.
1 Two-Horse Wagon and Harness.
2 Sets Carriage Harness.
1 Cow.
1 Share Atlanta & West End St., R. R. Stock.
1 Share Elberton Railroad Stock.
1 Share Northeastern Railroad Stock.

Next— The Household Furniture will be sold, consisting of Parlor, Hall, Dining and Bed-Room Furniture, Carpets and Oilcloths. Also Window Cornices, Curtains and Lambrequins.
2 Elegant Parlor Sets.
2 Large Hall Stands, Parlor Mirrors.
Parlor and Hall Chandeliers and numerous other articles of Household Furniture.
Also a lot of Wood & Coal.

All of the above articles are in good condition and of the finest material, and parties who desire can call and examine the property at any time Monday or Tuesday morning before the hour of sale. Terms Cash.

A. D. ADAIR,
WM. J. GARRETT,
Assignees of Jno. H. James.

THE KING HOUSE,

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STONE MOUNTAIN,

CONVENIENTLY LOCATED AND EASY OF access from almost any point. Climate healthy and pure. Water cool and delightful. Situated in a charming grove. Everything pleasant and airy. The table will be the best, and terms moderate. ddress E. T. WHITE, Manager.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE.

CRESSON SPRINGS.

OPENS JUNE, 25, 1884.

It is located on the table-land at the top of the Allegheny Mountains, and surrounded by a handsome park of magnificent forest trees.

The grounds cover an area of 500 acres. Its accessibility, pure air, pure water, freedom from malaria, flies, mosquitoes, and insects of all kinds, render it one of the mort desirable resorts in th United States.

Parlor and sleeping cars run through from all prominent points, without change, over the best constructed, equipped and managed railroad in the world.

A special low-rate, round-trip ticket, good for the season, with coupon attached, good for one day's board at the Mountain House, which will be credited to account of guests, will be sold by the Pennsylvania railroad from all principal points.

For circulars and terms addaess.
W. R. DUNHAM, Superintendent.

The celebrated Logan House, Altoona, Pa., is also under Mr. Dunham's management.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned during the next twenty (20) days for the erection of a brick church building in Hawkinsville, Georgia. The dimensions of the building will be 40x70 feet, contractor to do all brick and wood work and furnish all material and give bond and security for faithful performance of contract. For specifications and further particulars address the committee who reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

R. W. ANDERSON,
J. P. BROWN,
R. A. MERRITT,
Committee.

Hawkinsville, Ga., May 31, '84.

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NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE

Virginia Fire & Marine

INSURANCE COMPANY.

RICHMOND, VA., April 1, 1884.

THIS IS TO NOTIFY THE PUBLIC THAT THE Virginia Fire and Marine Insurance Co., of Richmond, Virginia, has withdrawn from business in the state of Georgia. Said Virginia Fire and Marine Insurance Co. has cancelled all policies issued by it in the state of Georgia, and has satisfied and paid all losses and all claims of its policy holders in the state of Georgia, and on the 1st day of June, 1884, will make application to Hon. D. N. Speer, treasurer of the state of Georgiai for leave to withdraw from the state treasury the $25,000 of bonds of the state of Georgia now on deposit.

W. L. COWARDIN,
President Virginia Fire and Marine Insurance Co.

SHERIFF SALES FOR JULY 1884—WILL BE sold before the courthouse door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in July next, 1884, within the legal hours of sale the following property to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land commencing at a corner lot No 40 of the Ponder property, running north 351 feet, more or less, to a stake on the west line of the Ponder property, thence south along the Ponder west line 223 feet, more or less, thence south along the line of lot No. 40 of Ponder property to the beginning point. The said lot being in the fourteenth district of the county of Fulton, in the state of Georgia, and part of land lot 81 in said district, containing one-half acre, more or less. Levied on as the property of A. M. Turner to satisfy a fi fa issued from the city court of Atlanta, Georgia, in favor oi William Rich vs. A. M. Turner.

Also at the same time and place, all that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot No. 140, 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, and known in the subdivision of the Atwood property, according to plat made by B. F. Thigpen, in September, 1870, as lot No. 28; levied on as the property of Jno. Ficken to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton superior court in favor of W. T. Holdeness, agent, vs. John Ficken.

Also at the same time and place, one weaving machine, and eleven mattress-frames, levied on as the property of A. P. Rigden and B, C. Frey, to satisfy a mortgage fi. fa, issued from Fulton superior court in favor of E. H. Bowden against said Rigden and Frey.

Vaughn.

Also, at the same time and place, a lot in the 5th ward of the city of Atlanta, Georgia, the same being a part of the lot known as Elyea's brick yard, and bounded as follows: Commencing fifty feet west from the corner of Simpson and Lovejoy streets, running thence west fifty feet along the north side of Simpson street, thence north one hundred feet, thence east fifty feet, thence south one hundred feet to the beginning point, being a part of land lot No. 79, in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county; levied on as the property of T. M. Elyea, to satisfy a fi. fa. from Fulton superior court in favor of Rodrick McDuffie vs. T. M. Elyea.

A. M. PERKERSON,
Sheriff.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—TO THE SUPERior court of said county.—The petition of L. P. Grant, W. P. Inman, George W. Parrott, J. R. Wyly, John Stephens, Joseph F. Burke, E. P. McBurney, B. J. Wilson, T. J. Hightower, A. P. Woodward, J. W. English, Thomas N. Chase, Jacob Haas, R. B. Bullock, Jacob Elsas, H. I. Kimball, J. C. Bridger, C. J. Simmons, C. W. Francis, L. DeGive, W. E. Ragan, W. D. Luckie, L. Gholstin, Jack W. Johnson, B. E. Crane, T. R. Langston and H. H. Cabaniss, all of said county of Fulton, respectfully shows that they desire to be created a body corporate, and politic, and that they and their associates and successors, may have continuous existence as a corporation for twenty years (with the privilege of removal as provided by law), under and by the corporate name of the "West View Cemetery Association." The object of their association is to establish a cemetery for the interment of the dead of the city of Atlanta and vicinity, and with this view to purchase a tract or tracts of land, suitably located, to lay out, plat, beautify, and to improve the same, and to sell lots of such size as may be desirable; and the business to be carried on by the corporation, is such as may be necessary or proper to accomplish the same. The capital stock of the corporation to be one hundred thousand dollars, with the privilege of increasing the same to any amount not exceeding five hundred thousand dollars; such original and any increased capital stock to be divided into shares of one hundred dollars each, and ten per cent of the original capital to be paid in before the corporation commences to do business. The place of business of the corporation to be in Fulton county, with an office, if necessary, in the city of Atlanta.

Petitioners desire for said corporation, power and authority to sue and be sued; to plead and be impleaded; to have and use a common seal, and to alter the same at pleasure, to make all contracts of every kind necessary or proper to inaugurate and carry on the business, including power to execute promissory notes and bonds, and to secure the same by mortgage, or deed of trust, on any property of the corporation; to buy, own and sell such property, both real and personal, as it may need for its purposes; to adopt such by-laws, rules and regulations, as may be proper, and to provide in the by-laws for such officers of the corporation as it may need, and to fix their terms and duties, and the manner and time of their election; to receive real or personal property at a fair valuation in payment of stock subscriptions, and to do such other and further acts as are allowed by law, and as are necessary or proper to commence and carry on the business named. Stockholders who have paid their stock subscriptions in full, to be in no way liable for the debts of the corporation, or for wrongs committed by it. Petitioners ask for such action by the court, as is necessary in the premises, and as in duty bound will ever pray, etc.

WM. T. NEWMAN, Petitioners Attorney.
Filed in office, this May 26th, 1884.
C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.

A true extract from the minutes of Fulton Superior court. C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA.

SUMMER LAW LECTURES (nine weekly) begin 10th July, 1884, and end 10th September. Have proved of signal use,—1st, to students who design to pursue their studies at this or other Law School; 2d, to those who propose to read privately, and 3d, to practitioners who have not had the advantage of systematic instruction. For circular apply (P. O. University of Va.) to JOHN B. MINOR, Prof. Common and State Law. fri tu

MARANDA, R. SAGE VS. THE NATIONAL Insurance Co., the Excelsior Life Insurance Co., and others. In equity in Fulton Superior Court, bill to enjoin O. A. Lochrane, trustee, and others in Georgia from paying money to said companies and for other purposes.

It appearing to the court that the defendants, the National Life Insurance Co., and the Excelsior Life Insurance Co., reside out of this state,, and cannot be served otherwise, it is ordered that service be perfected on them by publication in the Atlanta Constitution as provided by law. In open court November 5, 1883. JOHN D. STEWART, Judge S. C. F. C.

A true extract from the minutes of Fulton Superior Court, this March 12, 1884.
C. H. STRONG, Clerk.

WANTED--THE PEOPLE'S MUTUAL LIVE Stock Insurance company, of Baltimore, Maryland, want first class general agents. The company is nearly three years old, stands second to none, and proposes extending its business into the state of Georgia. We refer to the Maryland insurance commissioner or any banker, merchant or insurance firm in the city of Baltimore. Address with reference. E. W. FREE, Sec'y.
Corner South and Water sts.
sat tu th Baltimore, Md.

FOR SALE BY RICE & WILSON.

A BEAUTIFUL LOT NEAR THE DECATUR depot, 200 feet front, 585 deep, 4 rooms new modern house, outbuildings, new plank fence, fine garden spot, best of fruit and water; also three and a half acres vacant land just opposite the above place—a thing of beauty. This property can be bought cheap. RICE & WILSON,
7 North Broad Street.

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"NEW BRIGHTON HOTEL,"

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—ON—

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NEAR CHARLESTON, S. C.

The only Hotel directly on the Ocean South of Cape May.

THE "BRIGHTON" IS ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE the best situated, best finished and handsomest of any southern hotel, containing all modern improvements; such as electric bells, gas in every room, speaking tubes and system of water pipes on every floor for extinguishing fire, etc. Also perfect system of drainage throughout the house.

The hotel will be thrown open to the public on Wednesday evening June 18, on which occasion a grand promenade concert and reception will be given by Reeves's famous military band and orchestra—25 pieces—from Providence, R. I.; D. W. Reeves, director.

Special rates by railroads. All information may be obtained by addressing
G. T. ALFORD,
P. O. Box 386, Charleston, S. C

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Subscribers will get a free gift in the shape of a Land Warrant, negotiable and transferable, for # acres of land for each one hundred dollars subscribed and paid. These land warrants are considered worth as much or more than the prices of the bonds—well selected lands should be worth one hundred dollars per acre. These bonds are issued in denominations of one hundred, five hundred and one thousand dollars. Remember you are offered a Florida Homestead free.

For every $100 bond you buy you will get 40 acres of land free.
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Subscriptions may be made at the office of W. H. PATTERSON, Stock and Bond Broker, 24 South Pryor street, where any desired information will be cheerfully given.

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Vault Doors, Office, House, Express and Bankers' Safes.
SAFES PRICED DELIVERED ANYWHERE. LARGEST STOCK IN THE SOUTH.
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THESE CELEBRATED PILLS have for 30 years been recommended by the leading Physicians of Paris as the BEST PURGATIVE known; full directions accompany them. The SIGNATURE "Dehaut" is pressed into the bottom of each GENUINE BOX.
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THE ONLY GENUINE

JOHANN HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT

is the BEST HEALTH BEVERAGE, Tonic and Nutritive known. The Genuine CONTAINS ONE-THIRD MORE to the bottle than the imitation, and is SUPERIOR in quality.

"I have used Johann Hoff's Genuine Malt Extract during the last 5 years in my medical practice, and have found it an admirable food and Tonic in convalescence, in cases of Dyspepsia, for the weak and debilitated, especially Nursing Mothers, Weakly Children, Lung and Throat Diseases."
W. O. STILLMAN, A.H., M.D., Phila.

I have brought suit against Messrs. Tarrant & Co. for bottling and selling another preparation upon the reputation of my Genuine Malt Extract, for which I have received 58 Medals from Exhibitions, Medical Societies, etc. etc.

Beware of Imitations!

None genuine without signature of "Johann Hoff" & "Moritz Eisner," on the neck of every bottle.
JOHANN HOFF, Berlin, Germany.
EISNER & MENDELSON, Sole Agents for the U. S., 318 & 320 Race St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Cotton Machinery.

FOR SALE—1 WARP MILL, FOR CHAIN warps, with 260 eyed heck—new. 2 Beamers with 96, 120, 128, 160, 192, wire drops—good order. 32 Beams to go with the above, 16 to each—good order. 15 Beam stands, to hold the above beams, on twisters—new. 1 Rope machine, for making 4 strand cotton rope, nearly new.
tues O. S. PORTER. Covington, Ga.

O. A. SMITH,

MANUFACTURER OF

Sulphuric Acid

66 Deg. Oil Vitriol,
AND OTHER CHEMICALS,

Office, 15 N. Forsyth, corner Walton, Atlanta, Ga

—ALSO,—

DISTILLER OF COAL TAR.

Manufacturer of
Roofing and Paving Materials,
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PERFECTION BRAND OF

READY ROOFING

Ordinary 2 and 3-Ply Roofing,
ROOF COATINGS, VARNISH, Etc.
No. 15 Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.
RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED.

$1,000

WILL BE PAID TO ANY ONE WHO WILL find a particle of Mercury, Potash, Iodine, Arsenic, or any poisonous substance in

SWIFT'S SPECIFICS

"I have cured Blood Taint by the use of Swift's Specific after I had most signally failed with the Mercury and Potash treatment."
F. A. TOOMER, M. D., Perry, Ga.

"Swift's Specific has cured me of Scrofula of 12 years standing. Had sores as large as my hand, and every one thought I was doomed. Swift's Specific cured me after physicians and all other medicine had failed."
R. L. HIGH, Lonoke, Ark.

"Give like a Christian, speak in deeds;
A noble life's the best of creeds;
And he shall wear a royal crown
Who gives a lift when men are down."

$10,000 would not purchase from me what Swift's Specific has done for me. It cured me of Rheumatism caused by malaria."
ARCHIE THOMAS, Springfield, Tenn.

Statement of T. L. Massenburg, Macon, Ga.

I have known much of the use of Swift's Specific and have seen many of the worst cases of Blood Taint and Blood Poison cured with it, after having tried all other sorts of treatment; in fact, I have never known it to fail when taken properly. I can cite the case of a young man who had been treated by the best physicians for Blood Poison, but all to no purpose; and as the time for his marriage was approaching, he was nearly distracted. He finally took Swift's Specific, and was cured as sound as a new dollar.

Another who had tried everything, and spent four months at the Hot Springs without benefit, was at last cured by this remedy. His case was like raising one from the dead. I could go on and tell you of a hundred cases.

Our treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free to applicants.
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N. Y. office, 159 W. 23d St., bet. 6th and 7th Aves.
Philadelphia office, 1205 Chestnut St.

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DRUNKENNESS

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It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been made temperate men who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day believe they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effect result from its administration. It purifies and enriches the blood, allays nervousness, and incites to healthful action all the organs of digestion.

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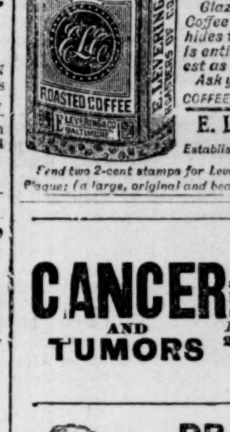

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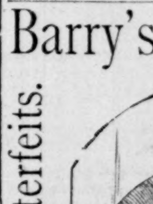

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RAILROAD NEWS.

RUNNING
THE HEADLIGHTS.
ATLANTA.

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THE earnings of the Memphis and Ch[arleston] railroad for the month of May were $10[illegible] in 1884, and $86,387.98 in 1883; increase, $2[illegible]

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The popular Queen and Crescent line w[ill put] on sale, beginning next Tuesday, round tri[p tick]ets to Louisville, Kentucky, for $12 50. The[se] are good to return any time before July 1st. [Dele]gates and others who propose to attend the national Sunday-school convention will fin[d that] the Queen and Crescent will put them th[rough] rapidly and comfortably. Special Pullma[ns] will run through without change. Major Greene, the general southern agent, at 3[illegible] street, will take pleasure in giving any furth[er in]formation that may be desired.

The Georgia Melon Crop.

Thus far all the melons passing through have been from Florida, but Georgia is now to come to the front. Mr. Steve R. Johnson, Cincinnati Southern, hailed the railroad re[porter] yesterday, and said:

"I have just returned from the Georgia section."

"What is the outlook?"

"Well, from such reliable data as I ha[ve ob]tained I feel justified in saying that the a[mount] from Macon to Valdosta will be about 5,500 melons are looking splendidly, and the g[rowers] expect good prices."

"When will they begin to ship?"

"The first car will be loaded Tuesday nea[r Da]man, and by the way, speaking of cars the vent[ilated] cars are preferred by the majority of melo[n ship]ders, but some claim that box cars are pre[ferable] and that the melons look better after re[aching] market. These cars start with open doors, of plank being nailed across. In nearly eve[ry in]stance these strips are torn off on the trip a[nd the] doors are sealed up, thus shutting off ventila[tion."]

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"We have had 400 built for use this seaso[n and] now have 80 below Macon waiting for melon[s."]

"Which is the best melon market?"

"Cincinnati, I think, or [Chicago.] it is the best distri[buting] point for the west. When the market is no[t good] there the melons are shippen to the other w[estern] cities. This season, Atlanta will probably [be a] distributing point, as Mr. Davis, of Alban[y, has] opened an office here representing some o[f the] largest shippers of south Georgia. When th[e season] begins, as it will in a day or two, look out fo[r the] Cincinnati Southern's trains of ventilated [cars.] They will be worth seeing."

The reporter borrowed one of the Steve's [gro]tesque chromo cards and vanished.

The Louisville and Nashville.

From the New York Times.

In Wall street yesterday the affairs of the Louis[ville and Nashville railroad company were a su[b]ject of much more earnest discussion than [even] the Chicago convention. The stock which [closed] on Wednesday at 32⅝, opened down at 31[illegible] fell off steadily to 25¾, with a closing rally to [illegible] Since the revelations accompanying the re[signa]tion of President Baldwin, there has been a [strong] belief that the company was in a worse cond[ition] than the directors would acknowledge. It i[s said] that this conviction became a certainty [when] the new president, Mr. J. S. Rogers, got a c[hance] to reveal the real state of affairs.

The information was furnished to the [Times] early yesterday morning that a lengthy ci[rcular] was issued a week ago, signed by many o[f the] largest stockholders, (including President [illegible] and other high officials,) calling upon al[l the] present directors to resign in order that a [new] board might be chosen, to be composed of me[n] who hold sufficient amounts of the stock to [make] their zeal for the welfare of the com[pany] paramount to eheir interest in the [stock] market, it being alleged that the p[resent] directors have long since disposed of most o[f the] stock they held, so that debts or dividends w[ere a] matter of no great concern to them. The ci[rcular] in question, if there was such a document, [could] be seen by nobody during the day, nor coul[d any]body be found to say he had received, sign[ed or] seen such a circular. The head of the brok[erage] firm of one prominent director, however, as[serted] positively that the circular was a fact, and th[at] the directors had actually resigned already in [com]pliance therewith.

The explanation to the latter statement ap[peared] in additional particulars of the meeting on [Wed]nesday, which leaked out yesterday. H. [Victor] Newcomb, a former president, was asked [in a] written petition, signed by the new preside[nt, J.] S. Rogers, and others, to again take the pos[ition.] He was present at the meeting, it was state[d, to] look into the company's affairs. It happened [that] a loan affected while Mr. Baldwin was at the [head] of affairs had been called. The directors [were] asked to make up a sort of round-robin to pa[y and] to put down on paper the amounts they wou[ld ad]vance the company to enable it to re[spond] to the call. The dir[ectors s]eized paper and began writing. Jay Gould drew a note from his pocket and h[anded] it to the secretary. It was his resignation a[s di]rector, prepared beforehand. The slips hand[ed in] by the other gentlemen as soon as they could [be] writing them astonished the secretary and p[resid]ing officer by turning out to be resignations [in all] instances. Then President Rogers wrote ou[t his] resignation. It was not deemed expedient t[o ac]cept the resignations until the road could [be put] in responsible hands, and they were not acte[d on.] The deficit to be made up was said to be n[ot] four millions than one.

The story was that Mr. Newcomb, seeing the [pos]sibility of the road going into the hands of [a re]ceiver, did not deem it advisable to accept [the] presidency unless the financial relief of the [com]pany was made sure. It was understood th[at he] interested himself to see what amount of m[oney] could be raised, but with what success was [not] known. He did not, however, make any pro[mise] to the persons who wanted him to take the [presi]dency.

It was stated that a meeting of the board [of di]rectors was in progress many hours yesterday [at] the Louisville and Nashville office this was de[nied.] Mr. F. D. Carley, the third vice-president, ho[wev]er, afterward gave to a Times reporter a stater[ment.] He said that some of the directors had held a [con]ference and had prepared this, which was a[s fol]lows:

"We are planning for a reorganization o[f the] board of directors, with the view of bringi[ng in] some strong men who have partially promi[sed to] co-operate with us. As to losses from specula[tion] we have no modifications to make of our ori[ginal] statement. Should an examination of our b[ooks] disclose anything that should be made publi[c, we] will not hesitate to do so.

"As to the sensation article in the Times, w[e cer]tainly would like to have $1,000,000, but there [is no] special demand upon us for money in the [sense] that the paragraph would indicate."

The present officers and directors of the L[ouis]ville and Nashville company are: President, [J. S.] Rogers; first vice president, Milton H. Smith [sec]ond, George A. Washington; third, F. D. Ca[rley;] directors, C. C. Baldwin, F. D. Carley, E. H. G[reen,] John E. Green, Jay Gould, W. C. Hall, J. S. Ro[gers,] Thomas F. Ryan, Russell Sage, George A. W[ash]ington, W. F. Whitehouse, W. S. Williams [and] James T. Woodward.

Among the directors above mentioned wi[ll be] noted the name of Thomas F. Ryan, who, it w[ill be] remembered, is on record as having voted [with] President C. C. Baldwin to use the company's [money] in "boosting" the stock. It will also be recolle[cted] that it was through Mr. Ryan's own firm of [brok]ers—that of which he is a member, Lee, Rya[n &] Warren, of No. 19 William street—that the sp[ecu]lative operations were conducted and the [com]pany's money was spent. It was stated yeste[rday] that among the movements now on foot was [one] to extend to Mr. Ryan a full share in the resp[onsi]bility of irregularly expending the m[oney] in the attempt to advance or su[stain] the price of Louisville and Nashville stock [and] bonds in the market, and to recover from the[m] the full amount so disposed of, civilly if it ca[n be,] otherwise if it must. Mr. Ryan could not be fo[und at] his office yesterday afternoon. He was no[t]

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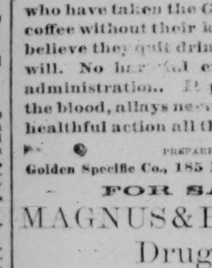

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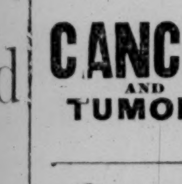

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"As to the sensation article in the Times, we certainly would like to have $1,000,000, but there is no special demand upon us for money in the sense that the paragraph would indicate."

The present officers and directors of the Louisville and Nashville company are: President, J. S. Rogers; first vice president, Milton H. Smith; second, George A. Washington; third, F. D. Carley; directors, C. C. Baldwin, F. D. Carley, E. H. Green, John E. Green, Jay Gould, W. C. Hall, J. S. Rogers, Thomas F. Ryan, Russell Sage, George A. Washington, W. F. Whitehouse, W. S. Williams and James T. Woodward.

Among the directors above mentioned will be noted the name of Thomas F. Ryan, who, it will be remembered, is on record as having voted with President C. C. Baldwin to use the company's cash in "boosting" the stock. It will also be recollected that it was through Mr. Ryan's own firm of brokers—that of which he is a member, Lee, Ryan & Warren, of No. 19 William street—that the speculative operations were conducted and the company's money was spent. It was stated yesterday that among the movements now on foot was one to extend to Mr. Ryan a full share in the responsibility of irregularly expending the money in the attempt to advance or sustain the price of Louisville and Nashville stock and bonds in the market, and to recover from the firm the full amount so disposed of, civilly if it can be, otherwise if it must. Mr. Ryan could not be found at his office yesterday afternoon. He was not at his house when the reporter called there at ten o'clock last night, nor were the other directors to be found at their usual up-town haunts, where the question of the receivership was the only one discussed with reference to the Louisville and Nashville road. It was the talk that preparations were being made, if worst came to the worst, to put the road in the hands of a receiver.

The general understanding was that a complete reorganization would be made any way, and that Mr. Newcomb was induced to take charge there if Mr. Newcomb ... would be an entire revolution in the practical management, including the inauguration of radical economic measures. Mr. Newcomb was known to have said that the expenses of the road could be curtailed without interfering with its operation. There were said to be many loans out, which might be called at any time and this was given as a reason for the reported preparations to apply for a receivership in an emergency.

Florida Rates.

Mr. Virgil Powers, general commissioner of the Southern railway and steamship association, has issued a circular letter giving new rates of freight from points west to certain Florida points, to take effect June 1. The new rates from Chicago to Leesburg, Florida, will be as follows: First class, $1.95; second class, $1.65; third class, $1.45; fourth class, $1.20; fifth class, 88 cents; sixth class, 91 cents; class A, 70 cents; class B, 64 cents; class C, 56 cents; class D, 44 cents; class E, 80 cents per 100 pounds; class F, 95 cents per barrel; class G, $1.54 per barrel; class H, 95 cents per 100 pounds. From Chicago to Waite's crossing and Osceola, Florida, the rates will be: First class, $1.85 per 100 pounds; second class, $1.55; third class, $1.30; fourth class, $1.10; fifth class, 95 cents; sixth cass, 81 cents; class A, 65 cents; class B, 61 cents, class C 53 cents; class D, 42 cents; class E, 75 cents per 100 pounds; class F, 90 cents per barrel; class G, $1.49 per barrel; class H, 80 cents per 100 pouns. From Chicago to Gainesville, Fla., the rates will be: First class, $1.60 per 100 pounds; second class $1.35; third class, $1.20; fourth class, $1; fifth class 85 cents; sixth class, 71 cents; class A, 60 cents; class B, 56 cents; class C, 51 cents; class D, 40 cents; class E, 65 cents per 100 pounds; class F, 80 cents per barrel; class G, $1.44 per barrel; class H, 70 cents per 100 pounds; Commissioner Powers also gives notice of the following changes in rates to Albany, Ga., taking effect June 1, 1883. From Boston, New York and Philadelphia, class 6, 53; class B, 53; class C, 33; class F, 65. From Baltimore—class 6, 50; class B, 50; class C, 30; class F, 59.

Cure of Asthma and Spinal Weakness.

239 WEST 22D STREET,
NEW YORK, May 17, 1883.

Though it may be irregular for a physician to give a certificate in favor of a proprietary medicine, still, in the cause of humanity, I venture to say a word in favor of ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS, which I esteem the most remarkable external remedy of this century.

I have known these Plasters to cure Spinal Weakness where the patient had been confined for months to his bed. A blacksmith of my acquaintance was severely injured in the back by the kick of a horse; four ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS quickly relieved him of excruciating agony and cured him in a week. Another patient suffering with Neuralgia of the Heart, was completely cured in four hours.

In Asthma, I know of a case where they were worn for three months and fully restored the health. In another case where a patient had Sporadic Cholera, nothing relieved him until he put on three ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS; in twelve hours all pains in his chest and stomach disappeared. I know that these Plasters, applied on the pit of the stomach, are a sovereign remedy for Dyspepsia and Constipation.

Finally, if persons once use ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS they will never use any other; they are so pleasant, quick and painless—nature's balmy assistant.

H. C. VAN NORMAN, M. D.

"Allcock's" is the only Genuine Porous Plaster.

One doesn't notice that a car window is anything like an oyster until he trys to open it.—Rockland Courier-Gazette.

Professor C. A. Bryce, M. D., LL. D., Editor Medical Clinic, Richmond, Va., says: "Liebig Co.'s Coca Beef Tonic is a wonderful reconstructive agent, building up the general system and supplying lost nervous energy. In all wasting diseases and broken-down constitutions it is the agent." Also in female complaints, shattered nerves, etc.

"Tanned kids," according to a fashion weekly, "are coming in style again." The news is very pleasant, as several in our neighborhood need it badly.—Boston Post.

A Michigan boy ate a bar of soap, drank a lot of soda water and went to bed to cure his cold. The doctor had a hard time to pull him through, but the boy now says the next time he catches a cold he will use Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

Olemargarine is meeting with attacks everywhere. It must learn to suffer. It learned to be strong long ago.—Chicago Tribune.

San Francisco in Luck.

At the April Drawing of The Louisiana State Lottery Company in New Orleans, Homer L. Bishop, of San Francisco, held one-fifth of ticket No. 58,298, which drew the Second Capital Prize of $25,000. This makes the fourth large prize drawn in that city in two months. The Grand Extraordinary Drawing will take place June 17th. See Scheme elsewhere in this paper.

It takes a long time for a woman to get into the thirties, but when she does get there she stays.

BURNETT'S COCOAINE,

The Best and Cheapest Hair Dressing.

It kills dandruff, allays irritation and promotes a vigorous growth of the Hair.

Burnett's Flavoring Extracts are invariably acknowledged the purest and best.

We hear occasionally of civil engineers, but how is it we never hear of civil brakemen?—Oil City Derrick.

When lips receive a rosy flush,
And teeth become a dazzling white,
Beneath the efforts of a brush,
When SOZODONT is used aright;
The mouth becomes sweet, pure and warm,
And the fresh breath an odorous charm.

When was Mrs. Noah like a county in Virginia? When she was rocking Ham.

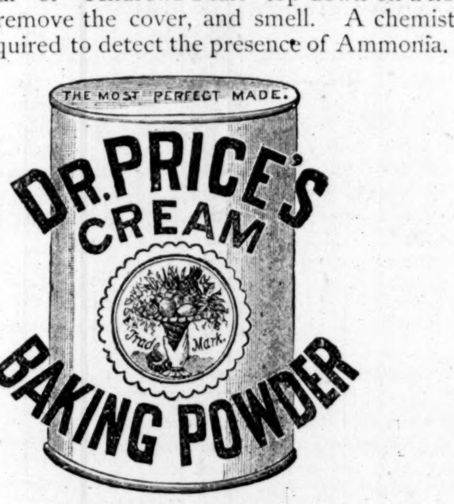
A New Nationality.

The Evening News, Sidney, N. S. W., Australia, says editorially: "It has mystefied doctors, delighted sufferers and dispelled the doubts of the most incredulous. Its virtues are praised by thousands who have been rescued from years of torture. The world-famed St. Jacobs Oil has come to be justly and universally recognized as the National Remedy."

MEAN'S HIGH SCHOOL FOR BOYS.
76 North Forsyth street, Atlanta, Georgia.
INSTRUCTION THOROUGH AND PRACTICAL.
For circulars, address T. Æ. MEANS.

ARLINGTON HOTEL,
HOT SPRINGS, ARKANSAS.
S. H. STITT & CO.
THE PROXIMITY OF THE ARLINGTON TO the head sources of the Hot Springs, together with the convenient and ample bathing accommodations, gives its patrons greater facilities in bathing and drinking the waters, than can be found elsewhere. An annex of sixty rooms has lately been added. Also one of the "OTIS" IMPROVED PASSENGER ELEVATORS, which enables invalid guests to be wheeled directly from their rooms to the baths. Letters of inquiry promptly answered. Descriptive pamphlets furnished when desired

NEW YORK'S
GREAT CHEMIST,
R. Ogden Doremus, M. D., LL. D.
BELLEVUE HOSPITAL MEDICAL COLLEGE, May 24th 1884.
DR. V. C. PRICE, President of the Price Baking Powder Co. Chicago, Ill.: Sir—This is to certify that I have analyzed "Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder." I find it is composed of pure materials, and compounded on correct scientific principles. I have also analyzed the "Royal Baking Powder," and instituted a comparison between the two. The ingredients of "Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder" are purer than those of the Royal. The "Royal Baking Powder," when heated, yields sufficient AMMONIA to be detected by sense of SMELL, and PLAINLY DISCOVERED IN BISCUITS OR CAKES MADE THEREFROM. This AMMONIA is derived from IMPURITIES in the "Royal Baking Powder."
As the chief aim of a Baking Powder is to produce a HARMLESS GAS, which will give porosity to the bread, biscuits, or cakes made therefrom, "Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder" in this respect also surpasses the Royal.
I have examined biscuits from the two powders, and prefer those made from "Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder," for the following reasons:
1st. The materials in "Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder" are purer than any of the "Royal Baking Powder," and therefore MORE WHOLESOME.
2d. The ingredients are more accurately and scientifically proportioned, hence bread or biscuits prepared with them are better suited for digestion.
3d. The yield of carbonic acid gas is greater, therefore the biscuits are lighter.
In my opinion "Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder" is superior to the "Royal Baking Powder" in every respect.
I have the honor to remain yours respectfully,
R. OGDEN DOREMUS, M. D., L.L. D.,
Professor of Chemistry and Toxicology in the "New York Bellevue Hospital Medical College," and Professor Chimistry and Physics in the College of the City of New York.
THE "ROYAL" AND "ANDREWS PEARL" CONTAIN AMMONIA.
Housekeepers Test.
Place a can of "Royal" or "Andrews Pearl" top down on a hot stove until heated, then remove the cover, and smell. A chemist will not be required to detect the presence of Ammonia.



DOES NOT CONTAIN AMMONIA.

SPRING ONCE AGAIN
G. G. GROSSE,
FASHIONABLE TAILOR.
WHITEHALL STREET, UP STAIRS, ATLANTA.
The most elegant stock of fine piece goods for SPRING SUITS, PANTS, ETC., ever in the city. Sur its guaranteed. Come and take a look for yourself.

NEW SHOE STORE
33 PEACHTREE STREET.
NEW GOODS, FRESH STOCK AND THE HANDSOMEST STORE IN ATLANTA
Cheapest Prices Ever Offered.
If you don't believe this, come and see for yourself. We have come here to do business.
STOCKTON & STRIBLING.

TO THE TRADE!
WE HAVE THIS DAY APPOINTED
HARRALSON BROS. & CO.
Sole Agents for Atlanta for the Following Brands of Cigars Manufactured by us.
BONDY, LEDERER & CO..
Factory 294, 3d District, New York.
Peck's Bad Boy and His Pa's Cigar, John McCullough, Viviana, Don Juan, Swift No. 9, Dude. Lawrence Barrett, Little Cornelia,
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! All infringements on above brands will be prosecuted to the FULL EXTENT OF THE LAW.

PAUL JONES,
WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALER,
22 ALABAMA STREET,
Carries in Stock
Old Baker and Monongahela
WHISKIES,
Imported Brandies, Gins, Sherry and Port Wines, Pommery Sec, VeClicquot, Monopole, G. H. Mumms & Co. Champagnes,
French Liqueurs.
APOLLINARIS WATER,
ANGOSTURA BITTERS,
FINE TABLE CLARETS
BASS ALE, BURKE'S GUINNESS STOUT.

AMUSEMENTS.
1884. . 1884.
EXCURSION SEASON.
BEAUTIFUL
CUMBERLAND ISLAND!
The Gem of the Atlantic reached by the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad.
THE DIRECT SHORT LINE.
The East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, ever liberal and progressive, will, on May 25th, commence running superb Sleeping Cars between Atlanta and Brunswick without change.
Excursion tickets now on sale at special low rates.
ONE FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP! $10.40.
The East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia, being the Direct Short Line to Cumberland Island, makes the rate.
Close connection at Brunswick daily with the staunch and first-class steamer Egmont.
Passengers leaving Atlanta 3:15 p. m., by the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Short Line, reach the Island next day for dinner. This is an advantage no other route can offer.
For rates, tickets, sleeping car berths, etc., apply at the Short Line office, Mitchell st., depot.
JACK W. JOHNSON, Ticket Agent.
J. J. GRIFFIN, Ass't Gen. Pass. Agent.
S. H. HARDWICK, Trav. Pass. Agent,
A. POPE, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agent.
ma23 d 1 m.

EIGHTH ANNUAL FAIR OF THE
GLYNN COUNTY
AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY
AT BRUNSWICK, GA.,
JUNE 10th, 11th and 12th, 1884.
GRAND TOURNAMENT
OF KNIGHTS IN COSTUME.
Twelve married men of known reputation as riders will enter against twelve single men of pluck and dash.
AMUSEMENTS
Of all sorts; splendid music, horse racing of high order; grand parade of military and firemen.
A REGATTA!
This sight alone will be worth a trip to the city. Yachts, Schooners, Steamboats and all sorts of craft, gaily decorated with flags, going around the islands at full speed will be a novel sight to all.
EXCURSIONS
In abundance down the harbor and to the neighboring islands.
BALLOON ASCENSION
11TH AND 12TH,
PROFESSOR HUNT, OF CLEVELAND, OHIO,
Will make two ascensions and perform his wonderful feats on a trapez bar suspended under the balloon, at an altitude of thousands of feet in the air.
A GRAND BALL
TO WIND UP WITH.
Everybody in Georgia are welcome to exhibit for premiums of purses, and list will be forwarded on application to T. D. DUNN, President,
MOSES DANIELS, Secretary.

FARMVILLE
LITHIA WATER
Nature's Own Remedy For the Cure of
Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Billiousness, Jaundice, and all Kidney Diseases, Gout, Rheumatism and Dropsy.
Sold on Draught and by the Gallon at 50c
By WILLIS E. VENABLE, corner Marietta and Peachtree street.
SCHUMANN'S PHARMACY, Whitehall street corner Hunter and Peachtree, cor. Forsyth.
General Wholesale Agent, in Cases Only.
LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR.
SEND FOR PAMPHLET.
Beware of counterfeit water.
Principal Office, 1123 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.
THE HISTORY OF

OFFICE OF GENERAL PASSENGER AGENT, C. R. R., and Banking Company, of Georgia. SAVANNAH, Ga., May 28, 1884.
ON AND AFTER JUNE 1ST, 1884, ONE thousand mile ticket books good for passage over Central railroad and branches, South Western railroad and branches, and Montgomery and Eufaula railway, will be sold at $25 at Union ticket office. G. A. Whitehead, general passenger agent. tf

LOST.
LOST—HAMMERED GOLD BRACELET ON Peachtree street, or at basement of courthouse Sunday last; will pay finder a liberal reward. H. A. Fuller, 20 Alabama street. jul0 2t
LOST—A ROLL OF BILLS—FOUR TWENTIES and two tens, and some ones and twos. Liberal reward to finder. Call at Blood Balm Co. office, Broad st.
LOST—BETWEEN GIRL'S HIGH SCHOOL and Rawson street, a lady's satchel, yellow alligator skin, containing $6.50 in cash, an old gold watch with crystal off and long double chain, also check for $75.20 on Lowry's bank, signed by W. F. Slaton, superintendent, payable to Miss A. Callaway. The public is warned not to trade for said property or cash said check. Ten dollars reward willl be paid for the return of said property to Wm A. Haygood, 17½ Peachtree street.

WANTED—Boarders.
A MARRIED COUPLE, OR TWO GENTLEMEN, can get a neatly furnished and pleasant room on first floor with board at reasonable rates; also will take a limited number of day boarders. Apply at 32 Church street.
WANTED—BOARDERS FOR A LARGE AND small room. Pleasant locality. Terms reasonable. 71 N. Collins st.
PRIVATE BOARDING 150 AND 152 WHITEhall street, The Crawford House, first-class in all its appointments. Charges moderate. Mrs. L. B. Davis. Reference, Moore, Marsh & Co., S. M. Inman & Co., Colonel W. M. Lowry.
ATLANTA FEMALE INSTITUTE, 143 PEACHtree street, will be open for summer boarders from June 10 to September 1, 1844.
FOR RENT—LARGE, NICELY FURNISHED front room, with board. Apply No. 41 East Mitchell street.
DELIGHTFUL ROOMS WITH EXCELLENT board at 89 South Pryor. Day boarders accommodated at $4 per week.

Fruits, Vegetables, Groceries, Meats, etc.
MELONS, CANTALOUPE AND PEACHES. WE are in good trim for handling these articles. Consignments solicited. Elam Johnson, Sons & Co.

PERSONAL.
JAMES'S BANK—PARTIES HOLDING CLAIMS, who have not signed the compromise agreement, should call at the bank and have their claims and notes verified, and be ready to get the cash dividends soon to be paid. 7t

Wagons For Sale.
AT J. A. J. DAVIS'S SHOP, 30 N. BROAD, A delivery or grocery wagon, good as new. For sale cheap.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.
$200 CASH WILL BUY A LIGHT PLEASANT business in good location, paying $100 to $125 per month. A young man of pleasing address could increase the profits. Failing health compels me to sell. Address, J. H., care Constitution.
FOR SALE—SALOON 33 MARIETTA STREET. Three year lease. Bargain to right party. P. Otis, agent. 1w

FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.
FOR RENT—NICE, CLEAN 4 ROOM HOUSE, NO. 102 West Harris street, excellent water, $15 per month. A. J. West, 28 Peachtree street.
FOR RENT—TWO 4 ROOM HOUSES, 164 AND 166 Calhoun street. Apply at 49 East Alabama street. Tolbert, Hoyt & Co. tu th su tf
FOR RENT—ONE 7 ROOM HOUSE, NO. 33 Luckie st. Apply to R. C. Mitchell, No. 313 Marietta st.
FOR RENT—A DWELLING HOUSE AT $15 PER month, near in. Four good rooms and basement, good water. Apply 15 Orme street, or room 24 Gate City bank building.
FOR RENT—5 ROOM HOUSE AT DECATUR, very large lot, nice shade, good water, for $12.50 Address at once, S., box 288, Atlanta, Ga. tf

FOR RENT—Rooms.
ROOMS TO RENT—LARGE, COOL FRONT rooms for summer, terms reasonable. 16 East Cain, 1 door from Peachtree. jul0 3t
FOR RENT—ONE ELEGANT FRONT ROOM, furnished, to rent. Call at 68 N. Forsyth street.
ROOM TO RENT—SUITABLE FOR OFFICE OR gentleman's sleeping apartments; adjoining Markham house. Apply 16 Loyd street. su tu fri su 4t
FOR RENT—ONE LARGE FURNISHED FRONT room, with gas, closet and use of bathroom, very centrally located. Call 34 Luckie st.
FOR RENT—FOUR LARGE CONNECTING rooms over the Wheeler & Wilson office suitable for any kind of business or for residence. Call and see them. Apply at the Wheeler & Wilson office. 3t
FOR RENT—COOL PLEASANT ROOMS, FURnished, at moderate rates, 132 Washington street. su tu th.
FOR RENT—PLEASANT SUMMER ROOMS FURnished or unfurnished. Closets, bath room and gas, very desirable. No. 45 East Mitchell st.

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous.
FOR RENT—THE LIVERY AND SALE STABLE Nos. 54 and 56 South Pryor street. It has lately been put in thorough repair, and is complete in every detail; containing about 40 stalls for horses. Mule sheds on the side and under the basement to accommodate 300 head. On the second floor there are eight rooms suitable for a boarding house or sleeping rooms. Enquire of Jacob Haas. No. 8 East Alabama street.
TO RENT—A FIRST-CLASS CORNER STORE TO rent, one of the best localities in Atlanta. Enquire 101 Whitehall st.

FOR SALE—Horses, Carriages, Wagons.
FOR SALE—A SPLENDID BUGGY ALMOST new for sale at a bargain. Apply at 15 S. Broad street. Clark & Nunnally.
FOR SALE—A TOP SPRING WAGON AND harness for $50, cost $100; little used; also, one No. 1 mule 6 years old. Call at 84½ Peactree street. 2,
FOR SALE—A FINE PAIR OF CARRIAGE horses, handsome and well matched; are not sold for any fault. Can be seen at 49 S. Pryor St.

MONEY TO LOAN.
LONG TIME LOANS ON UNEMCUMBERED real estate, city or country. Reasonable rates. Loans placed without delay. Alfred Gregory & Co., 24½ Peachtree.

LADIES COLUMN.
OSTRICH FEATHERS CLEANED DYED AND curled. Will give instruction to parties wishing to learn the trade. Ernest Wachsmuth, 23 E. Hunter st.
OSTRICH FEATHER DYEING ESTABLISHment, feathers cleaned, dyed and curled in the most approved manner by artistic workmen, also, laces, kid gloves, cleaned by I. Phillips, 13 N. Broad street, Atlanta, Ga. tu th su tf

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.
FOR SALE—SETTER PUPS SIRED BY VENable's Glean, his sire and dam Lincoln and Blaze, both imported. Dam of puppies fine Virginia strain. For prices and particulars address Oak Lawn Kennel, 223 Boulevard. tf

HELP WANTED—Male.
WANTED—SALESMEN TO TRAVEL GEORGIA for a wholesale hardware house in Baltimore. Address with reference, J. J. Bandle, 202 East Fayette street, Baltimore, Md.
WANTED—ACTIVE MEN TO FILL VARIOUS positions in this and adjoining States. Call upon or address Wheeler & Wilson Mf'g Company, Atlanta, Ga. junlm
WANTED—A FIRST CLASS BOOKKEEPER—A liberal salary will be paid to a first class man. None other need apply. Address Wanted for 3 days, care Constitution office. 3t

HELP WANTED—Females.
WANTED—IMMEDIATELY A RELIABLE, EXperienced white nurse, good wages. No. 9 Houston st.
GOOD HANDS WANTED FOR MAKING PANTS. Apply to Selig Bros. & Co., 15 North Pryor street. tu wed su
HO FOR THE MOUNTAINS AND SUMMER resorts. Ladies and gentlemen wishing to travel and make from fifty to seventy-five dollars per month and expenses, call at room 12, over Chamberlin, Johnson & Co's., from three to six p. m. this week; or address, L. A. Clarkson & Co., Atlanta, Ga.
WANTED—A YOUNG COLORED GIRL AS nurse. Apply at 145 Loyd st.
WANTED—A FIRST CLASS COOK, ALSO AN experienced house woman. Apply to room 8, Gate City bank.
WANTED—A GOOD RELIABLE NURSE FOR little girl immediately, at 31 Mills street.
WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS WHITE CHAMBERmaid. Apply with recommendations at 170 S Pryor street.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Males.
WANTED—A POSITION BY A FIRST-CLASS druggist. Can furnish best references. Address X. Y. Z., 20 Decatur st. 3t

WANTED SITUATION—Female.
POSITION AS HOUSEKEEPER OR SEAMSTRESS by a young widow; would also like the care of children. Address lock box 339 Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Miscellaneous.
WANTED TO EXCHANGE FOR CITY LOT A two seat extension carriage and harness, a one-horse dray, harness and horse. Apply at 80 Whitehall street.
WANTED—TO SELL A COMMODIOUS WALNUT office desk. Also carpet and other furniture. Call at 41, Gate City bank.
WANTED—A YOUNG MAN WITH FIRST-CLASS references to take half of double room and board at 41 East Mitchell.

MISCELLANEOUS.
ANOTHER WALKING MATCH—WE HAVE NO time at the Georgia Planing Mill to get up a walking match, but if you want your work done cheap and "jamb up," walk down to our mill at 136 E. Hunter st., on Ga. R. R., and try us. G. W. Terry & Sons.

PIANOS.
PIANOS PROPERLY TUNED AND REPAIRED. Also bought. "Finely repaired" pianos for sale. Address A. Riley, Jr., corner Lee and Gordon, West End. Whitehall st. car passes my shop.

WANTED—Agents.
WANTED—LADIES AND GENTLEMEN, WE furnish light, simple work at your own homes, sent by mail any distauce; the business is light and pleasant; you can make $2 to $5 a day; no canvassing, no misrepresentation; we have a good demand for our work, and furnish steady employment; no stamps required for a reply. Address Royal Manufacturing Co., Providence, R. I., drawer 1146. 9t

WATERMELONS.
WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED OUR FOURTH car of Melons for this season. They are large, fresh and sweet, and will be sold close on to midsummer prices. Orders solicited. Jelks & Tappan.

MUSIC.
ATLANTA CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC REmoved to No. 26 N. Broad street, second floor. Usual branches of music taught by competent masters. For terms, etc., apply to Otto Spahr, Director.

PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION is published every day, except Monday, and is delivered by carriers in the city, or mailed postage free at $1 per month $2.50 for three months, or $10 a year.

THE CONSTITUTION is for sale on all trains leading out of Atlanta, and at news stands in the principal southern cities.

ADVERTISING RATES depend on the paper, and will be furnished on application.

CORRESPONDENCE containing important news solicited from all parts of the country.

ADDRESS all letters and telegrams, and make all drafts or checks payable to

THE CONSTITUTION,
Atlanta, Georgia.

ATLANTA, JUNE 10, 1884.

INDICATIONS for the South Atlantic states to-day, partly cloudy weather and local rains, slight fall temperature, winds generally from southwest to northwest.

IN the death of Father Cleary the Catholics of Georgia have lost one of their brightest young clergymen, and the state has lost a citizen who was patriotic and public spirited. A native of Georgia, he was always proud of he honor of his state.

THE minority report of the Danville committee shows conclusively that the investigation into the recent riot in that town was solely in the interest of partisan politics, and had no proper reason to justify it.

EX-SENATOR DORSEY, in his anxiety to give the Springer committee full information, has brought in the names of several of Mr. Blaine's most trusted lieutenants, chief among, whom is Mr. Elkin, who played such a prominent part in Chicago.

ATLANTA'S COLLECTIVE EXHIBIT.

Major Barna has given five months to the task of securing a proper representation of Atlanta's industries at the New Orleans' exposition. He has secured an admirable location for the proposed building, and the general management at New Orleans have agreed to put up the building free of expense. This reduces the cost of independent representation one-third. The exposition officers agree to take the material ready to be put up from the cars and turn over a completed building to the city's exhibitors. Now the question is, will Atlanta furnish the necessary material? This is a question that should be decided at once. If this city wants a collective exhibit in its own house, it should at once fill up a subscription list to cover the known expense. If it does not want such an exhibit, its intentions should be made clear, so that space may be obtained, while space is obtainable, in the main buildings. This is a matter on which immediate action is needed. There is nothing in the way of a collective exhibit except the cost of it, and it should not take our people long to decide whether or not they will foot the proposed bills. The advantages of a collective exhibit are well understood.

STATE BANKING LAWS.

The legislature that is to be elected will have some important matters before it. The first and most important will be to devise some plan to protect the people against bottomless banks. The banking laws of this state are utterly useless. They are elaborate and suit very well the period in which they were framed, but we have had no legislation on banks, that amounts to anything, since 1857, and the laws on our statute books apply to the old system of banking when banks were permitted to issue currency. A bank officer will tell you that it is almost impossible, under the present law, to make a proper report, owing to the fact that banking is so different from what it was twenty-five years ago.

It is the duty of the state when it charters a bank, or when it has chartered banks doing business within its limits, to protect the people from any improper conduct, from any swindling, or even the appearance of it. This can only be done by having proper safe guards thrown around the banks. For this reason they are required to make elaborate reports, etc., but these reports are not sufficient. The state should have a bank examiner, a trusted man whose duty, under laws similar to the national bank laws, would be to examine and report the condition of the various state banks. While the national bank law has some objections, no one can doubt the fact that it provides proper safe guards for those who patronize the banks. The law should be made so that it will be the duty of this examiner to make as rigid an examination as is made now of the national banks. One of the great evils of the present system of banking in this state and others, is that some bankers pay depositors from four to seven per cent on deposits, and of course when the first quiver in the commercial world comes the depositor calls for his money and the bank suspends. A man will bring his money in from the country where he could lend it to an honest neighbor for eight per cent per annum, and will deposit it with a banker who is speculating in stocks and bonds because he gets four per cent for it. Now what is needed is for an examiner to be able to tell whether a bank will have any assets to pay these depositors when the money is called for or not. We have known in this state, under the present law, where the bank officers made regular reports, a bank that paid one and one-half per cent a month on deposits. It did not last long, but a great many poor people, and people unable to spare their money, lost it. It developed on examining into the affairs of this bank, that whenever a large deposit was made the bank would declare a dividend and running pretty much on the same schedule of Grant & Ward, they made money very fast, but finally there was a slight shake in the commercial world and the bank went to pieces. The men who had deposited rushed to get their money and the bank had nothing to show for it. The legislature should protect the people against such swindling concerns as this, and all others that may be shaded down from swindling to a slightly colored commercial transaction. One great evil with all our legislation since the war is that we have not been sufficiently vigilant to encourage honesty; on the contrary, we have left in too many places the gaps down for the dishonest man to get out and evade the law. We hope the next legislature will take this matter in hand and revise our banking laws.

OPPOSITION FROM WITHIN.

The Chicago ticket encounters at the outset very stubborn opposition from journals of recognized position, merit and influence—more opposition, in fact, than a standard-bearer of the party has before had to meet. It comes from all sections of the country and from different wings of the party. The friends of Arthur and the friends of Edmunds are equally opposed to the nominees, and the independent press without exception give the ticket a very cold reception.

A brief glance at the opposition of this nature is sufficient. The Chicago News, an Arthur paper, of large circulation, says:

It is perhaps needless to say that the act of the convention has not changed our opinions of the man who is now the nominee of the republican party. That act may constitute in the eyes of many a veritable political Lethe, but we see no reason to follow those whose convictions are so easily changed. No one has disproved the charges made against Mr. Blaine, nor have they ever been withdrawn. In short, he is to-day in all respects the same man he was before the convention assembled.

The Chicago Times, strictly independent, says:

The fatal error of Garfield in placing Blaine at the head of his cabinet counsellors—an error which the Times emphasized at the moment—was the beginning of a tempestuous and perilous voyage for the government and the country, that was arrested only by the death of the mistaken chief. In that tempest Blaine was "in his element," but his was and is the faculty of the leadership that raises the storm without the power to still the storm. His strange and more than suspicious South American diplomacy was a further exhibition of a meddling and reckless propensity to "rush in where angels fear to tread," and to undertake what neither angels nor mortals of good judgment and right prudence would either undertake or approve. That chapter alone in the public career of Blaine contains conclusive proof to all sound minds of the peril with which his selection for the presidency menaces this republic.

Coming last, so to speak, we pick up the Buffalo Express, an influential Edmunds organ:

Mr. Blaine does not represent, has never represented, and probably never will represent, that considerable portion of his party which is governed by principle rather than by sentiment, and without whose votes no republican candidate for president can be elected. If this election can be carried by dash and enthusiasm and splendid leadership, the event may possibly justify the audacity of Mr. Blaine's friends at Chicago. But the chances are fearfully against him. His character has been so malignantly blackened and distorted by the newspaper organs of the present administration during the strife for the nomination, and it is apparently so impossible for the indiscreet and unscrupulous friends of Mr. Arthur to support him, that the fight for Mr. Blaine must be a sort of forlorn hope at the best—a fight only to be won by sheer desperation aided by wonderful luck.

In New York city the Tribune stands almost alone in its support of the nominees. The New York Times is mad with everything and everybody. It opposed Mr. Blaine most bitterly, and now it looks to the Times as if "the world was hollow and the republican baby was stuffed with sawdust." In an editorial headed "Facing Defeat," it says:

"There will be nothing ambigous about the defeat of Mr. Blaine. He who runs may clearly read the verdict in advance: 'A candidate unworthy of confidence, and a party too careless of its own honor to be longer trusted with the nation's.'

"That defeat will be the salvation of the republican party. It will arouse its torpid conscience, it will stir it to self-purification, it will depose the false leaders who have fastened themselves upon it, it will send the rogues to the background, and will make the party once more worthy of honor and of power in the republic it has so nobly served. When the party has passed through the fires of defeat and is well rid of its peccant humors it will come back to the impregnable ground of right it stood on when it beat down treason and disunion, to a position in which it shall embody the highest and best impulses of American life, to a state of heart and mind which shall fit it to be again the cutodian of that matchless trust, 'government of the people, by the people, and for the people.'

"One word as to the position of the Times. It will not suppor Mr. Blaine for the presidency. It will advise no man to vote for him, and its reasons for this course are perfectly well understood by everybody that has ever read it."

The same paper of a later date says;

The convention was a scene of triumph for the Blaine republicans, a triumph as boundless as space. It was the complete abandonment of wild intoxication, with no thought for the terrible next morning. The next morning has come, gentlemen. How do you like it? Your party is rent in twain. The east is cut off from the west. Maine is a political island. New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Connecticut, New York and Indiana have been turned over to the democrats if the democrats will keep sober enough under their good luck to put up a respectable candidate. Independent republicans refuse the party their support, and are planning a "conscience nomination." Defeat and perhaps dssolution stare the republican party in the face. The thinking Blaine leaders are sobered, some of them are appalled, by the proportions and character of the revolt. The Blaine masses whose warm hearts have run away with their heads will be slower to see the consequences of the step they have taken. But they will see them and regret the step. The Times sincerely hopes that their vision may be made clearer, their hearts set right again, and their republicanism be purified by the trials they have invited and the repentance which will come later.

The Evening Post is scarcely less emphatic:

The nomination at Chicago means a triumph of the agencies which have been long at work for the disintegration of the republican party. When it came out of the war in control of an overflowing treasury and a vast patronage nothing could have saved it from the clutches of the jobbing element, which rapidly grew up within its ranks as the old leaders died out, but the stimulus of the new ideas and new hopes, or the appearance on the scene of a purified opposition, offering a new policy for national acceptance. Neither of these things have come to its rescue. That Blaine can not be elected we look on as certain. The extent of his defeat will depend largely on the action of the democrats. They have now an opportunity offered such as has not presented itself for a quarter of a century.

The Commercial Advertiser is very sore. It says:

President Arthur can afford to be beaten by the elements which have prevailed at Chicago. If the opinion of reformers, the cowboys and the star route gang did not openly clasp hands to compass this result, they worked for a common object. Can the party successfully fight through a campaign in which it must be constantly on the defensive? Can the upright and intelligent voters of the party be persuaded to support Blaine. If the man the convention has chosen to supplant President Arthur can approach in dignity, in purity and in patriotism the administration we are now to lose, he will do more than the best judges of events and character have thought to be possible.

The Herald and the Sun, both independent, have only words of denunciation of the ticket, and the Philadelphia Times, occupying a like position, entertains like views.

In New England, the Springfield Republican, always ready to get in a blow at Mr. Tilden, rises to explain:

The most prominent features of Mr. Blaine's parliamentary and diplomatic career were the compromising of his character as a legislator with corporation interests, the policy of intervention between Chili and Peru on behalf of the latter, and a general disposition to advocate startling and showy schemes, awakening the distrust of the business classes. The republican party, dazzled with the qualities which please the mob, have placed this man in nomination, thereby giving to the democratic party the greatest opportunity it ever had to recover power by nominating some clean, able, safe and progressive statesman, like Governor Cleveland or Thomas F. Bayard. New York is the vital state, and the nomination of Cleveland, with his views in favor of revenue reform and civil service reform, his conservative regard for moneyed interests, and his efficient administration, would undoubtedly win the support of the independent vote. If the democrats, on the other hand, make a doubtful nomination, like Payne or Tilden, then it will necessitate a third party nomination. But if the democrats will only rise to the magnitude of their opportunity, they will make a strong appeal to the plain people who prefer an unsullied, honorable and safe leader to a demagogue of the speculative school of pretended tatesmanship.

The Boston Advertiser, also republican, boldly says:

To a large section of the republican party the news that the fierce struggle at Chicago has ended by the nomination of Mr. Blaine will appear ominous of disaster. To them the event will mean that the party of sound government and of high moral purpose is required to abdicate its place as the exponent of principles and to undertake the exculpation of a man, and to them it will appear, as we believe, that the decision of a national convention no longer reflects the matured judgment of a great party holding itself responsible for the guidance of the nation, but is the chance result of a contest in which intense ambition, the most degraded political methods, and the clamor of a mob within the hall of the convention have had a victory. We need not enter upon any formal declaration of our own entire agreement with those republicans who thus fail to find in the nomination any fit expression of the established principles and avowed aims of the republican party. The events of the last three days have given us no answer to the objections so often urged in these columns against the nomination of Mr. Blaine and against the course of Mr. Blaine as a public man, and have presented no contingency in which these objections could be waived consistently with truth or political honor. We have, then, nothing to retract and nothing to modify. With unabated devotion to the great purposes for which the republican party was organized and has been maintained, we declare our inability to support the nomination, either in the present aspect of the political field or in any which now seems likely to present itself.

And the Boston Advertiser and Springfield Republican have been the leading organs of the party in Massachusetts since its organization, and are to-day without rivals within the state in point of influence and respectability.

Our stock of quotations may as well be cut off with an extract from the Boston Herald, an independent paper of almost fabulous circulation:

Believing that Mr. Blaine would be a bad and dangerous president, we hope to see him defeated. Believing him to be a weak candidate, we expect to see him defeated. They will have a chance to prove it, perhaps. They think he can be elected without the help of Massachusetts. It is not improbable that they may have a chance to test this also. If the democrats rise to the occasion, nominate Governor Cleveland, and give him an honest support in his own state, we believe they will carry the election. The republican party has been in power for a long time. The government of the people, by the people, is safe in the hands of any majority of the people. Now may be a good time for the republican party to step down and out. The national convention has acted as if it thought so.

MR. TILDEN AND THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

We are having a good many conflicting rumors in regard to the intentions of Mr. Tilden. Mr. Dorsheimer, who knows everything except a few things, has heard that Mr. Tilden has written a letter declining to become the democratic candidate for president. Mr. Watterson, who knows everything that Mr. Dorsheimer knows and a few things that Mr. Dorsheimer doesn't know, declares that Mr. Tilden has been placed upon the shelf and is no longer to be spoken of as a candidate. Mr. Watterson announces this with a display of grief that is absolutely boisterous in its sincerity. Mr. Stilson Hutchins, who is the most vigorous of our prophets so far as an energetic liver and an active imagination are concerned, informs the country at large that Mr. Dana has seen and read a letter written by Mr. Tilden, to be read at the New York state democratic convention, "declaring in the most emphatic terms" that he would not be a candidate for president under any circumstances.

We mention these things to show our readers the efforts that various persons are making to convince themselves and the public that Mr. Tilden has concluded to practically turn his back upon his party. It is true that a smaller-minded man than Mr. Tilden would find an excuse for such action in the action of the democratic party on two occasions—in 1876 and in 1880—when to all appearances, the party turned its back on Mr. Tilden. But Mr. Tilden knows, and all honest democrats know, that neither the electoral commission nor the failure to nominate the old ticket in 1880 received the approval of the democrtic masses. The obligations that lie between Mr. Tilden and the democrats of the United States are mutual. The latter owe it to themselves, to their interest in the welfare of the country, and to him to nominate Mr. Tilden for president. Mr. Tilden owes it to the country, to the democracy and to himself to accept the nomination.

We are as certain as Mr. Watterson or any of his prophets can be that Mr. Tilden is not a candidate for the nomination. We are equally as certain that the mere honors attached to the presidential office have no attractions for him. We are equally as certain that he will not refuse to lead a supreme effort on the part of the honest and patriotic people of the country to rescue the government from the hands of the corruptionists, and from the danger of that brazen corruption which, promenading with plumes and feathers in its hat, proposes to make an aggressive attempt to secure the indorsement of the people.

Mr. Dana declares that he has seen no such letter as that which Mr. Stilson Hutchins discribes, and it may be said with absolute certainty that no such letter has been written. Mr. Tilden has already made his position sufficiently clear to all except a few persons who are interested in booming some insignificant candidate. He is not a candidate for the nomination; he is not a candidate for the office. At the same time, he cannot be unconscious of the fact that recent developments have created an emergency which no patriot can resist. Even the New York Herald, which is not always given to a clear understanding of political emergencies, understands this. It says:

There will be an immediate development of interest in what the democrats will do on the 8th of July. We have no doubt they can easily win with Tilden's name at the head of their ticket. He is far more popular now than he was four years ago. It is notable how the sense of justice lives and grows in the popular heart. The fraud of 1876 is more strongly resented now than in 1880. Not only would Tilden secure all the democratic votes, but a large number of republicans would see in him a conservative, statesmanlike leader for whom they can safely vote. His name will represent an opening, but still conservative, future; progress to new ideas and new policies and a healthful advance for the country. With Tilden at the head of their ticket the democrats need to be careful about the second name. Tilden would, we believe, live out his term if elected; for, though his body may be feeble, his brain is clear; and history tells of many feeble-bodied statesmen besides Richelieu. Senator Morton, of Indiana, dragged about with him for many years of most energetic and exhausting public service a body more badly shattered than that of Tilden is. Governor Seymour was right when he remarked to a Herald reporter some months ago that in his opinion Tilden's bodily feebleness was no disqualification for the proper duties of president.

The emergency that calls for Mr. Tilden is so important, so pressing, that, in our judgment, the democratic party has no chance of success with any other name.

THE MACON MATCH.

It will be remembered that THE CONSTITUTION has insisted from the first that there is a good deal more in Macon's legs than the esteemed Telegraph was inclined to admit; and if we are somewhat stumped—somewhat crippled, as the phrase is—at developments which show that there is even more in Macon's legs than in those of Atlanta, there is at least a grain of consolation in the fact that there was a note of warning concealed in our protestations to the effect that our esteemed Macon temporary was engaged in belittling the legs of Macon.

We are not disposed to seek consolation even in the rumor that the legs of one of the Macon winners owe something of the development to Atlanta air and water; nor in the fact that as Macon is in Georgia, the victory is a Georgia victory, in which Atlanta, as a part of Georgia, claims a modest share of the honors. No; let Macon enjoy her triumph; we admit that there is a slit in our banner. The truth is, it is a well-worn theory of THE CONSTITUTION that there is more in Macon than the Telegraph is inclined to admit. It is a town, in fact, that will stand the strain of a much livelier schedule than our esteemed contemporary has ever been inclined to map out for it. Under all the circumstances we can but feel that its success in the recent contest was due, at least in part, to the invigorating influence of THE CONSTITUTION—an influence which, if results are what we purpose to make them, is not confined to municipalities, nor to the imaginary boundaries which are supposed to separate the sections of our noble old commonwealth. Brimming over with such thoughts as these, we salute our esteemed Macon contemporary.

IN writing of the prospects of the campaign in Sunday's CONSTITUTION, we attempted to say that should Mr. Blaine chance to be elected, the American flag would fly from the white house and the state department—not state house.

"THE Queen and Crescent" is rapidly coming into prominence as one of the most popular of our great railroad lines. The general southern agent, Major Greene, of this city, has a host of friends all over the country, and manages the business entrusted to him with exceptional ability and tact. The round trip rates offered by the Queen and Crescent will be hailed with great satisfaction by the crowds of delegates and others who propose to attend the International Sunday-school convention at Louisville, Ky.

IT is suspected that some thoughtful Blaine boomer sprinkled insect powder on Mr. G. William Curtis's mellifluous wings.

THERE are symptoms of an intention to get up some small democratic booms in Washington. This is folly. There is but one democratic boom in this country at this time, and this is marked with the name of Mr. Tilden.

THE Arthur boom was carried out on a chip.

A WILLIPUS-WALLIPUS, whatever that may be, has made its appearance near Clarksville, Tenn. Several persons have seen it, and one man deliberately shot at it five times, but the monster did not even bat his eye. Just what the willipus-wallipus is nobody is able to say, but from all accounts it is as terrible a creature as the bivulpus which created such terror in our neighboring suburb of West End, a year or so ago.

THE Hon. George William Curtis is too gifted not to know what his bosses expect him to do. He will trot along in the procession like a little man.

MR. BLAINE can now use his book as a barrel.

WHEN asked if he would support Mr. Blaine, the Hon. G. William Curtis responded with a loud sob: "I am a republican." That settles it. Let the detectives do their duy.

THE understanding is that the reform republicans are to furnish the democrats with all the anti-Blaine campaign literature they need.

THE John Sherman boom has gone to join its Miss 'Liza Pinkston.

ELLA WHEELER, or Mrs. Wilcox, the Wisconson poet, has written over 1,200 poems, and has sold more dollars worth of her productions than any of her American contemporaries. She admits that she has the disease called "fatal facility," and she can produce almost impromptu that easy writing which Byron considered such hard reading. When she sent her first poem to Mrs. Frank Leslie it was written in such an unformed hand that the editor was afraid some schoolgirl was trying to perpetuate a plagiarism. A note was written to Miss Wheeler asking if she was sure that she had written the poem herself. A satisfactory answer being received, the sum of six dollars was remitted to the young lady, and her poetical career became a fixed fact.

BOBBY LINCOLN will be known hereafter as the Chicago myth.

A REPUBLICAN boom will be the last person in the world to cast doubts on the state of Mr. Tilden's health four months from to-day.

THERE is but one thing for the democratic party to do, and it will do that very thing.

MY mixing Blaine in a tod, Mr. Edmunds will have no difficulty in swallowing him. He will be shaken, however, before he is taken.

MR. NIG appears to have lost his grip in Chicago. The Blaine boom mashed him flat.

EDITOR JOHNNY MCLEAN, of Cincinnati, is overcome by the nomination of Mr. Blaine. We judge from this that the gent from Maine is in danger of being identified with the pasteboard lion.

"MY dear Mr. Fisher:" You will perceive that we have committed ourselves irrevocably in favor of civil service reform. Yours truly, the republican party.

POLITICAL NOTES.

ENTHUSIASM may nominate, but it is cold, sober judgment elects. The two seldom run together.

BLAINE got only one vote from New England, outside of Maine, on the third ballot, and only thirteen on the last ballot.

SPEAKER CARLISLE: "Blaine will fare badly in New York. The business men and the independents will be solid against him."

A ST. PETERSBURG correspondent of the New York Sun is convinced that Russia's greatest weakness is her size. That can not be said of the greenback party.

THE highly respectable Mr. Edmunds never rose to the brilliancy of an electric light in the Chicago convention, and after a feeble flicker went out like a tallow dip.

SENATOR BROWN thinks Mr. Blaine about as strong a man as the republicans could have nominated. "At any rate," said the senator, "he is probably the ablest man of his party."

THE Massachusetts legislature passed over Governor Robinson's veto the bill increasing the pay of its members. The only defense for its action is the small salary the state gives its legislators. This was reduced in recent years to $500.

THE session of the Massachusetts legislature just closed has lasted 155 calendar days. Only seven previous sessions have been longer, viz.: 1856, 158 days; 1868, 164 days; 1869, 170 days; 1873, 163 days; 1874, 175, and 1883, 206 days. The acts approved this year number 333; the resolves, 81.

CONGRESSMAN-at-large Breckenridge, of Arkansas, is a candidate for re-election in the second district, the state having been redistricted since his election in 1882. Rivals having withdrawn from the field, he will probably be renominated without difficulty.

GENERAL MARMADUKE started in the race for the nomination to the governorship of Missouri at a tremendous pace, but he seems to have exhausted all his wind at an early stage in the canvass. The convention for nominating state officers is still more than two months off.

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR PINGREE is still the most prominent candidate for the republican gubernatorial convention in Vermont. Mr. Frederick Billings peremptorily withdrew from the canvass months ago, but he has many friends in the state who would be glad to nominate him. The strife over the minor places on the ticket is warmer than that over the governorship.

ONE of the most interesting features of the programme sanctioned by congress for dedicating the Washington monument next spring, is an oration to be delivered on the 22d of February, 1885, by the Hon. Robert C. Winthrop, who pronounced the oration at the laying of the corner stone in 1848. He was sometimes called young Mr. Winthrop, in those long bygone days, and until the spurt of energy in completing the shaft made during the last few years, it hardly seemed likely that anybody nearer to him than a great-grandchild would raise the shout of victory or the sigh of relief over the dedicated work.

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

JENNY LIND's oldest son has just married an English girl.

ROBT. GRANT, John Boyle O'Reilly, "J. S. of Dale" and John T. Wheelwright conjointly have written a serial story entitled, "The King's Men," the publication of which has begun in Boston The crazy-quilt mani has extended to literature

LOUIS KOSSUTH still clings to the Lutheran faith in which he was brought up, but does not deny that Byron may have been right when he wrote that "religions take their turns, and other creeds will rise with other years."

MR. WILLIAM HENRY HURLBERT, so well known as a journalist and diner-out in New York society, was not long ago reported as having won the affections of an English duchess, and the gossips confidently declared that he would soon ride to his wedding in a cornetted carriage. But it turns out that no such exalted fortune is in store for the brilliant ex-editor.

A MEMORIAL on behalf of the Tichborne claimant is being gotten up in the house of commons. It prays that he may be released from prison, and at the same time be relieved from the inconvenience of a ticket of leave, his period of servitude having now nearly expired. It also asks that Arthur Orton, now alleged to be a lunatic at Paramatta, shall be brought to England at the expense of the state.

GEENRAL LORING, recently a pasha in the Egyptian service, has a cane, the large ivory head of which was brought from the Soudan by Miss Mildred Lee, daughter of General Robert E. Lee, and presented by her to General Loring. The head is richly carved in Egyptian style, and the cane itself was cut from a piece of malacca brought from Singapore by another friend of the pasha.

BISHOP WHIPPLE is an interesting character in Minnesota. A correspondent recenty journeyed to Fairbault and spent the day with the old missionary. "His work is well nigh done upon earth," writes the correspondent, "but it was beautiful to see his heavenly face and listen to his humble words of trust in Christ. He told me that in his nearly forty years among the Indians he had ridden over thirty thousand miles on horseback."

ECHOES FROM THE PEOPLE.

Our Fruit and Truck Counties.

C. A. D., Griffin, Ga.: What counties ship large quantities of melons, fruit and vegetables, and from what points?

The counties around Griffin, Macon, Milledgeville, Valdosta, Quitman, West Point and Augusta, are in the lead, and large shipments are made from those points.

A Matter of Taste.

H. S., West Point, Ga.: What is very appropriate for giving thanks to the "Blessed One" at meals?

Any simple, brief and reverential form of returning thanks is appropriate.

Population of Birmingham.

Subscriber, Atlanta: The population of Birmingham, Alabama, is claimed by the last city directory to be 20,000. This is probably high water mark.

A Complaint.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: One of the gasoline lamps on our street has been lighted by the city lighted very irregularly within the past month. This neglect of duty has occasioned inconvenience to our neighborhood. Have we no remedy?

Respectfully,
COLLINS ST.

A Soldier's Grave.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: In a recent visit to the country south of Decatur, Georgia, my attention was drawn to a soldier's grave on the roadside. On a tree close by was a board upon which was written the name of J. N. Doyle, private, Comp. G, 1st S. C. Cavalry.

Upon inquiry I learned that this soldier was wounded in a skirmish, two miles south of Decatur, during the time of the engagements around Atlanta in 1864, and that he was carried to the house of Mr. Daniel E. Jackson, whose son, Mr. Thomas Jackson, now occupies the place, and which is three miles south of Decatur on the McDonough road. Here he died and was buried at a point on the road a mile beyond at a place where there is now a country church. His remains have never been removed from the spot.

Supposing this to be one of the thousands of instances of those dreadful times in which loved ones were lost to their friends, and the time, place and circumstances of their death have remained wholly unknown during long years of hopeless grief and despair, I feel it a duty to communicate the fact, as it may yet carry a ray of comfort to surviving friends.

Mr. Jackson informs me that the soldier was kindly cared for during his illness, and that his grave has been ever noticed and respected as that of a brave confederate.

R. C. WORD,
Decatur, Ga.

Mr. Tilden's Fiancee.

From the Chicago Times.

That amiable and accomplished lady, the star-eyed goddess of reform, is engaged. Mr. Samuel J. Tilden is the happy man.

Ohio and New York.

From the Cincinnati Sun.

The two doubtful states are Ohio and New York. If the democrats are wise they will make their nominations for these two states. The republicans didn't.

"Moving Upward and Onward."

From the Canton Advance.

We had thought THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION had reached perfection, and so far as we were concerned were satisfied with it, but now it comes out in a brand new dress and is very greatly improved This, however, is only a first step in the way of improvement—wait developments, and if we have never before said it was the best paper in the south we can't refrain from it then. As Georgia advances and moves on ahead of her sister states so does THE CONSTITUTION and we are glad of it.

From the Jug Tavern Citizen.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION has recently come out in a new dress. It is nothing surprising, for THE CONSTITUTION is always making improvements.

From the Cuthbert Appeal.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION appeared on Tuesday in a new dress, which greatly improved its appearance. THE CONSTI was good enough before but its proprietors will continue moving upward and onward.

A Happy Event.

MARRIAGE OF MR. CAMPBELL KING AND MISS STELLA HUNT.

MACON, June 9.—[Special.]—A happy event occurred this afternoon at 6:00, at the residence of Mr. T. J. Hunt, High street, in which Mr. Campbell T. King and Miss Stella Hunt were made to share life's destinies together. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. O. H. Cook. The couple left for Savannah to-night, from which place they depart for New York, to spend some time. They are general favorites in Macon.

A Washing Storm in Savannah.

SAVANNAH, June 9.—[Special.]—Savannah was visited at 3 o'clock this afternoon with a very heavy wind and rain storm, completely flooding the streets. The firemen's parade had just closed and the laddies were about to enter the various contests when the rain come up, and compelled them to retire. To-night, with their friends, they are enjoying collations in their halls.

MACON MATTERS.

THE LANIER HOUSE TO CHANGE HANDS.

Colonel C. M. Wiley to Command the Rome Encampment—A Fire in the Rain—The Commencement Season to Begin Friday—Officers Make a Valuable Arrest—Other Topics, Etc

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BURNING LIME.

The Rain Yesterday Makes a Small Conflagration Near the State House.

An alarm of fire was turned in yesterday afternoon from box 12. It was caused by the burning of J. C. Kimball's lime and cement shed on the Western and Atlantic railroad, near the state house. The shed was a wooden structure and contained about three hundred barrels of lime and about half as much cement. The fire is thought to have been caused by a leak in the roof. The water dropped through upon the lime and the slacking caused the barrels to catch. Soon the entire interior of the building was one flame, and the total destruction quickly followed. The fire department responded promptly and prevented the flames from spreading to the buildings near by. Mr. Kimball estimates his loss at about three hundred and fifty dollars. The Western and Atlantic railroad attaches did valuable service with the road's private hose.

ARCH ORME SINKING.

A Change Which Indicates Approaching Death---His Friends Alarmed.

Mr. Arch Orme was quite low late last night and the probabilities now are that he will die. Ten days have elapsed since he shot himself and the critical moment seemed to appear early yesterday morning. Soon after daylight he became very restless and in a few moments those who were with him saw that he was sinking, and the physicians were quickly sent for. About noon he appeared to revive some but it was for a short while only. He was easily excited and during the afternoon was quite flightly. The physician declined to venture an opinion as to the result, but those around him lost almost all hope, and his death at any moment would not surprise them. Mr. Orme has not yet made any statement for the public. His friends still insist that he is not behind with his roads. Dr. Ridley said about dark that Mr. Orme was quite low but that he did not apprehend his immediate death.

CONSOLIDATING DEPOTS.

The Central and the West Point to Use the Same Depot in Future.

The Central railroad has a large force of men busily engaged in making an addition of two hundred feet to their depot. This is done to accommodate the business of the West Point railroad, it being the intention to consolidate the two depots as soon as the addition is completed. An addition of tracks will also be made. It is expected that everything will be ready for the change by the first or middle of July. This will make the Central railroad depot the longest in the state, it being not less than five or six hundred feet long.

The present West Point depot will be used by the Georgia railroad. It is expected that the road will use the lower depot for receiving freight, and the present Georgia road depot for delivering freight, or vice versa. This consolidation will in a measure relieve Whitehall street from the blockading by the freight trains. Only the passenger trains of the West Point will have to cross there now. The freight depots are now so situated that the trains will not have to pass through the city. If the State road could arrange so that it would not have to shift its trains at the lower end of the yard the problem of Whitehall crossing would be very nearly solved.

ERSKINE'S PICTURE.

A Meeting of the Bar to Arrange for the Presentation to the Court.

At a meeting of the bar of Atlanta, held yesterday, Mr. A. B. Culberson was, on motion, elected chairman and Mr. Henry Hillyer was requested to act as secretary.

The chairman stated that the object of the meeting was to make suitable arrangements for the presentation to the United States court of the picture of Judge Erskine, recently purchased for that purpose by the bar of this city, from the distingushed Artist Guilloumi. It was further announced that the present session of the United States court would end at eleven o'clock, on next Saturday, the 14th inst. On motion of Mr. John C. Reed, it was resolved that the portrait be presented at the close of the of the present term of the court on next Saturday and that the bar meet for that purpose at the United States court room at 11 o'clock that day. Mr. Julius L. Brown moved that a committee of seven be appointed to prepare suitable resolutions to be submitted to the meeting on Saturday and that the committee be instructed to make all arrangements of said meeting. Carried. The chairman appointed as such committee Messrs. Julius L. Brown, chairman; L. E. Bleckley, Geo. Hillyer, John S. Bigby, John L. Hopkins, M. A. Candler and M. I. Clark. Mr. R. N. Ely moved that the judges of the supreme court of Georgia be invited to attend the meeting on Saturday and that the committee appointed by the chairman be requested to communicate this invitation to them.

On motion of Mr. Marshal J. Clarke the meeting then adjourned to reassemble in the United States court room at 11 o'clock on next Saturday.

A MISERABLE DEATH.

A Woman Who Sank from a High Social Position Dies in a Den of Shame.

Mrs. W. J. Fairchild, once a beautiful and accomplished lady of Savannah, died a miserable death in one of Atlanta's haunts of sin Sunday morning. The story which attaches itself to this woman is peculiarly sad. Three years ago she was a happy wife in a cozy home in Savannah. Her husband a young, handsome educated man had a lucrative and responsible position with the Central railroad in that city and possessed the respect and esteem of all who knew him. About Christmas of 1881 while on a drunken spree he shot a young man who subsequently died. Fairchild was arrested, placed in jail and tried. The case against him was a stubborn one and it required his home and everything else he could accummulate to save his neck. His wife gave everything cheerfully, and her grief, which was manifested during the trial had a great influence with the judge and jury. The trial resulted in a sentence of five years instead of the death penalty. The parting between the husband and wife when he was taken to the penitentiary was deeply affecting.

She took a downward road, however, took to drink and in a few weeks was a confirmed drunkard. This step was followed by others until she found herself two years ago utterly disgraced. She came to Atlanta and sank to the lowest depths of infamy.

Sunday morning last she died very suddenly, without having been sick a moment. Her husband was at Lowe's camp on the Chattahoochee river and when Mr. Lowe heard of the death of the convict's wife he caused two guards to bring him to the city. The man knew nothing of the downfall of his wife until he found her dead in a house of sin. His grief was painful to witness, and as he stood beside the coffin he raved like a madman. The kindness of the lessees for whom he was working enabled him to send the body to Savannah for burial. He has two children living in that city, but it will be three years before Fairchild can go home to them.

Trinity Church.

The revival meetings at Trinity are being greatly blessed. Sunday night after exhausting all efforts to seat the congregation nearly a hundred stood through the service, while many doubtless were turned away. Monday morning at 9 o'clock the house was nearly filled. The promise seems to be for a more wide-spread religious awakening than has occurred in this city, perhaps, for several years. All true believers are requested to pray daily for God's blessing on these efforts for good, and that the influence may spread till many thousand of our fellow-citizens receive its benediction.

Meetings 9 a. m. and 8 p. m. every day. Rev. Sam P. Jones preaches every evening this week. All are invited.

Donnally's Condition.

Yesterday Jack Donnally rested quite easy. He was a little better than on Sunday, but his physician does not think he can recover. He is perfectly rational, and may live even a month in his present condition.

CLOSING EXERCISES.

COLORED COLLEGES WINDING UP THE YEAR'S WORK.

Sunday's Services at the Clark University—A Love Feast and Sermon—The Occasion at the Atlanta University—A Sermon by President Ware—The Students and Examiners

The examinations at Clark university and at the Atlanta university are now in progress and deep interest is felt by the friends of those institutions for the education of colored people.

At Clark university Sunday morning the students held their annual love feast with religious services. The services were rendered especially interesting from the fact that every student in the university had been converted, thirty of them during the year and the others of the 223 previously.

In the afternoon Sunday Professor Walker, of Paine institute, of Augusta, preached the baccalaureate sermon. His general subject was "The True Idea of Life." He spoke of life as a mystery that could only be solved by the Bible, and that the only true life was a life of faith; that every man to succeed in life must have faith in the object he was seeking, and faith in the means that he used and faith in himself. The sermon was preached in the chapel of the college.

At night Rev. W. P. Thirkield preached, taking for his topic "The Claims of the Gospel." He dwelt upon its superiority over other systems of religious training, basing its claims upon the Word itself; that the most distinguished men of the world have all declared it to be above all other books in literary power, and at the same time it gives to man a religion such as no other book ever did give.

The commencement exercises proper will occur to-morrow.

THE ATLANTA UNIVERSITY.

The examinations at the Atlanta university are well attended. There have been three hundred and ten students in attendance during the year.

The sub-committee of the board of visitors of the State university appointed to visit the colored university began their work of examination yesterday morning. The sub-committee consists of Rev. Mr. Nunnally, Rev. T. P. Cleveland and Colonel I. W. Avery. Mr. Cleveland and Colonel Avery only were present. The examination continued the whole morning and was very creditable. There were two examinations conducted, one of the college department and the other of the grammar school department. There are about two hundred pupils in these two departments. In the collegiate department the examinations were in Latin, the students reading Tacitus and Desenecitute with considerable ease. There was one girl particularly who read and passed her Latin in Tacitus with great excellence. She is only about fifteen years of age. There were also examinations in geometry, in the science of government and upon the subject of temperance. In the grammar school the examinations were upon the ordinary topics and were all very good. The examinations will be continued to-day and Wednesday, and the commencement exercises will occur on Thursday at Friendship Baptist church. Orations, essays and music will make up the programme.

THE BACCALAUREATE SERMON.

The baccalaureate sermon was preached by President Ware on Sunday at 11 o'clock and was a very interesting discourse. It was preached in the new chapel of the university, and was on "Christian Courage as Shown in the Life of Daniel."

The following is a synopsis of the sermon. Said the preacher:

The Bible teaches by example, as well as precept. The story of Daniel's life giving help where it is most needed, courage to the fearful. Daniel's elevation by the king naturally aroused envy, but the plan for his downfall was the most overwhelming proof of his integrity. No flaw in his administration, no moral weakness was attached, nothing but his loyalty to his God. What was he to lose if he disregarded his enemies? His life, with absolute certainty, and that was all. There are people willing to give their lives for a great cause—many do it for their country; and many, tired of life, take it by their own hand. But to Daniel, then, it must have been very hard to die. His association with the king gave him a life of luxury with unbounded opportunities for wealth and position. What stronger grip on a man's heart than the love of personal power and influence! Here was Daniel, next to the king, moulding and shaping the nation managing even the king himself. He was tied up with his own beloved chosen people—the Jews in a strange land. Could he live he could deliver them, he could restore the sacred vessels to their holy place, he could win, perhaps, the king himself with all that heathen land to a worship of the true God. Should he yield a life so rich in promise to gratify the malice of his enemies? He is called upon to do no murder, no theft, no lie; nothing to revolt against his moral nature, but simply neglect to do what he did not have to do. He hesitates not, but

"As some tall cliff that lifts its awful form,
Swells from the vale, and midway leaves the storm,
Though round its breast the rolling clouds are spread,
Eternal sunshine settles on its head."

What is needed more then this straight forward purpose to do duty? Bankers need not say "I'm not going to steal it; stocks will double up, and I'll build churches and found colleges with the gains." We are tired of such talk. God has put his stamp on their frauds. What would not our country give to-day for a Daniel as chief magistrate?

Even the clergy pander to policy. Often a man who cannot hold his people when preaching on a pure and simple gospel platform will put in a plank that is not gospel. Oh, for a Jewish integrity of character in Christian hearts.

What lifted Daniel so high above ordinary Christians? He believed in God. His belief was unquestioned, perfect; not one that in its full fruition can be gained in a moment, but one that comes by the training of parents, by growth, by practice, by living. They that trust in the Lord shall be as Mount Zion which cannot be moved. If in your summer's work you could so trust in God as to never swerve one iota from the right, how your perplexities would all be settled for you. You who go out not to return, having been under tutors and governors for a time, must now stand on your own feet with fewer guides, fewer to reprove and fewer to upbraid. Dare to be a Daniel.

JOHN L. CONLEY REMOVED

From the Administration on the Estate of the Late John Broad.

When John Broad died some three years ago, and his will was missing, John L. Conley, of this city, was granted letters of administration upon the estate and put in charge of the same. He has continued to act as such ever since, and throughout the long contest over the alleged will, which was offered and finally admitted to probate. Recently the contest between the claimants was compromised, and the real estate belonging to the estate was put up at public outcry and sold for something near $40,000. Upon investigation of the bond of Mr. Conley as administrator, the parties at interest in the funds of the estate did not feel satisfied that the security was sufficient and moved the court of ordinary to require Mr. Conley to strengthen his bond. The order was passed at the opening of the term of the ordinary's court, but Mr. Conley has failed within the time granted to offer the necessary additional bondsmen. The ordinary has therefore appointed Mr. Edward S. McCandless to succeed Mr. Conley in the management of the estate, an appointment which gives satisfaction to all parties at interest.

Woman's Industrial Union.

The meeting of the Woman's Industrial Union which was to have been held yesterday (Monday) was postponed on account of the storm and will be held at the rooms of the Young Men's Christian association on Wednesday, June 11th, at 4 o'clock p. m. A full attendance is desired. A report of the workings of the Union for the past month will be read,

MATTIE A. GRADY, Secretary. LAURA A. HAYGOOD, President.

Owed to Odell.

In the city court yesterday the case of John W. Odell vs. Charles K. Maddox was tried. The action was upon an account for services rendered by Odell to Maddox as clerk in the store of the latter on Decatur street. They disputed about the wages that Odell was to receive and when the matter was submitted to the jury yesterday, it returned a verdict for $129.70 in favor of Odell.

STILSON, Jeweler.

Reliable Goods, Fair Dealing and Bottom Prices.

53 WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

A MIXED PARTNERSHIP.

An Interesting Litigation Over a Disputed Note of Hand.

The case of R. H. Richards, vs. B. H. Cameron, consumed nearly the whole of yesterday in the superior court. Mr. Richards sued upon a note for $2,600, with credits of $600 and $250, signed by B. H. Cameron. Cameron replied that he did not owe the note, and that, if he ever did owe it, he had paid off and discharged it by subsequent undertakings which were accepted by Richards as accord and satisfaction. Cameron said tnat early in 1882 he entered into an agreement with Richards by which the latter was to buy a half interest in Cameron's grocery store business for $2,500, said interest to be for Richards's brother-in-law, Mr. Albert S. King. Richards paid Cameron $2,600, $100 of which was for the services of a man named Farmer, whose interest in the store was merged in what Richards bought. King was not able to assume his place as partner at once, and there were some old debts of his at Knoxville, Tenn., that Richards desired to first to compromise. He therefore took Cameron's note at three days for the $2,600 he had paid in as a protection until King could assume his full and equal partnership. This was soon after done, and Cameron applied to have his note redelivered to him, but was put off from day to day. In the meantime the firm of Cameron & King fell upon hard times and were compelled to wind up. Cameron converted the assets into cash and paid Richards one-half of what he realized and still has a large sum which he desires to share in like manner. Richards claimed, however, that the $2,600 was only a loan to Cameron, and King was to become a partner only in the profits of the business in consideration of the loan. The case was hotly contested by Colonel Tom Glenn for the plaintiff and Colonel A. H. Cox for the defendant, and the jury, at a late hour, found its verdict for the defendant.

City Cases Continued.

Owing to the illness of City Attorney Ed. Angier all the cases to which the city of Atlanta is a party pending in both the superior and city courts were yesterday continued for the term. There are a large number of these cases and many of them of more than usual importance.

Mr. Angier is too ill to again attend court during the term, and, under the advice of his physicians, is preparing to leave the city for a climate more congenial to his condition, and to seek that rest and freedom from business cares that are now deemed essential to aid his speedy recovery to health and vigor.

BETTER AND CHEAPER LIGHT

In Store for Our People.

The agent in charge of organizing the United States electric light company for Atlanta has received subscriptions from several citizens of character and standing, and expects in a short time to add considerably to the list. It is to be hoped that our people will not wait till the new CONSTITUTION building is aglow with the incandescent electric light, before placing this Atlanta company well on its feet, because its success in other places is sufficient argument for a foot hold here outside of the fact that we need the light very much. We are assured that considering the quality, safety, beauty, healthfulness and convenience of the light it is not only much cheaper than gas but that as an investment it will pay remarkably well.

Ladies' Walking Match.

Tickets for sale at Jacobs' Pharmacy.

CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO.

LADIES'

Hand Turned Shoes

Are the lightest, easiest, and most comfortable Shoes in the market. No heavy seams, nails, tacks or pegs inside to hurt the feet.

For dress wear they can not be excelled, being made the latest style, very tasty, and a perfect fit. Try one pair, and you will wear no other make. We have these Shoes in all the fashionable shapes in Cur and French Kids, widths A, B, C, D and E.

CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO.

WHITE GOODS!

New style White Goods, prettiest and cheapest in the market, just received.

CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO.

Embroideries! Laces!

Exquisite Embloideries, Flouncings, full sets and all-overs;

ORIENTAL and EGYPTIAN LACES,

full sets and all-overs, just received.

CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO.

TABLE LINENS!

Large shipment Table Linens, much below the market price, just received.

CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO.

BLACK SILKS!!

COLORED SILKS!

Our 24-inch Black Silks, best known to the trade Our low price Black Silks cannot be equalled. Colored Silks, Rhodames, Surahs; new supply; cheap.

CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO.

CARPETS! CARPETS!

Extra inducements in Tapestry Brussels and Body Brussels, at

CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO'S.

Extra Super Ingrains and Cotton Chains, at prices never shown before, at

CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO'S.

Handsomest styles of Lace Curtains in newest styles, at astonishingly low prices, at

CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO'S.

New lot Mattings just received this week. Better goods at lower prices, at

CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO'S.

NOVA SCOTIA

Land Plaster

—AND—

GERMAN MILLET.

Just received 100 barrels Land Plaster and 50 barrels German Millet. For sale low by

HOWARD & CANDLER,

Wholesale Druggists.

SPRING MILLINERY.

The daily arrival of new goods enables me to show as handsome and complete a line of stylish spring millinery as can be found in the city. My stock embraces hats and bonnets, trimmed and untrimmed, novelties in feathers, plumes, flowers, straw goods, laces, fine goods and general millinery. Call and see me at 45 Whitehall street.

MISS MARY RYAN.

Fine Fruit.

Dr. Hape exhibited some very fine fruit from his orchard yesterday. The Alexander peach, perhaps as large, finely flavored and as fully ripe as any seen here. Also some very nice ripe Doyle pears.

Sale of the Personal Property of John H. James.

Be sure and attend the sale of horses, carriages, wagon, harness and the household furniture THIS MORNING AT 10 O'CLOCK at the James mansion on Peachtree stree. Sale will commence promptly at the hour named.

The parlor, dining and bed room furniture are all of the latest style and of the most elegant material.

Ladies are especially invited to attend and bid on the articles. G. W. ADAIR.

Special Notice.

This is to notify all concerned that I or my authorized agents alone have authority to collect money due to Haas & Daly or Daly & Co.

AARON HAAS.

The ladies walking match of Atlanta is degrading the good name of the young ladies of Atlanta in general, and is better stop, and not give to the Police Gazettee the right to shamefully insert in their nefarious paper the name of good young ladies at Atlanta, pictured in shameful dress, attended by a male trainer. EMILIO E. CAVALERI.

Mechanics' Walking Match Notice.

In addition to the twelve hour race to take place at Kelly, Rosser & Co.'s warehouse on June 21st, we will enter two mechanics to walk against the Macon record of 33½ miles, commencing at 12 o'clock "a. m." and closing at "6 p. m." a six hour race,

MABIN & GALUCKE,
Managers for the mechanics.

Tate Spring water warranted to cure dyspepsia

Give your children Smith's worm oil.

The pamphlet decisions, September term, 1883, just published by this office. Copies sent postpaid upon receipt of One Dollar.

400 barrels Portland cement.
400 barrels Louisville cement.
400 barrels Rosendale cement.
300 barrels plaster.
100 barrels marble dust,
Lime! Lime! Lime!
Sewer pipe! Sewer pipe!
Drain pipe! Drain pipe!
Fire brick! Fire clay!
Cypress shingles! Pine shingles!
Laths! Laths! Laths!
Coal! Coal! Coal!

jun10 2t SCIPLES & SONS.

Real Estate Bargains---Walton Street.

For one thousand dollars below the value, I am instructed to sell a twelve room house on Walton street; $2,000 cash, balance one and two years with 8 per cent interest. Call for three days at my office. SAM'L W. GOODE.

To Contractors and Builders.

I have about 100 barrels of good loose lime saved from the fire of yesterday, which you can buy at your own price, if taken away soon. Come and see me, and help me out. J. C. KIMBALL, 72 Marietta street.

Lime! Lime! Lime!

At your own price, at Kimball's. Must be sold to-day. J. C. KIMBALL.

Lime to Give Away.

Go to Kimball's and get it at your own price. J. C. KIMBALL.

Over 2,000 barrels Tate water shipped annually.

D. H. Dougherty.

The season is far advanced and shoes would go stowly at regular prices. I have, therefore, ordered a big cut in these. Spot cash has the knife in hand and you will be astonished at the prices of them to-day. Come and buy, prices are way down and Dougherty's is the place to buy shoes.

Brewer's Lung Restorer

Its Claims Upon the Public—Why it Should be Universally Used.

It is very often the case that treasures remain hidden for years right under one's eyes and only discovered at last by accident. Such was the case with Brewer's Lung Restorer. This remedy was used for nearly forty years by a little neighborhood of people who either did not appreciate its true value or did not have the means or opportunity to proclaim its virtues to the world. When they had a cough, sore throat, bronchitis, tickling in the throat or other throat and lung troubles they made them a small kettle full of this unnamed remedy, the material for which they had but to look for in the forests and old fields surrounding their homes and in a remarkably short time they were relieved by its use and never thought of it any more until it was again required. However, things have changed since those days. Such treasures are easily sought after and do not long remain in obscurity. The present proprietors of this old remedy having by accident learned that its cures were miraculous determined at once to ascertain for themselves what merit it really possessed, and having tested it in a great number of cases, in all of which it proved efficacious, they purchased the right to manufacture and sell the same under the name of Brewer's Lung Restorer and it has become so widely known under their management that it is to-day recognized as the greatest throat and lung remedy of the age. Containing no opiates it can be taken with perfect safety by the most delicate. Being entirely vegetable its effects can in no way be harmful and even in the event that it fails to cure the general health of the patient is greatly improved. It can be given to six month's old infants in the prescribed doses with beneficial effects; yet full grown men are surprised at its magical effect on them.

Those who suffer from wasting diseases, such as consumption and dyspepsia, rapidly gain in flesh and strength by the use of Brewer's Lung Restorer. Many instances of patients gaining 7 pounds of flesh from every bottle they took have been reported to us. Testimonials from the best people in the land are found in every newspaper of consequence and such testimonials from such men must convince the public that this remedy posesses great merit. This medicine, indorsed by such men, has done more to break down the prejudice existing against patent medicines than any other remedy known. For the various reasons mentioned we call upon suffering humanity to give Brewer's Lung Restorer a trial. It is almost infallable. Its effects are wonderful—in fact miraculous.

LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR,
MACON, GA.

Always on Time.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

500 Cassimere Suits	$10.00,	marked down from	$15.00
500 Boys "	6.00,	" "	9.00.
500 Childrens "	4.00,	" "	6.00.
500 Childrens "	5.00,	" "	7.50.

The Largest Stock of Sicillians,

DRAP DE ETTE AND

Alpaca Coats in the City.

FINE CLOTHING AT LOW PRICES.

Shirt waists from 40 cents up.
Boy's Extra Pants from $1.00 up.

The Best Unlaundried Shirt in the State.

We Defy Competition.

Jas. A. Anderson & Co.,

THE FASHIONABLE CLOTHIERS,

41 WHITEHALL STREET.

BUSINESS MEN!

Wearied from the labors of the day on going home find that they cannot have the desired and necessary rest, for the little darling is still suffering, and slowly and pityfully wasting away by the drainage upon its system from the effects of teething. If they would think to use Dr. Biggers' Southern Remedy, loss of sleep and bowel complaints would be unknown.

DR. BIGGERS'

SOUTHERN

REMEDY!

—FOR—

DIARRHOEA AND DYSENTERY.

CRAMPED FINANCIALLY

Has no speedy relief, but cramped in the bowels ha a sure one in the use of Dr. Biggers's Southern Remedy, the great specific for all bowel affections and an undoubted boon to parents who have been spending sleepless nights in nursing the little ones who had been gradually wasting away from the drainage upon its system from the effects of teething until given.

WALTER A. TAYLOR,

ATLANTA, GA.

GATE CITY CLOTHING STORE.

ALL THOSE IN WANT OF CLOTHING FOR men and boys are cordilly and earnestly invited to examine our stock and prices before purchasing, as we are

DETERMINED TO SELL

And mean business. We have, as usual, a ful line of genuine French "Drape Dete" suits u to forty-six, same quality as kept by us for th last eighteen years. Also a full line of Alpac and Cicilian Coats and Vests. Of those perfec fitting Drawers, we have all sizes from 22 to 48 wais A call is respectfully solicited by

A. & S. ROSENFELD,

24 Whitehall, Corner Alabama St.

C. N. O. & T. P. Railway,

Queen and Crescent Line

LOUISVILLE, KY.

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION, Roun trip tickets on sale Tuesday, June 10th, to

Louisville and Return.

Fare $12.50 Round Trip, good to return before July 1st., 1884.

SPECIAL PULLMAN CARS

Will be put on to run through without change to accommodate delegates and their friends, leaving Atlanta 2:35 p. m., arrive Louisville 7 a. m. next morning. For further particulars, ticket and sleeping berths, apply T. T. Green, G. T. A., or Tim C. Murphy, Pass. Agt., 36 Wall street, Atlanta, Ga.

JOHN SCOTT, Gen. Manager. E. P. WILSON, G. P. Agent.

ATLANTA GRANITE, LME AND SANDSTONE COMPANY

ARE PREPARED TO FURNISH ALL DESCRIPtions of Building, Cemetery and Street Work on short notice and at reasonable terms. Estimates urnished on application. Office No. 11 E. Alabama treet, Atlanta, Ga. JOHN WALTON,

su tu th'y Agent.

TEACHERS and SCHOOL GIRLS ATTENTION!

We will reduce our price of tuition during the summer months to accommodate ladies desirous of taking advantage of the school vacation. New Art Goods. Cool studio. Call and see specimens or send for circulars. Firing and gilding of China our specialty. Artists' requisites in great variety.
LYCETT'S ART SCHOOL,
67½ Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

H. I. KIMBALL, L. B. WHEELER & CO.,
ARCHITECTS,
9½ Peachtree Street.

COTTON AND WEATHER.

Cotton—Middling uplands closed in Liverpool yesterday at 6 7-16; New York at 11⅝; in Atlanta at 11⅛.

Daily Weather Report.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE SIGNAL CORPS, U. S. A.,
U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE, June 9, 10:30 P.M.

All observations taken at the same moment of time at each place named.

Name of Station.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Dew Point.	Wind. Direction.	Wind. Force.	Rainfall.	Weather
Atlanta	29.87	69	62	N W	Fresh	.82	Cloudy.
Augusta	29.88	72	...	S W	Light	.34	Cloudy.
Key West	30.03	81	72	N	Light	.00	Clear.
Savannah	29.88	72	67	W	Light	....	Clear.

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

Time of observation.							
6:31 a m	29.95	73	67	W	Fresh	.00	Clear.
10:31 a m	29.92	80	66	W	Fresh	.00	Lt. Rain
2:31 p m	29.85	78	68	S	Fresh	.16	Thre't'g.
6:32 p m	29.87	68	64	S	Fresh	.00	Thre't'g.
10:31 p m	29.87	69	62	N W	Fresh	.82	Cloudy.

Mean daily bar	29.890	Maximum ther	80.0
" " ther	73.2	Minimum ther	65.0
" " hu'y	78.0	Total rainfall	.98

FOR INFORMATION AS TO
RAILROAD RATES, ROUTES, TIME, ETC.,
To any Part of the World
Apply to B. W. WRENN,
General Passenger Agent, Kennesaw Route.
3m Atlanta, Ga.

DIAMONDS,

Fine Jewelry, Silverware and Fancy Goods, newest Styles, Largest Stock and Lowest Prices. Send for illustrated Catalogue.

J. P. STEVENS & CO.,
ATLANTA, GA.

Special Notices.

WASHINGTON SEMINARY.

16 East Cain street.

The final examinations of this school were continued throughout last week. The exercises closed on Friday with three competitive drills in Calisthenics, several recitations, by members of the Elocution class, and the awarding of prizes and honor cards. The fall term of the Washington Seminary begins the first Monday in September.

JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY,

Baltimore.

Programmes of the work proposed in the University and Collegiate courses for the next academic year will be sent on application.

MEETINGS.

Masonic A.·. and A.·. Scottish Rite.

A regular meeting of Hennes Lodge No. 4, A.·. and A.·. Scottish Rite, will be held at Masonic hall on Tuesday night, June 10th, at 8 o'clock. Business of importance. A full attendance is desired. By order of the V.·. Master,
C. L. WILSON.
EDWARD L. VOORHES, Sec.

The members of the James bank committee are requested to meet this morning at the office of Mr. Cox at 8 o'clock sharp.

Metropolitan Street Railroad Company Stockholders' Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Metropolitan street railroad company will be held at the office of Julius L. Brown, room 2, Brown block, 28 Wall street, Atlanta, Ga., Saturday, June 21st, 1884, at 11 o'clock, a. m. A full attendance is much desired. JULIUS L. BROWN, President.

Order of the Golden Chain.

Atlanta Lodge, No. 5, Order of the Golden Chain meets to-night at 8 o' clock. A large attendance requested. Business of importance. The newly elected officers will be installed.
J. M. PONDER, Commander.
G. S. PRIOR, Secretary.

PERSONAL.

Dr. Gaston occupies the office vacated by Dr. Calhoun, No. 38 1-2 S. Broad street.

Dr. W. G. Browne, Dentist, has returned home from Elberton.

W. J. Hollingsworth, of Augusta, Georgia, passed through the city yesterday on a business tour to the west.

Miss Julia Irby yesterdoy returned from a pleasant visit to friends and relatives in Oglethorpe county.

Captain and Mrs. W. D. Grant and Miss Grant left yesterday for the eastern watering places.

Mrs. Julia L. Fitch, of Peekskill, New York, is visiting Mrs. Peeples, at 44 East Cain street.

Mr. Samuel White, of Atlanta, and Mrs. R. J. Dean, his sister, of Griffin, left last night for Knoxville. They will spend the summer visiting the springs and other resorts of East Tennessee.

Mr. James L. Bell and Wm. J. Pitts left yesterday for New York where they will purchase a full line of gents' furnishing goods. They will return in a few days and open in Healy's new building, No. 22 Peachtree street. They will be known as merchant tailors, gents' furnishers and manufacturers of shirts.

A Splendid Chance.

Attention is called to the advertisement of the Woodstock Iron company offering for sale their store building and stock of goods at Heflin, Alabama. This is a rare chance for investment.

A ROYAL CROSS.

A Lady Buys a Diamond Cross Worth $2,500.

One of the strongest evidences of the healthy condition of money matters in Atlanta was noted yesterday by a CONSTITUTION man as he passed down Whitehall. In Freeman & Crankshaw's show window was a superb diamond cross, containing eleven pure white stones, weighing one carat each. The cross was one of the most elegant ever brought to a southern market, and its value among the thousands. Desiring to learn just what it was really worth, the reporter went inside and sought Mr. James Freeman, one of the proprietors.

"That's a handsome cross," suggested the scribe.

"Yes, it is one of the finest ever seen in this city."

"What is it worth?"

"Twenty-five hundred dollars. It contains eleven one carat stones of the first water."

"Will you sell it here?"

"It is already sold."

"To whom?"

"To a lady. You will see it, perhaps, and recognize it sometimes on your rounds."

Mr. Freeman did not mention the lady's name, but who ever she is, she will be royally bedecked whenever she allows it to adorn her person. He assured the reporter that no such cross was ever sold in Atlanta, saying further that, the eleven stones were a curiosity, owing to thei' very great purity.

Charged With Beating Her Child.

Bettie Jackson, a negro woman, was yesterday arrested upon a warrant charging her with assault with intent to murder. The woman lives on Fort street, and has been in the habit of whipping her children severely. Sunday she beat one of them, a five-year-old girl, with a barrel stave until she almost killed her. Her arrest was caused by neighbors who were advised of the affair, and who found the child in a dangerous condition.

—FOR—
BLANK BOOKS, STATIONERY.
AND ALL OFFICE SUPPLIES,
—CALL AT—
LYNCH & LESTER'S.

PHOTOGRAPHS
—IN—
CLOUDY WEATHER AT MOTES

NEVER MIND THE WEATHER, I AM ALWAYS ready with my instantaneous process to make sittings rain or shine. Remember, the finest pictures are made on a cloudy day.

Some of the best photographs I have ever made have b n during the the recent protracted bad weathe

25 to 30 per cent discount if cash accompanies the order.

C. W. MOTES.

BARGAINS IN SECOND-HAND

PIANOS!

1 7	Octave Wm. Knabe & Co.		$175 00
1 6¾	"	Light & Bradbury	150 00
1 6	"	N. Y. Piano Co.	70 00
1 6½	"	H. Waters	40 00

All in perfect repair and order. Stool and Cover included. Must be sold at once to make room for new, now at depot.

Chickering, Kranich & Bach, Guild, R. M. Bent & Co., Vose & Son's

PIANOS.

Also Smith American, Wilcox & White, and Sterling

ORGANS

Sold for the next 30 days unusually low, for cash or on time. Call, or address
F. L. FREYER,
27 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.

David H. Dougherty.

It is about time to open out big drives in every department of Summer Goods to close them out. Keep your eye on the mark for I am now daily slaughtering prices on different lines of goods. To close out, Spot Cash is on the war path. Bargains are to be had and frequent visits are advisable.

David H. Dougherty.

I am exceedingly gratified at the large trade of the past week. Crowds of people came and the onslaught on lawns, satteens, towels, napkins, doylies, table linen, and especially on all kinds of summer dress goods was tremendous. Every customer went away pleased at the bargains made and all was merry as a marriage bell.

David H. Dougherty.

We will make a drive on silks, black and colored, this week. Let others quote prices, I will match goods, and undersell them. Spot Cash tells.

David H. Dougherty.

Some dealers advertise what seems to be astounding prices on a few pieces of goods, but I do not. I make the statement that I sell lower than any other house. The public believe this and come to my store, knowing they can buy a better grade of goods for less money for Spot Cash than the advertised catch prices.

David H. Dougherty.

Grand drives for this week in all Summer Goods.

SPOT CASH RULES THE DAY!

The ice cream festival under the auspices of the Young Ladies' missionary society of the First Presbyterian church will be repeated to-night. All the members of the congregation and friends cordially invited.

WAS IT A CYCLONE?

A Storm That Struck Terror to the Hearts of the Beholders.

It is possible that Atlanta narrowly escaped a cyclone yesterday—at any rate a very large number of people were very considerably frightened at the prospect. The day was clear until about ten o'clock when thick, black clouds over-spread the sky and soon rain began to fall. It was only an ordinary shower, however, and attracted no special attention. A cloudy sky hung over the city until about half past two At that hour, when the air was comparatively still a strip of black cloud was seen arising against the dull gray banks in the west. The black cloud was in a long strip and mounted higher and higher against the horizon, its rapid motion as it sailed like an immense bird toward the city, attracting many eyes. As the cloud appeared to be about over the western edge of the city and far above the earth the centre was seen to scoot toward the sky, and gradually the entire mass was sucked upward at about the same spot and disappeared. The gray clouds had by that time been put in motion and went sweeping overhead while following came a whisking wind and later on a furious rain. The wind appeared to change its course after it passed the city. While our vanes pointed due west parties who looked to the east saw the clouds sailing in a northern course. For a great while the most dazzling flashes of lightning and startling crashes of thunder kept the timid in intense dread. Flash after flash would whiz its zigzag course from the clouds toward the earth and cause shock after shock of thunder.

About a quarter after four a bright flash flew across the heavens from east to west and the quick clap which followed frightened all who heard it. The flash struck the Atlanta Baptist seminary on Elliott street, near Hunter, and knocked nearly all of one corner away. The roof was badly torn up and the plastering inside was knocked about generally. The flash struck the building soon after the pupils had left it, else some one might have been killed.

The lightning also struck a house at 73 Davis street and did considerable damage, and it is probable that it hit in other places but produced no serious results.

Shooting at a Thief.

Saturday night Mr. Galladay, a gentlemen who lives on Smith street, was awakened by a noise in his back yard. Arising from his bed and looking through his window he saw a thief deliberately robbing his chicken coop. This was more than Mr. Galladay could stand, so securing his pistol he crept to the back door and quietly opening it fired. The discharge was accompanied by a loud yell and at the same time the thief sprang away and jumping the fence took himself off. An examination of the place showed that the thief had killed two chickens by pulling their heads off. Mr. Galladay believes that his aim was good and that his bullet hit the thief. Yesterday the case was reported at police headquarters.

A Yardmasters' Convention.

The railroad yardmasters' mutual benefit association of the United States will meet in Atlanta tomorrow with probably not less than two or three hundred delegates in attendance. Every road of prominence will be represented. The meetings will be held in the Knights of Pythias hall. The convention will probably be in session two days.

A State Temperance Convention.

The committee having the matter in charge has issued a call for a grand temperance convention to meet in Atlanta on the fourth Thursday in July. The call is made by Mr. W. G. Whidby, who acts by authority of the executive committee. The indications are that the convention will be a very large one. It will be composed of all sorts of temperance people. The body will be in session two days.

Special Business Notices.

A CARD—To all who are suffering from error and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send self-addressed envelope to REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York.
mar 16 su tu th wky cow next rd ma

HIRSCH BROTHERS.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED AND OPENED THEIR STOCK OF

ELEGANT CLOTHING.

FOR MEN AND BOYS.

IN ALL THE LATEST SPRING STYLES

Our Display of handsome Goods in our Merchan Tailoring Department is unusually large and includes all the latest nobby designs introduced this season. We are prepared to please the most fastidious.

HIRSCH BROS.

42 and 44 WHITEHALL STREET.

OUR SPRING STOCK

IS COMPLETE IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

MEN'S, BOYS' & CHILDREN'S SUITS

IN GREAT VARIETY.

Suits Made to Order in the Best Style and at Popular Prices.

MUSE & SWIFT,

38 Whitehall Street.

FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW,

DIAMOND MERCHANTS!

31 WHITEHALL STREET,

ATLANTA, - - - - - GEORGIA.

AN OLD BUSINESS UNDER NEW CONTROL.

The Georgia Planing Mill

No. 136 EAST HUNTER STREET.

THE AFFAIRS OF STEPHEN TERRY HAVING BEEN TAKEN OUT OF THE RECEIVER'S HANDS and a new firm, under the style of G. W. Terry & Sons, having been formed, we desire to announce that we make and sell, cheap for cash, all kinos of Brackets, Mantles, Doors, Sash, Door and Window Frames, Mouldings, Weatherboarding and Flooring; also, do to order at lowest prices, Dressing, Matching, Beading, Resawing, Wood Turning and Scroll Sawing. A trial solicited. Don't forget the place: Hunter Street and Georgia Railroad, near Butler Street crossing.
G. W. TERRY,
STEPHEN TERRY,
G. W. TERRY, JR.
2su 7p or 8p

IN OUR NEW STORE.

We are at last in our New Store, 35 Whitehall, and with more and better room and better light, we are better prepared than ever before to serve our customers. We are receiving New Goods bought during the last few days under circumstances the most favorable for buying them low and are prepared to sell Clothing at prices lower than have ever been named for them before. Clothing for Men Boys' and Children at astonishingly low prices.

Our stock of Furnishing Goods is in elegant hape, having received large additions, during the present week, of Novelties in that line. Prices are right.

We have a splendid stock of Fur Hats, Soft and Stiff, also Cassimere, Silk and Straw, in all the late fashionable shapes, at prices that cannot be surpassed.

Our Merchant Tailoring Department is one of the most complete in the South, and with one of the finest Cutters in the country, we are prepared to give the most ample satisfaction in Goods and in Fit.

COME AND SEE US.

A. O. M. GAY,
Men's and Boy's Outfitter,
35 WHITEHALL STREET.

David H. Dougherty

will give special prices for this week on Hand chiefs, Gloves, White Fans, Silks, black and colored, all Dress Goods, Satteens figure Lawns and Linens, figured Towels, Napkind Table Linen and shoes. I invite you to call.s,

This is a straightforward, square, dignifiedly business like sale of cheap goods which is progressing here. No tricks! No imitation nonsense! No limit as to quality of anything offered, at

JOHN KEELY'S.

John Keely's offer of cheap goods is sincerely made. He has the goods and they are for sale. He never "baits" anybody with a few yards of something at a loss and hopes to make it up somewhere else. The more you take of his "bargains" the better he likes it, as he makes some profit on everything he sells.

Everything open! Plain sailing! No tricks, no limit as to quantity! Help yourself to as many yards of s "bargains" as you wish, at

JOHN KEELY'S.

David H. Dougherty.

The ladies will fairly rave with delight when they examine this week my beautiful pieces of

Figured Satteens, Figured Lawns
AND FIGURED LINENS.

These goods will make up very pretty and then the prices they are marked for spot cash are more satisfactory still. Big line of

DRESS GOODS

for the summer.

STATE OF GEORGIA, COUNTY OF FULTON—To the Honorable Superior Court of said county. The petition of Wm. Bornnemann, of Charleston, S. C., and J. C. Kirkpatrick, R. C. Clarke, T. J. Hightower, F. M. Coker, L. H. Beck, W. T. Ashford, T. L. Langston, W. J. Speer, R. H. Richards, Chas. M. Barnwell, J. W. Rucker, E. S. Ehney, L. P. Grant, John S. Clarke, W. B. Coffin, R. F. Maddox, C. W. Hunnicutt, J. C. Hallman, R. D. Spalding, W. L. Peel, W. Woods White, W. H. Snowden and Emory Speer, and their associates, all citizens of Georgia, respectfully shows that they have associated themselves together under the corporate name, "The Union Compress and Warehouse Company," of Atlanta, Georgia; that the object of their association is to engage in the business of compressing, shipping, storing and handling cotton, for themselves and for others, and to solicit the delivery of cotton to them, and to receive the same for the purposes aforesaid, and to solicit and to receive all other goods of every kind and description not inconsistent with the safe conduct of the business aforesaid, for storage or for sale on commission, to advance money on goods placed with them for sale or storage, and to do a general warehouse and storage business in every way that may seem to them profitable and best, and may be within the purview and intention of the law, and to have and enjoy all of the privileges usually had and enjoyed by corporations or private enterprises of a like character.

Your petitioners purpose to employ a capital of seventy-five thousand ($75,000) dollars, of which twenty-five (25) per cent has been actually paid in, divided into stock shares of one hundred dollars each, and they desire and hereby pray the authority to increase the capital stock, should it be found expedient to do so, to a sum not exceeding five hundred thousand ($500,000) dollars. The principal office of said company and the place where they desire to do business is in the city of Atlanta in said county, and they desire and pray to be incorporated in terms of the law for the full period of twenty (20) years, and that they may have the authority, by suitable rules and by-laws to be adopted by them, from time to time, and not in conflict with the chartered power sought, to govern themselves; to elect annually a president and board of directors, who shall have the power to call in the capital stock as it may be needed, to appoint or employ all other officers necessary to carry on the business, and that all elections and all business requiring a vote shall be voted by shares of one hundred ($100) dollars each.

Your petitioners further pray that they may have the authority to buy and own real estate and all other property which may be necessary in carrying on their said business, to contract and to be contracted with, to sue and to be sued, to have and use a common seal, the same to be altered or destroyed at pleasure, and that each stockholder shall be bound for the liabilities of said corporation to the full amount subscribed by him and no farther.

Your petitioners further pray that they may be allowed to do all and singular such other acts and exercise such other powers as may be necessary to fully and completely carry out the purposes of their association and such as are incident to similar corporations under the laws of Georgia. And your petitioners as in duty bound will ever pray.

EMORY SPEER,
Attorney for Petitioners.

Filed in office June 9th, 1884.
C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.

A true extract from the minutes.
4 tues C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.

MONTVALE SPRINGS,

BLOUNT COUNTY, EAST TENN.

THIS BEAUTIFUL SUMMER RESORT, THE house of seven gables, will be opened May 15th, 1884, with new furniture, excellent tables and telephone connections with Knoxville. Rates of board, $30 to $40 per month, $10 and $12 per week, according to rooms. Half price for children and nurses under ten years. Rates to families.
tu th sa J. C. ENGEL, proprietor.

David H. Dougherty.

No harm to examine other prices, but do not buy till you see the prices of the Spot Cash house, It is to your interest to do that and there is no need far me to urge it.

D. H. Dougherty.

Not only are we selling quantities of Drees Goods now, but my trade in Gloves, White Fans, and Handkerchiefs show that my prices have struck rock bottom. Spot cash is a great power.

D. H. Dougherty.

Among special drives for the week I shal place prominently figured Satteens, figured Lawns and figured Linens. I am determined on these to offer the rarest bargains of the season. I shall undersell everyone and invite comparison of quality and prices.

David H. Dougherty.

There is a great deal of talk about shirts and at low prices. My claim is that I undersell everybody in these goeds. I guarantee that I give the best material, the best workmanship, the best fit and the lowest prices on shirts for spot cash. SHIRTS ! SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

Foreign Steamships.

EUROPE.

Cook's Grand Excursions leave New York in April, May and June, 1884. **Passage Tickets** by all **Atlantic steamers.** Special facilities for securing **good berths. Tourist tickets** for individual travelers in **Europe**, by all routes, at reduced rates.

Cook's Excursionist, with Maps and full particulars, by mail 10 cents. Address
THOS. COOK & SON, 261 BROADWAY, N.Y
we sun

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

BAKER'S

Breakfast Cocoa.

Warranted *absolutely pure Cocoa*, from which the excess of Oil has been removed. It has *three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, easily digested, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

BIDS FOR LUMBER DEALERS.

OFFICE ATLANTA COLLECTIVE EXHIBIT,
ATLANTA, Ga., June 4, 1884.

ON BEHALF OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE of the Atlanta Collective exhibit, notice is hereby given that sealed bids will be received at my office until 12 o'clock noon, Saturday the 14th day of June, for the following bill of framing lumber for the Atlanta building to be erected at New Orleans:

225,000 feet of framing lumber, proportioned substantially as follows, delivered in the city of Atlanta within 30 days from 14th inst:

64 pieces 8x8, 24 feet long.
12 pieces 8x8, 20 feet long.
8 pieces 8x8, 28 feet long.
800 pieces 3x8, 24 feet long.
188 pieces 6x10, 20 feet long.
120 pieces 6x6, 20 feet long.
100 pieces 4x6, 20 feet long.
80 pieces 6x6, 20 feet long.
96 pieces 6x10, 24 feet long.
20 pieces 6x10, 20 feet long.
40 pieces 6x10, 18 feet long.
68 pieces 6x8, 38 feet long.
84 pieces 6x6, 24 feet long.
800 pieces 3x4, 20 feet long.
50,000 feet 2x10, 24 feet long.
45,000 feet 1x10, 20 feet long.

Let the bids be sealed and addressed to the undersigned, indorsed "bids for lumber for the Atlanta building."
T. M. BARNA,
1w Atlanta Commissioner.

City Taxes.

3 Per Cent Discount.

THE MAYOR AND GENERAL COUNCIL HAVE ordered me to allow a discount of three per cent on all city taxes paid before June 26th, 1884. This is a fine investment and can be made without any risk of losing the money invested. Don't wait for the last day for you may be crowded out.
D. A. COOK, City Tax Collector.

STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—TO the Superior Court of said county—The petition of I. W. Avery, A. H. Cox, Anthony Murphy, James Finley, John T. Hall, J. W. English, A. Q. Adams, Geo. B. Forbes, S. L. McBride, I. S. Boyd, respectfully shows that petitioners and those who may become associated with them, desire to become incorporated and be constituted a body corporate and politic under the laws of said state, for the term of twenty years, with the privilege of renewing their charter at the expiration of said term, under the name of "The Central Bank Block Association."

The purpose of said incorporation is to own, rent, lease and otherwise manage for profit a certain bank block in the city of Atlanta, known as the James' Bank Block and Hotel on Whitehall street in said city, and such other real estate as said corporation may purchase or acquire as well as any personal property, choses in action or equitable rights which said corporation may purchase or acquire, and to sell or lease or rent or loan or build or rebuild, and generally to manage any and all property or rights which may become vested in said corporation.

The capital stock of said company shall be four hundred thousand dollars and petitioners, their associates and successors by a majority vote of the stockholders at any regular meeting or called meeting for that purpose, shall have authority to increase or diminish the same as the business may require or authorize. Such original, increased or diminished stock shall be divided into shares of one hundred dollars each or fractions of such sums. The stockholders shall not be liable for any liability of said association except to the extent of the stock held by them.

That the place of business of said company shall be Atlanta, Georgia.

That said corporation or such shall have the power to elect a president and board of directors to represent said corporation and manage the business thereof, the power of making by-laws to regulate the business thereof, to fix the number of directors and the terms of their offices as well as that of president, the power of issuing interest bearing stock at the rates of legal interest or under, and to receive guarantees of the payment of such interest for valuable consideration; the power of suing and being sued, pleading and being impleaded; contracting and being contracted with; buying, holding, renting and disposing of real estate, personalty, choses in action, and all kinds of property or rights in and about the same in said state, and of making all contracts necessary to carry out the objects and purposes of its organization and such other and further powers and authority as may be allowed by the laws of said state. And petitioners as in duty bound will ever pray, etc.

HOKE SMITH,
A. H. COX,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

Filed in office June 9, 1884.
C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.

A true extract from the minutes.
tues C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.

SMITH'S

EXTRACT OF MAY FLOWER,

THE

STANDARD REMEDY

FOR ALL DISEASES OF THE

Bladder and Kidneys.

NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL.

Endorsed by Practicing Physicians

AND

APPROVED BY THE PUBLIC.

IT IS

WOMAN'S FRIEND.

Offered on its merits, not introduced to the the public by parading the names and nature of the complaints of those who have been benefited by its use.

Every bottle speaks for itself and is its own advertisement.

Ask your druggist for

SMITH'S

Extract of May Flower,

Sold all Around the World.

THE ELMS FAMILY AND DAY SCHOOL for GIRLS.
No. 141 High Street, Springfield, Mass.
Misses PORTER & CHAMPNEY, Principals.
Please send for circulars.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

MISS FREUDENTHAL, M. D,
SPECIALIST,
Treats all classes of diseases peculiar to woman. Consultation free. Office and dispensary No. 7½ North Broad, Room 5. Hours 9 to 12, 3 to 5 p. m.

DR. W. A. COOK,
Late of the New York Hospitals.
Practice limited to Skin Diseases, Cancers and Genito-Urinary troubles. Free consultations for the poor Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays, from 12 to 1 o'clock p. m. Office 48½ Marietta street.

Dentists and Dental Depot.

DRS. J. P. & W. R. HOLMES,
DENTISTS,
MACON, - - - - GEORGIA.
Publishers of DENTAL LUMINARY. The Macon Dental Depot, dealers in all kinds of Dental Goods.

DR. F. H. O'BRIEN,
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE,
156 South Pryor street.

W. R. JONES,
PRACTICAL SLATER,
And dealer in all kinds of Roofing Slate. Plain and Ornamental Roofing done in the best manner. Order left at 12 Loyd. P. O. Box 316, Atlanta, Ga.

T. G. Baylor. Henry Baylor.
BAYLOR & BAYLOR,
CIVIL ENGINEERS AND SURVEYORS,
Office No. 7 North Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.
Surveys made, estimates, plans and specifications furnished, and construction superintended for waterworks, bridges, canals, roads, railroads and all engineering works. Correspondence solicited.

R. M. CLAYTON,
CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Office No. 11 East Alabama Street.
Surveys and plats of real estate, measurements of excavation, calculations of water power, plans and specifications for the construction of county roads, bridges, etc., etc.
References: Col. L. P. Grant, Maj. Campbell Wallace, Capt. I. Y. Sage, Col. John T. Grant, Richard Peters, Esq., Wilkins, Post & Co.

EDMUND G. LIND,
ARCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT,
63 Whitehall street, over Schumann's Drug Store.

CHARLES T. MOORE,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,
Washington, D. C.
Practices in the United States Courts and gives special attention to cases before the departments. Correspondence solicited. Office, room 104 Corcoran building.

J. L. LAWTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
No. 24 CAPITOL BUILDING, Atlanta, Ga.
Correspondence solicited.

JOHN D. CUNNINGHAM AND GEO. G. SPANN
Attorneys at Law,
Office 5 and 6 Atlanta National Bank Building,
15 Alabama street, Alanta, Ga.

JOHN L. & G. B. TYE,
Attorneys at Law,
McDonough, Ga.

R. P. LATTNER,
Attorney at Law,
Gainesville, Ga.
Office, room No. 1 Dunlap building. A general law practice in the State and Federal Courts.

J. T. HOLLEMAN,
Attorney at Law,
Gainesville, Ga.

FULTON COLVILLE,
Attorney at Law,
No. 23½ Whitehall, Atlanta, Ga.

HUGH V. WASHINGTON,
Attorney at Law,
Office, 84 Mulberry street, Macon, Ga.
Special attention to collections for non-residents. Practice in all the state courts.

SOUTHWEST GEORGIA COLLECTING AGENCY
J. C. MATHEWS, Attorney at Law,
Americus, Ga., Manager.
Collections made on the following points: Americus, Albany, Fort Gaines, and all intermediate points. No charge unless collection is made.
References—Harrold Johnson & Co., Americus, Ga.; Wm. A. Haygood, Atlanta, Ga.

Wm. A. Haygood. E. W. Martin.
HAYGOOD & MARTIN,
Lawyers,
17½ Peachtree street, Atlanta, Ga.

JAMES W. HARRIS,
Attorney at Law,
Toccoa, Georgia.
Office, Room No. 5 Newman building. Will practice in all courts, state and federal.

N. J. Hammond. J. G. Zachry. T. A. Hammond.
HAMMOND, ZACHRY & HAMMOND,
Attorneys at Law,
21½ E. Alabama st., Atlanta, Georgia.
Practice in all the Courts.

W. Y. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law,
Newnan, Ga.

J. A. ANDERSON,
Attorney at Law,
Has removed his office to 16½ Whitehall street, where he will be pleased to have his friends favor him with business calls.

JAS. L. MAYSON,
Attorney at Law,
(With Jackson & King,)
36½ Alabama street, Room No. 3,
Atlanta, Georgia.

EMORY SPEER,
Attorney at Law,
Will appear in causes in the State and U. S. Courts, except where United States government is a party. Office—Rooms United States Attorney, Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

H. W. J. HAM,
Attorney at Law and Real Estate
Agent and Dealer, Gainesville, Ga.

A. R. Wright. Max Myerhardt. Seaborn Wright.
WRIGHT, MYERHARDT & WRIGHT,
Attorneys at Law,
Rome, Georgia.
Collections a Specialty.

A Single Fact

IS WORTH A SHIP-LOAD OF

ARGUMENT.

CARTERSVILLE, GA.

This will certify that two members of my immediate family, after having suffered for many years from menstrual irregularity, and having been treated without benefit by various medical doctors, were at length completely cured by one bottle of Dr. J. Bradfield's Female Regulator. Its effect on such cases is truly wonderful, and well may the remedy be called "Woman's Best Friend."
Yours respectfully,
JAMES W. STRANGE.

ENTIRE AND ABSOLUTE SUCCESS.

Major John C. Whitner, of Atlanta, well and favorably known all over the United States as a General Insurance Agent, says: "I used this remedy before the war on a large plantation in a great number of cases, always with absolute success."

Dr. J. Davis, of Milltown, Ala., writes: "Have used Bradfield's Regulator extensively in my practice with entire success. If it is not a specific, it is, in my opinion, the best known remedy for the diseases for which it is recommended."

A lady of Bonham, Texas, writes: "I have been using your Female Regulator for several weeks and with great benefit. My case is of long standing, and has baffled many physicians. I have tried every medicine I could hear of, but the Regulator is the only one that has ever relieved my distressing sufferings."

NOTASULGA, ALA.

Dr. J. Bradfield's Female Regulator has been thoroughly tested by me in a great variety of cases, and I am fully convinced that it is unrivaled for hat class of diseases which it claims to cure.
J. C. HUSS, M.D.

Treatise on the Health and Happiness of Woman mailed free to applicants.
THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.,
Box 28, Atlanta, Ga.

Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture.
M'f'd only by the Evans Chemical Co. Cincinnati, Ohio.

We cordially recommend your G as the best remedy known to us for Gonorrhoea and Gleet. We have sold considerable, and in every case it has given satisfaction.
ALCOTT & LISK,
Hudson, N.Y.

LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR, Wholesale Agent

THE

VOLUME XVI.

CANDIDATES IN BLOOM

THE DEMOCRATIC LEADERS COM
ING TO THE FRONT.

General Slocum Enters the Race, and Goes to N
York to Consult With Friends—McDonald
Reviving Hope Cleveland Delegates
Appointed in Maine.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—[Special.]—Dem
cratic presidential candidates are springi
up in Washington every day, on their faith
the report that Tilden will decline. Gener
Slocum's friends have recently been indu
triously canvassing his claims. It is said
had a consultation with McDonald to-day, a
agreed to allow the use of his name for t
second place on the ticket, with McDonald
its head, which should receive the support
their friends in the convention. General Sl
cum has gone to New York to rally h
strength there. He has the presidential fev
in the most pronounced form. McDonald,
is said, is much encouraged by assurances
has received since he came to Washingto
Conspicuous among those understood to
warmly advocating his claims are Speak
Carlisle.

The first district democratic convention
Maine to-day chose Cleveland delegates
the national convention at Chicago.

GEORGIA POLITICS IN WASHINGTON.

Messrs. Holden and Walter Johnson ha
renewed their efforts to have Mr. Farrow no
inated for district judge. Messrs. Buck, Br
ant and Speer are expected here to-morrow
aid in the advocacy of his claims. The pre
dent can have no reason for delaying acti
now, that the convention is past, and I lo
for Farrow's nomination within the next t
days.

IN SECRET SESSION.

The Senate Closes Its Doors to Consider t
Diplomatic Bill.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—The chair laid
fore the senate Beck's resolution of yesterda
directing the committee on judiciary to rep
back with its recommendation, the bill refer
to it in December, 1883, providing for gene
relief from political disabilities, under t
fourteenth amendment.

Mr. Beck explained that he w
informed that the work alrea
before that committee was
considerable that it would not be best
press the resolution at this time. He the
fore withdrew it.

Mr. Garland said all the applications for
lief had been favorably and unanimously
ported on by the committee.

The Mexican pension bill was taken
The amendments offered by Mr. Harris
intended to limit the beneficiaries of the
to those who had seen service, were on
tion of Mr. Brown, laid on the table. T
pensions bill was displaced by the regular
der.

THE CONSULAR AND DIPLOMATIC BILL.

The Utah bill, which was informally
aside to admit of the consideration of the c
sular and diplomatic appropriation bill,
then taken up.

The bill was read by the secretary, and
amendments proposed by the senate commit
were agreed to, with only the interposition o
occasional remarks of inquiry and explana
tion, except as to the provision appropriatin
$250,000 to meet the expenses attendant upo
the execution of the neutrality act. When this
provision was reached in its order, it was h
in abeyance until the remaining provisi
were disposed of. On these being agreed
Mr. Allison moved that the sen
now proceed to the consideration of
clause referred to, and that for t
purpose, the doors of the senate be closed a
the galleries were cleared in accordance w
rule thirty-five. In compliance with the
quest of several senators, the rule referred
was read. It is as follows: "On motion m
and seconded, to close the doors of the sena
for the discussion of any business which m
in the opinion of the senator, require secre
the presiding officers shall direct the galler
to be cleared, and during the discussion
such motion, the doors shall remain closed."

Mr. Allison's motion having been seconde
the chair ordered the galleries to be clear
and the doors of the senate closed.

Mr. Conger asked that the proposition
which it was asked to have the doors closed
read.

The presiding officer (Mr. Harris) said
senator from Michigan was out of order.

Mr. Conger, appealingly—But, Mr. Pre
dent—

Several senators, severely—Order.

The presiding officer, firmly—The sena
from Michigan is out of order.

Mr. Conger, pleasantly—Well, the sena
from Michigan will get in order.

The presiding officer—I hope so.

The senate then at 3:30 p. m. went i
secret session.

The deliberations continued with clos
doors till 6:10 p. m., when the senate a
journed.

During the consideration of the bill in op
session, Mr. McPherson endeavored, witho
objection from Mr. Allison, to secure the tran
fer of the Barbary states consulship from $2,0
to the $2,500 class.

Mr. McPherson said he did not favor par
mony.

Mr. Beck thought the senate would ha
trouble enough in getting the bill passed i
a law without making this change.

Mr. Allison said the house of representati
had made no appropriation at all for t
consulship, but the senate committee thoug
it ought not to be dispensed with, and had i
serted last year's figures.

Mr. Hale remarked that there had b
several consuls to the states named, but th
number had from time to time been reduc
by the house until now that body h
endeavored to cut off the last one. This o
was entitled to a higher rank and pay than
was getting at present, but in view of t
difficulty which would doubtless be experienc
in agreeing upon a bill after it should ha
passed the senate, Mr. Hale thought it wi
not to press the increase.

Mr. Miller, of Colorado, was of the sa
opinion.

Mr. McPherson accordingly withdrew h
motion.

In the course of the debate on the Mexic
pensions bill, Mr. Morgan said that he knew
would take some money to pay the service pe
sion to the soldiers of the late war, but if
were in the senate when it should be propos
to pay such pension, he would vote for it. T
people he represented had had some share
making that service necessary, and would n
withhold their hand whenever the people
the north concluded to pay the pensions for t
service. He thought, however, that the pe
sion should be collected by a tax on spirits.

THE GEORGIA RIVERS.

Ineffectual Efforts to Increase the Appr
priations.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—[Special.]—T
Georgia members did their best to-day to i
duce the committee of the whole to increa
the amounts reported for the Georgia rivers a
harbors. Mr. Hardeman made a special
strong plea for Brunswick, which receives on
$10,000, though the engineer's report is th
$75,000 is needed. He had a good vote wi
him, but failed, because the house seems
have made up its mind to stick to the commi
tee's figures. Savannah gets $50,000, and M
Nicholls found all efforts to increase it un
vailing.

Mr. Nicholls told me to-day that he had
idea of being a candidate for re-election.
thinks some Savannah man will be nominate